





Annual Report 2023



Contents

92

94

Proxy Form

Proxy Form in Urdu

02 Company Information 03 Notice of Meeting 07 Vision, Mission Statement 08 Core Values 09 Chairman's Review 10 Directors 'Profile 13 Forward-Looking Statements 14 Horizontal Analysis - P&L and B/S *15* Vertical Analysis - P&L and B/S 16 Directors' Report 22 Stakeholders' Information 23 Summary of Cash Flow Statement 24 DuPont Analysis *25* Ouarterly Analysis *26* Sensitivity Analysis and Statement of Value Added *27* Independent Auditor's Review Report 28 Statement of Compliance 30 Independent Auditor's Report to Members 34 Statement of Financial Position *35* Statement of Profit or Loss 36 Statement of Comprehensive Income 37 Statement of Cash Flows 38 Statement of Changes in Equity 39 Notes to the Financial Statements 81 Pattern of Shareholding 88 Directors' Report in Urdu 89 Chairman's Review in Urdu 90 Request Form for Dividend Mandate 91 Request Form for Hard Copy of Financial Statements

Company Information

Board of Directors		Bankers/AMCs
Chairman		Citibank, N.A.
Mr. Michael Fergus O'Riordan	Non-Executive	Habib Bank Ltd.
		Meezan Bank Ltd.
Chief Executive & Managing Director		MCB Bank Ltd.
Mr. Humair Ijaz	Executive	MCB Islamic Bank Ltd.
•		National Bank of Pakistan
Members:		Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Ltd.
Mr. James D. Gray	Non-Executive	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Mr. Marcel Hergett		Al-Meezan Investment Management Ltd.
Ms. Tanya Jaeger de Foras		UBL Funds Management Ltd.
Mr. Zulfikar Mannoo		MCB Investment Management Ltd.
Mian M. Adil Mannoo		
Mr. Wisal A. Mannoo		Auditors
Mr. Tahir Jawaid		KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co.
	Non-Executive	Chartered Accountants
Mr. Kamran Yousuf Mirza	- Independent &	Lahore – Karachi
	Non-Executive	
Mr. Adil Saeed Khan		Legal Advisor
THE FIGHT SHOOT TENENT	_ DACCUITO	M. Ali Seena
Chief Financial Officer		C/o Surridge & Beecheno,
Mr. Adil Saeed Khan		Karachi-74000
		Karacin- / 4000
Company Secretary		Shares Registrar
Mr. Mustafa Kamal Zuberi		FAMCO Share Registration Servives (Pvt.) Ltd.
		8-F, Near Hotel Faran, Nursery,
Audit Committee		Block-6, P.E.C.H.S., Shahrah-e-Faisal,
Mr. Kamran Yousuf Mirza	_ Chairman	
Mr. James D. Gray	Member	Karachi-75400
Mr. Marcel Hergett		Tel:(92-21) 34380101-5
Ms. Tanya Jaeger de Foras		Fax: (92-21) 34380106
Mr. Zulfikar Mannoo	Member	E-mail: info.shares@famcosrs.com
Mr. Kamran Anjum		
		Registered Office & Shares Department
Human Resource & Remuneration Committ	ee ee	Rakh Canal East Road, Faisalabad,
Mr. Tahir Jawaid		Ph: (92-41) 8540121-22-23
Mr. Michael Fergus O'Riordan		Fax: (92-41) 8711016 - 8502197
Ms. Tanya Jaeger de Foras		Website: www.rafhanmaize.com
Mr. Humair Ijaz		E-mail: corporate@rafhanmaize.com
Mian M. Adil Mannoo		2 man. corporate agramama 20.00m
Ms. Mehwish Iftikhar		Plants:
Wis. Wienwish Hukhar	Secretary	rants.
Operations Committee		Rakh Canal Plant:
Mr. Michael Fergus O'Riordan	- Chairman	Rakh Canal East Road,
Ms. Tanya Jaeger de Foras		Faisalabad-38860.
Mr. Tahir Jawaid		
Mr. Humair Ijaz		Ph: (92-41) 8540121-22-23
Mr. Wisal A. Mannoo		Fax: (92-41) 8711016 - 8502197
TVIII VVIDALTII IVIAIIIIOO	1/10111001	Commission Disease
		Cornwala Plant:
Shares Transfer Committee		5-KM Jaranwala-Khurrianwala Road,
Mr. Humair Ijaz	_ Chairman	Jaranwala - 37250.
Mr. Adil Saeed Khan		Ph: (92-41) 4710121 & 23-27
Mr. Mustafa Kamal Zuberi		
	<i>J</i>	Mehran Plant:
		K.B. Feeder Road, Kotri,
		Iomehoro 76000

Jamshoro-76090.

Ph: (92-223) 870894 - 98

Notice of Meeting

Notice is hereby given that the 135th General Meeting (Annual Ordinary) of the shareholders of Rafhan Maize Products Co. Limited will be held on Monday, April 22, 2024 at 03:00 p.m. at the Company's Head Office, Rakh Canal East Road, Faisalabad to transact the following business:

- 1. To confirm minutes of the last General Meeting (Ordinary) of the shareholders of the Company held on Tuesday, April 27, 2023 at Faisalabad.
- 2. To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2023 together with the Directors' and Auditors' Reports thereon.
- 3. To approve final cash dividend of Rs.100/- per ordinary share of Rs.10/- i.e. 1,000% for the year ended December 31,2023 as recommended by the Board of Directors.
- 4. To appoint auditors and fix their remuneration. The present auditors Messrs KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co., Chartered Accountants, retire and being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment. The Board of Directors, on recommendations of the Audit Committee, has proposed appointment of Messrs KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co., Chartered Accountants for the year ending December 31, 2024 along with half year review.

Faisalabad. April 01, 2024 By order of the Board

Mustafa Kamal Zuberi Chief Legal Officer & Company Secretary

Notes:

- 1. The Shares Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from 16th April to 22nd April, 2024 (both days inclusive) and no transfer will be accepted for registration during this period.
- 2. A member entitled to attend, speak and vote at the meeting shall be entitled to appoint another person as his/her proxy to attend, speak and vote instead of him/her, and a proxy so appointed shall have such rights with respect to attending, speaking and voting at the meeting as are available to a member. Proxies in order to be effective must be received by the Company not less than 48 hours before the meeting. A proxy need not be a member of the Company. Form of proxy is attached.
- 3. Physical shareholders are requested to notify change of address, if any, to the Company's Shares Registrar immediately.
- 4. CDC shareholders desiring to attend the meeting are requested to bring their original Computerized National Identity Cards, Account and Participant's ID numbers, for identification purposes, and in case of proxy, to enclose an attested copy of his/her CNIC.

IMPORTANT NOTES TO SHAREHOLDERS

Please go through the following notes. It will be appreciated if you please respond to your relevant portion at the earliest -

CNIC No.

Members are requested to submit a copy of their valid CNIC (only physical shareholders), if not already provided to the Shares Registrar of the Company. Corporate account holders should submit National Tax Number, if not yet submitted. In case of non-submission of CNIC/NTN Certificate (copy), all future dividends will be withheld.

Dividend Mandate/E-Dividend

In accordance with the provisions of Section 242 of the Companies Act, 2017, a listed company, is required to pay cash dividend to the shareholders ONLY through electronic mode directly into the bank account designated by the entitled shareholders.

In order to receive dividends directly into their bank account, shareholders are requested to fill in Dividend Mandate Request Form available at Company's website www.rafhanmaize.com and send it duly signed along with copy of CNIC to the Shares Registrar of the Company, in case of physical shares. In case the shares are held in CDC, then the Form must be submitted directly to shareholder's broker/participant/CDC Account Services.

In case of non-receipt of the above information, the Company will be constrained to withhold payment of dividend to such shareholders.

Transmission of Annual Audited Financial Statements via QR enabled code

Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) vide its SRO No.389(1)/2023 dated March 21, 2023 has allowed companies to circulate the annual audited financial statements to its members through QR enabled code and weblink instead of through CD/DVD/USB. the same was approved by the shareholders In Company's Annual General Meeting held on April 27, 2023.

Annual Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended December 31, 2023 have been placed on the Company's website which can be accessed/downloaded from the following weblink/QR code:

https://rafhanmaize.com/wp-content/uploads/2024/04/Annual-Report-2023.pdf



However, shareholders who wish to receive the hard copy of Annual Audited Financial Statements along with notice of general meeting shall have to fill the request form which is available at Company's website www.rafhnmaize.com and send it to our Shares Registrar or Company Secretary at their respective mailing addresses given at the end of this notice.

Unclaimed Shares/Unpaid Dividend

In compliance of Section 244 of the Companies Act 2017, a Final Notice was given by the Company on March 27, 2018 that the shares of Rafhan Maize Products Co. Ltd./dividend declared by the Company, details whereof are appearing on the Company's website www.rafhanmaize.com have remained unclaimed or unpaid for a period of three years from the date these have become due and payable. In case of non-receipt of any claim from the respective shareholders to above referred Final Notice, the company shall proceed to deposit the unclaimed/unpaid amount with the Federal Government pursuant to the provisions of sub-section 2 of section 244 of the Companies Act 2017.

Deduction of Income Tax from Dividend under Section 150

Pursuant to the provisions of the Finance Act, 2019, effective July 1, 2019, the rates of deduction of withholding tax from dividend payments under the Income Tax Ordinance have been revised as under:

For filers of income tax returns	15%
For non-filers of income tax returns	30%

To enable the Company to make tax deduction on the amount of cash dividend @15% instead of 30%, all the shareholders whose names are not entered into the Active Taxpayers List (ATL) provided on the website of FBR, despite the fact that they are filers, are advised to make sure that their names are entered into ATL before the date for payment of any future cash dividend otherwise tax on their cash dividend will be deducted @30% instead of 15%.

Further, according to clarification received from Federal Board of Revenue (FBR), withholding tax will be determined separately on 'Filer/Non-Filer' status of Principal shareholder as well as Joint-holder(s) based on their shareholding proportions, in case of joint accounts.

In this regard, all shareholders who hold shares jointly are requested to provide shareholding proportions of Principal shareholder and Joint-holder(s) in respect of shares held by them, if not provided yet, to our Shares Registrar at the earliest, in writing as follows, otherwise it will be assumed that shares are equally held:

Company Name	Folio/CDS	Total	Principal	Shareholder	Joint Sl	hareholder
	A/C #	Shares	Name & CNIC #	Shareholding Proportion (No. of Shares)	Name & CNIC #	Shareholding Proportion (No. of Shares)

In another clarification by Federal Board of Revenue, valid tax exemption certificate for claim of exemption U/S 150, 151 and 233 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 is required where statutory exemption under Clause 47B of Part-IV of the Second Schedule is available. Such certificate U/S 159(1) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 issued by concerned Commissioner of Inland Revenue is to be produced to avail tax exemption.

For any query/problem/information, the investors may contact the Company and/or the Shares Registrar at the phone numbers/e-mail addresses given at the end of this notice.

The corporate shareholders having CDC accounts are required to have their National Tax Number (NTN) updated with their respective participants, whereas corporate physical shareholders should send a copy of their NTN certificate to the Company or its Shares Registrar M/s FAMCO Share Registration Services (Pvt.) Ltd. The shareholders while sending NTN or NTN certificates, as the case may be, must quote Company name and their respective folio numbers.

Centralized Cash Dividend Register (CCDR)

Central Depository Company (CDC) has developed Centralized Cash Dividend Register (CCDR), an eServices web portal which would incorporate details pertaining to cash dividends paid, unpaid or withheld by listed companies. The CCDR will help to maintain history of dividends paid to shareholders by listed companies and access of all such information will be provided to the respective shareholders. The web portal will facilitate shareholders of listed companies in retrieving details of cash dividends from the centralized register and using the same for their record purposes.

You may access CCDR via https://eservices.cdcaccess.com.pk. In addition, the Dividend / Zakat & Tax Deduction Report can also be obtained directly from your Participant (stock broker) which has been provided to them on their CDS terminals. Moreover, you will also receive a copy of this report on your provided/registered e-mail addresses.

Deposit of Physical Certificates in CDC Account

As per Section 72 of Companies Act, 2017, every listed company shall be required to replace its physical certificates with book-entry form in a manner as may be specified and from the date notified by the commission, within a period not exceeding four years from the commencement of this Act.

The Shareholders having physical shares are encouraged to open the CDC sub-account with any of the brokers or investor Account directly with CDC to place their physical certificates into scripless form.

Participation in AGM

SECP vide its Circular No.4 of 2021 dated February 15, 2021, has made a regular feature to participate in General Meeting through electronic means. Considering the SECP's directives, the Company intends to convene this AGM with minimal physical interaction of shareholders while ensuring compliance with the quorum requirements and requests the Members to consolidate their attendance at the AGM through proxies to safeguard and protect their wellbeing.

Therefore, the Company has made arrangements to ensure that all participants, including shareholders, can now participate in the AGM proceeding via video-link. For this, Members are required to email their Name, Folio Number and Number of Shares held in their names with subject "Registration for RAFHAN AGM" at corporate@rafhanmaize.com. Video-link and login credentials will be shared with only those Members whose emails, containing all the required particulars, are received at the given email address by or before 3:00 p.m. on April 20, 2024. The Shareholders can also provide their comments and questions for the agenda items of the AGM on Email at corporate@rafhanmaize.com. Members are, therefore, encouraged to attend the AGM through video-link or by consolidating their attendance through proxies.

Consent for Video Conference Facility

Members can also avail video conference facility at Lahore and Karachi. In this regard, please fill the following request and submit to registered address of the Company 10 days before holding of general meeting.

If the company receives consent from members holding in aggregate 10% or more shareholding residing at a geographical location, to participate in the meeting through video conference at least 10 days prior to date of meeting, the company will arrange video conference facility in that city subject to availability of such facility in that city.

The Company will intimate members regarding venue of video conference facility at least 5 days before the date of general meeting along with complete information necessary to enable them to access such facility.

I/We,	of	being a member of	f Rafhan Maize Products Co. Limited
holder of	Ordinary Shares as per	r Registered Folio No	hereby opt for video conference
facility at	·		
			Signature of Member

Company Contact:

Mr. Mustafa Kamal Zuberi Chief Legal Officer & Company Secretary Rafhan Maize Products Co. Limited, Rakh Canal East Road, Faisalabad. Tel.No.041-8540121 – Ext.226 & 348 E-mail: corporate@rafhanmaize.com

Shares Registrar:

Mr. Nadeem Amjad M/s FAMCO Share Registration Services (Pvt.) Ltd. 8-F, Near Hotel Faran, Nursery, Block-6, PECHS, Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi. Tel. No. 021-34380101-05 & 34384621-23 (Ext.104) E-mail:info.shares@famcosrs.com



Vision

To be the Premier Provider of Refined Agriculturally based Products and Ingredients in the Region.

Mission Statement

To grow business consistently through positive relationship with customers to attain full customer satisfaction and to bring continual improvement by adopting only those business practices which add value to our customers, employees and shareholders.

Core Values



We actively work to safeguard and enable the wellbeing of our people, the quality of our products, and our reputation for trust and integrity.



We earn the right to be customer-preferred by delivering mutual enduring value at every touchpoint of the customer experience.



We embrace diversity and proactively foster an inclusive work environment where each person is valued and feels inspired to contribute their best.



We courageously strive for breakthrough innovations driven by our relentless curiosity, bold thinking, speed of decision-making, and agile execution.



We think and act like owners-where everyone takes personal responsibility to anticipate challenges, proactively search for opportunities, and make decisions that are in the best interest of the company.

Chairman's Review

I am pleased to provide an overview of Rafhan Maize Products Company Limited's performance and the crucial role played by the Board in achieving our objectives.

The IMF's recent downgrade of Pakistan's growth forecast for 2024 underscores economic challenges, emphasizing the need for targeted reforms. The unprecedented political and economic challenges, PKR depreciation with inflation impacting consumer purchasing demand. However, the global economic outlook remains optimistic. The State Bank of Pakistan addressed inflation by raising the policy rate to 22%. Despite challenges, we remain optimistic about the resilience of the Pakistan's economy and anticipate a rebound.

During this challenging period, the Board played a pivotal role, in maintaining company's leadership position and delivering an impressive 11% revenue growth, reaching a historic PKR 65.4 billion. This proactive approach helped mitigate cost inflation, resulting in a 12% bottom-line growth.

We are confident in our business's ability to navigate current challenges. With a strong and agile management team and an experienced Board, we will lead initiatives to sustain growth, pursue strategic expansion, improve shareholder value, and enhance overall company performance.

I extend my gratitude to all Board members for their ongoing guidance. Leveraging diverse knowledge, expertise, and skills, the Board consistently reviews the company's business and strategy, advising on key areas such as strategic planning, resource utilization, financial performance, talent management, and operational capabilities. I appreciate the Board's contribution to delivering another strong year.

Michael Fergus O'Riordan Chairman

mpo kinda

February 28, 2024

Directors' Profile

MICHAEL FERGUS O'RIORDAN

Chairman

Non-Executive Director

He joined the Board of Rafhan Maize on March 3, 2021as a director and was appointed chairman of the Board on March 2, 2023. He represents Ingredion Incorporated, the parent company, on the Board. At Ingredion Incorporated, he is the Regional President, EMEA and has responsibility for the growth and commercial success of the business in Pakistan, Europe, Middle East, and Africa. Prior to 2021, he was based in the USA leading different strategic acquisition, integration, and specialty growth assignments.

He holds a Master's Degree in Chemical and Process Engineering from Newcastle University in the UK; and a Master's degree in Business Administration from the Maastricht School of Management in the Netherlands and Washington D.C. University in the USA.

Office Address

Ingredion Germany GmbH, Gruner Deich-110, Hamburg-20097, Germany.

MARCEL HERGETT

Non-Executive Director

He joined the Board of Rafhan Maize on March 2, 2023 and represents Ingredion Incorporated, the parent company, on the Board. At Ingredion, he is Senior Finance Director, EMEA since April 01, 2019.

He holds a University Degree of Accountancy and Tax from University of Cologne, Albertus-Magnus-Platz, Köln, Germany.

Office Address

Ingredion Germany GmbH, Gruner Deich-110, Hamburg-20097, Germany.

JAMES D. GRAY

Non-Executive Director

He joined the Board of Rafhan Maize on July 4, 2017. He is also a member of the Board's Audit Committee. He represents Ingredion Incorporated, the parent company, on the Board. At Ingredion Incorporated, he is Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer since March 1, 2017. Prior to that, he served as Vice President, Corporate Finance and Planning, North America from 2014 to March 1, 2017. He is also a member of Ingredion Incorporated Executive Leadership Team. Prior to joining Ingredion Incorporated, he worked for PepsiCo in several positions, including Chief Financial Officer, Gatorade and Propel Business; Vice President, Franchise Business; and Vice President, Merger Transformation.

Mr. Gray holds a Bachelor's Degree in Business Administration from the University of California, Berkeley and graduated with distinction with a Master's Degree in Business Administration from the Kellogg School of Management, Northwestern University in Evanston, Illinois.

Office Address

Ingredion Incorporated, 5 Westbrook Corporate Center, Westchester, IL 60154, U.S.A.

TANYA JAEGER DE FORAS

Non-Executive Director

Ms. Tanva joined Board of Rafhan Maize on February 18. 2022. She represents Ingredion Incorporated, the parent company, on the Board. At Ingredion, she is Chief Legal Officer, Corporate Secretary and Chief Compliance Officer and a member of Its Executive Leadership Team. Tanya has a wealth of diverse legal and international experience, having held senior- level leadership roles with major multinational companies, including Pfizer Inc, Luxottica SpA, and most recently Whirlpool Corporation. Over her long legal career, Tanya has worked in a wide range of industries, including consumer durables, pharma, healthcare, and retail and luxury goods. She has more than 20 years of experience serving on global, regional, and functional leadership teams managing legal projects and issues in the United States, Canada, EMEA, Asia, and Latin America, while being based in the United States or Europe at different times in her career.

Prior to her career in corporate law, Tanya worked for four years with the well-recognized law firm Sullivan & Cromwell in both New York and Paris, as well as having served as a litigation paralegal before law school. Tanya has a Bachelor's degree in Foreign Service from Georgetown University and a Doctorate in law from Harvard Law School.

Office Address

Ingredion Incorporated, 5 Westbrook Corporate Center, Westchester, IL 60154, U.S.A.

Directors' Profile

HUMAIR IJAZ

Chief Executive & Managing Director Executive Director

Mr. Humair Ijaz joined the Board of Rafhan Maize on May 16, 2022. He has over 30 years of experience. Before joining RAFHAN Maize, he has been working with ICI since 1993 in various businesses including Paints, Soda Ash, Pharmaceuticals and PTA. He has in-depth experience in Supply Chain, IT and Sales. He played an important role in reshaping the commercial activities of the PTA Business and in 2015 he was appointed as Chief Executive of LOTTE Chemical Pakistan Limited. The company made a great turnaround in operations and profitability during his tenure.

He completed his Bachelor's in Electrical Engineering and MBA (Finance) from Virginia Tech, USA, and is a certified Director of Corporate Governance from Pakistan Institute of Corporate Governance (PICG).

Office Address

Rafhan Maize Products Co. Ltd., Rakh Canal East Road, Faisalabad.

ZULFIKAR MANNOO

Non-Executive Director

He joined the Board of Rafhan Maize in 1990. He is alumnus of The Wharton School, University of Pennsylvania and Aitchison College, Lahore. He is also a member of the Board's Audit Committee and Human Resource & Remuneration Committee. He represents minority shareholders on the Board.

He also holds directorship of Unilever Pakistan Foods Ltd. and is a member of both the Audit and Human Resource & Remuneration Committees. He also holds directorship (Independent) of Maple Leaf Cement Factory Ltd. Additionally, he is the Chief Executive of Pakwest Industries (Pvt.) Ltd., an artificial leather manufacturing business.

Office Address

Pakwest Industries (Pvt.) Ltd., 1st Floor, Ghani Chambers, Patiala Ground, Link McLeod Road, Lahore.

ADIL SAEED KHAN

Executive Director

Mr. Adil joined the board of Rafhan Maize on August 23, 2021. He is a qualified Chartered Accountant from Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP) with over 20 years of experience in diversified business disciplines both in industry and professional services. Presently he is holding the position of Chief Financial Officer of the Company. He is also a member of the Board's Shares Transfer Committee. Previously, he has worked with Reckitt Benckiser Pakistan Ltd., Tri-Pack Films Ltd., Castrol Pakistan Pvt. Ltd and Price water house Coopers (PwC).

Office Address

Rafhan Maize Products Co. Ltd., Rakh Canal East Road, Faisalabad.

MIAN M. ADIL MANNOO

Non-Executive Director

He joined the Board of Rafhan Maize in 1985. He is graduate and alumnus of Aitchison College, Lahore. He is engaged in textile business for the last 31 years. He is also a member of the Board's Human Resource & Remuneration Committee. He represents minority shareholders on the Board.

He also holds directorship of Unilever Pakistan Foods Ltd. and is also a member of the Board's Audit Committee.

Office Address

H.N. Enterprises Rakh Canal East Road, Opp: Rafhan Maize Products Co. Ltd., Faisalabad.

Directors' Profile

WISAL A. MANNOO

Non-Executive Director

He joined the Board of Rafhan Maize in 2006. He is an alumnus of Syracuse University and Aitchison College, Lahore. He has been active in the textiles industry for the last 43 years. He is also a member of the Board's Operations Committee. He represents minority shareholders on the Board.

He is also a Member of Executive Committee of All Pakistan Textile Mills Association (APTMA).

Office Address

Wisal Kamal Fabrics, 11E-2, Main Gulberg, Lahore.

TAHIR JAWAID

Independent & Non-Executive Director

Mr. Tahir joined the Board of Rafhan Maize on September 07, 2018. He is the Chairman of the Board Human Resource and Remuneration Committee. An engineer by profession, Tahir Jawaid has over 35 years of experience and expertise in Fertilizer, Petrochemical, Technology & Power Sector.

Currently, working as consultant for a Global HR Consulting firm August Leadership to develop Capacity & Capability in operations organization to support partners across various geographies. Involved with various academic Institutions namely, IOBM, Habib University, The Hunar Foundation & Pakistan Society for Training & Development for guidance on Industry & Academia linkages.

During his professional career, he held key roles in Management of HR, Project Development, O&M, Planning, Materials Warehouse Management, Maintenance Management Systems & Technology based solutions. Extensive board & board committees experience in public & private companies.

Mr. Jawaid obtained MS in Industrial Engineering from the University of Houston, USA, and BS in Mechanical Engineering from the University of Engineering & Technology, Pakistan.

Office Address

Rakh Canal East Road, Faisalabad.

KAMRAN YOUSUF MIRZA

Independent & Non-Executive Director

Mr. Kalman Y. Mirza is a qualified Chartered Accountant (Nov. 1968) from United Kingdom and started his career in Pakistan as an auditor with A.F. Ferguson & Co. Mr. Mirza then made a career move in December 1970 and joined Abbott Laboratories (Pakistan) Limited, a multinational Pharmaceutical cum health care company as Chief Financial Officer. He became one of the youngest Managing Directors of his time in the year 1977 and remained in that position. i.e. Managing Director Abbott Pakistan for 29 years. He remained a director on the board, post-retirement till 2021.

Mr. Mirza held the position of Chairman Export Processing Zones Authority from February 2007 to March 2009 and then joined PBC (Pakistan Business Council) as its Chief Executive Officer. a position he held till December 2015. PBC is a Think Tank cum Business Policy Advocacy Forum.

He is the Chairman of Philip Morris (Pakistan) Ltd. He is also serving as Director, on the Boards of Colgate Palmolive (Pak) Ltd. Askari Bank Ltd. Gul Ahmed Textiles Ltd. Education Fund for Sindh (EFS).

Previously. he served as Chairman of Pakistan Mercantile Exchange Ltd. (PMEX)-formerly National Commodity Exchange Ltd. (NCEL). Chairman of Karachi Stock Exchange (KSE), President of Overseas Chamber of Commerce & Industry (OICCI), President of American Business Council (ABC), Chairman of Pharma Bureau (Association of Pharmaceutical Multinationals).

He served as Director on the Boards of State Bank of Pakistan (SBP). Pakistan State Oil (PSO), International Steel (ISL). Sarmaya-e-Pakistan Ltd. National Bank of Pakistan (NBP), Bank Alfalah Ltd. Abbott Laboratories (Pak) Ltd., Pakistan Textile City Ltd., Unilever Pakistan Foods Ltd (UPFL) of which he was the Chairman from April 2014 to April 2023, Competitiveness Support Fund (CSF), Genco Holding Company, AVTEC, Safari Club of Pakistan Ltd. and Karwan-e-Hayat, of which he was also the Chairman from Dec. 2012 to Oct. 2016. Further. He represented PBC on the Board of BOI (Board of Investment) and other Government Bodies/Institutions.

Office Address

Rakh Canal East Road, Faisalabad.

Forward-Looking Statements

This Annual Report contains or may contain forward-looking statements. The Company intends these forward-looking statements to be covered by the safe harbor provisions for such statements. These statements include but are not limited to statements regarding the Company's prospects or future financial condition, earnings, revenues, tax rates, capital expenditures, expenses or other financial items, any statements concerning the Company's prospects or future operations, including but not limited to management's plans or strategies and objectives therefore and any assumptions, expectations or beliefs underlying the foregoing. These statements can sometimes be identified by the use of forward-looking words such as "may," "will," "should," "anticipate," "believe," "plan," "project," "estimate," "expect," "intend," "continue," "proforma," "forecast" or other similar expressions or the "negative" thereof. All statements other than statements of historical fact in this report or referred to in or incorporated by reference into this report are "forward-looking statements." These statements are based on current expectations, but are subject to certain inherent risks and uncertainties, many of which are difficult to predict and are beyond our control. Although, we believe our expectations, reflected in these forward-looking statements, are based on reasonable assumptions, stakeholders are cautioned that no assurance can be given that our expectations will prove correct. Actual results and developments may differ materially from the expectations expressed in or implied by these statements, based on various factors, including but not limited to the effects of global economic conditions, and their impact on our sales volumes and pricing of our products, our ability to collect our receivables from customers; fluctuations in markets for corn and other commodities, cheaper import price of starches and sweeteners, fluctuations in the markets and prices for our coproducts, particularly corn oil and feed; fluctuations in aggregate industry supply and market demand; the behavior of financial markets, including foreign currency fluctuations and fluctuations in interest and exchange rates; the commercial and consumer credit environment; general political, economic, business, market and weather conditions in the various geographic regions within Pakistan and in countries in which we sell our products; future financial performance of major industries which we serve, including, without limitation, the food and beverage, pharmaceuticals, paper, corrugated, textile and brewing industries; energy costs and availability, freight and shipping costs, and changes in regulatory controls regarding tariffs, duties, taxes and income tax rates; operating difficulties; availability of raw materials, including but not limited to specific varieties of corn upon which our products are based; our ability to effectively integrate and operate businesses; our ability to achieve budgets; our ability to complete planned maintenance and investment projects successfully and on budget; genetic and biotechnology issues; changing consumption preferences including those relating to liquid glucose; increased competitive and/or customer pressure in the starch processing industry; and force majeure including but not limited to the outbreak of pandemic or disease or continuation of serious communicable disease or hostilities or acts of terrorism. Our forward-looking statements speak only as of the date on which they are made, and we do not undertake any obligation to update any forward-looking statements to reflect events or circumstances after the date of the statement as a result of new information or future events or developments. If we do update or correct one or more of these statements, investors and others should not conclude that we will make additional updates or corrections.

Horizontal Analysis of Profit and Loss Account

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
					Restated	
Sales	11%	38%	19%	2%	19%	14%
Cost of sales	10%	45%	24%	-1%	22%	16%
Gross profit	18%	15%	5%	9%	13%	7%
Distribution cost	19%	24%	5%	7%	12%	8%
Administrative expenses	37%	34%	22%	6%	23%	-4%
Operating profit	23%	13%	5%	10%	14%	12%
Other operating income	123%	13%	18%	36%	53%	32%
Finance cost	144%	348%	-1%	99%	-10%	65%
Other operating expenses	19%	11%	11%	11%	15%	11%
Profit before taxation	21%	11%	6%	10%	14%	12%
Taxation	36%	39%	13%	4%	13%	21%
Profit after taxation	12%	-1%	3%	12%	14%	9%

Horizontal Analysis of Balance Sheet

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
					Restated	
NON CURRENT ASSETS						
Property, plant and equipment Intangible assets	22%	-3%	1%	-4%	-3%	3%
Capital work-in-progress	68%	261%	0%	98%	78%	-89%
EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT BENEFITS LONG TERM LOANS LONG TERM DEPOSITS	47% -81% 8%	313% 28% 6%	-38% -17% 1%	81% -11% 0%	-45% -24% 0%	-10% 1% 1%
CURRENT ASSETS Stores and spares Stock in trade Trade debts Loans and advances Trade deposits and short term prepayments Other receivables Short term investments Cash and bank balances	-2% 51% 2% -43% 427% 276% 60% 647%	33% 77% 42% 227% -48% -28% 243% -76%	38% 109% 30% 83% -12% 88% -62% -42%	-3% 18% -7% -69% 106% -51% 104% 62%	9% 10% 36% 10% -31% 16%	21% -22% 10% 13% 10% 44%
TOTAL ASSETS	57%	36%	5%	23%	10%	1%
CURRENT LIABILITIES Current portion of long term financing Current portion of deferred income Trade and other payables Unpaid dividend Unclaimed dividend Mark up accrued on short term running finances Short term running finances - secured Lease Liability Provision for taxation - net	272% 161% 123% -21% 15% 136% 191% 0% 116%	-90% 39% 48% 131% 20% 2669% 172% -14% 138%	-6% -25% 22% 0% 33% 9%	 57% 8729% 0% 75% -100% -1%	5% -59% -5% 1942%	7% -97% -67% 0%
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES Long term financing Deferred income Deferred taxation	392% 119% 42%	 15%	-100% -100% -1%	 -1%	15%	-11%
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES Share capital Reserves	0% 21%	0% 20%	0% -2%	0% 11%	0% 11%	0% 7%
TOTAL LIABILITIES & EQUITY	57%	36%	5%	23%	10%	1%

Note: No percentage has been worked out where there were no figures in current or corresponding year.

Vertical Analysis of Profit and Loss Account

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
					Restated	
0.1	100.00/	100.00/	100.00/	100.00/	100.00/	100.00/
Sales	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
Cost of sales	78.6%	79.9%	75.8%	72.7%	74.6%	73.2%
Gross profit	21.4%	20.1%	24.2%	27.3%	25.4%	26.8%
Distribution cost	1.2%	1.2%	1.3%	1.5%	1.4%	1.5%
Administrative expenses	2.1%	1.7%	1.7%	1.7%	1.6%	1.6%
Operating profit	19.1%	17.2%	21.1%	23.7%	22.0%	23.0%
Other operating income	2.4%	1.2%	1.5%	1.5%	1.1%	0.9%
Finance cost	0.8%	0.4%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%	0.1%
Other operating expenses	1.3%	1.3%	1.6%	1.7%	1.5%	1.6%
Impairment loss on financial assets	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.2%	0.0%	-
Profit before taxation	18.3%	16.9%	21.0%	23.6%	21.9%	23.0%
Taxation	7.8%	6.4%	6.3%	6.6%	6.5%	6.8%
Profit after taxation	10.6%	10.5%	14.7%	17.0%	15.4%	16.1%

Vertical Analysis of Balance Sheet

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
					Restated	
NON CURRENT ASSETS						
Property, plant and equipment Intangible assets Capital work-in-progress	14.6% 0.0% 2.4%	18.7% 0.0% 2.2%	26.1% 0.0% 0.8%	27.4% 0.0% 0.9%	35.0% 0.0% 0.6%	39.7% 0.0% 0.3%
EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT BENEFITS LONG TERM LOANS LONG TERM DEPOSITS	1.2% 0.0% 0.1%	1.3% 0.0% 0.1%	0.4% 0.0% 0.1%	0.7% 0.0% 0.2%	0.5% 0.0% 0.2%	1.0% 0.1% 0.2%
CURRENT ASSETS Stores and spares Stock in trade Trade debts Loans and advances Trade deposits and short term prepayments Other receivables Short term investments Cash and bank balances	2.8% 48.5% 5.7% 0.2% 0.7% 0.2% 10.5% 12.9%	4.5% 50.4% 8.8% 0.7% 0.2% 0.1% 10.3% 2.7%	4.6% 38.7% 8.4% 0.3% 0.6% 0.2% 4.1% 15.7%	3.5% 19.5% 6.8% 0.2% 0.7% 0.1% 11.3% 28.7%	4.4% 20.3% 9.0% 0.7% 0.4% 0.2% 6.8% 21.9%	4.4% 20.3% 7.3% 0.7% 0.7% 0.2%
TOTAL ASSETS	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%
CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables Unpaid dividend Unclaimed dividend Mark up accrued on short term running finances Short term running finances - secured Provision for taxation Current portion of long term financing Current portion of deferred income Lease Liability	34.9% 3.2% 0.1% 0.3% 11.7% 1.2% 0.1% 0.0%	24.5% 6.4% 0.1% 0.2% 6.3% 0.9% 0.0% 0.0%	22.5% 3.8% 0.1% 0.0% 3.1% 0.5% 0.5% 0.0%	19.4% 4.0% 0.1% 0.0% 0.0% 1.0% 0.6% 0.0%	15.3% 0.1% 0.1% 0.0% 0.0% 1.3% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0%	16.0% 0.1% 0.1% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0.0% 0
NON CURRENT LIABILITIES Deferred taxation Long term financing Deferred income	2.7% 0.7% 0.2%	3.0% 0.2% 0.1%	3.5% 0.0% 0.0%	3.8% 0.5% 0.0%	4.7% 0.0% 0.0%	4.5% 0.0% 0.0%
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES Share capital Reserves	0.2% 44.7%	0.3% 57.9%	0.4% 65.5%	0.4% 70.2%	0.5% 78.1%	0.5% 77.2%
TOTAL LIABILITIES & EQUITY	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%	100.0%

Note: No percentage has been worked out where there were no figures in current or corresponding year.

Directors' Report

We, on behalf of the Board of Directors, are pleased to present the Annual Report and the audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended December 31, 2023.

Despite challenges in the business landscape and an unpredictable economic environment, the company achieved positive results. Revenue increased by 11%, with contributions from all business segments. The company effectively managed cost inflation, resulting in a 12% increase in net income from the previous year. Further key indicators are outlined below.

Financial Results Profit and Appropriations		
	Year ended	December 31
	2023	2022
	Rupees in	Thousand
Profit after taxation	6,912,778	6,179,385
Actuarial gains/(losses) of employees retirement benefits	90,218	209,303
Un-appropriated profit brought forward	18,905,368	15,749,429
	25,908,364	22,138,117
Appropriations		
Final Dividend 2022 @750% (2021: @1500%)	692,732	1,385,464
1 st Interim Dividend 2023 @750% (2022: @1000%)	692,732	923,643
2 nd Interim Dividend 2023 @750% (2022: @500%)	692,732	461,821
3 rd Interim Dividend 2023 @1000% (2022: @500%)	923,643	461,821
	3,001,839	3,232,749
Un-appropriated Profit Carried Forward	22,906,525	18,905,368
Earnings per Share (Rupees)	748.43	669.02

Business Review

In 2023, Pakistan faced severe economic challenges such as high inflation, PKR devaluation, high policy rates, political unrest, and a global economic downturn. Despite these obstacles, the company posted improved results, with a Profit after tax of PKR 6,913 million. This performance was driven by a better sales mix, innovative solutions, improved operational leverage, and cost-saving initiatives.

Industrial business performance remained impacted due to uncertainty in downstream demand for industrial ingredients. The demand from textile sector remained impacted due to higher energy costs and reduced global demand. The demand from paper and corrugation remained stable, supported by growing packaging consumption.

Inflation posed challenges to consumer buying, affecting demand for our food ingredients. However, confectionery, food processing, ice cream, ketchup, soups, still drinks, pharmaceuticals, and baking showed resilience. Animal nutrition ingredients had steady demand from poultry, livestock, and aquaculture segments, driven by stable poultry demand and growth in fish farming.

Rafhan Maize focused on strengthening core businesses, enhancing marketing capabilities for new food specialty ingredients, and improving exports. The company strengthened its regional position with exports to multiple markets, contributing to foreign exchange earnings for the national exchequer.

Operations

Continuing our tradition of market leadership, Rafhan focuses on delivering creative and cost-effective solutions to our valued customers. Our Pakistan operations team prioritizes streamlining manufacturing processes for energy conservation, environmental protection, and ensuring safe working conditions.

Emphasizing coordination among contractors, material suppliers, and employees, our goal is to out perform both internal and external customer expectations and generate a strong return on investment for shareholders. Key achievements include efficient manufacturing facility utilization, successful behavior-based safety initiatives, completion of continuous improvement projects, initiation of energy conservation projects, highest-ever First Pass Compliance, and development of high-worth new products.

Safety, Health and Environment

"Care First" is our core value, prioritizing safety for all stakeholders. We foster a zero-harm mindset, investigate incidents thoroughly, and provide safety training. Regular GEMBA walks and safety initiatives contribute to maintaining a safe environment. Our active endorsement of sustainable practices includes a 24/7 wastewater treatment plant, ongoing efforts in energy conservation, water saving, waste minimization, tree planting drives, and waste segregation, aligning with our commitment to a healthy and clean environment. It is our utmost priority to operate in healthy and clean environment. We are continuously monitoring our water usage and carbon footprint and have initiated steps for waste minimization, energy efficiency, and growth in green areas.

Corporate Social Responsibility

Rafhan Maize is dedicated to social responsibility, contributing to community upliftment in health, education, gender equality, environment, and community development. Our mission is to create opportunities for people, farmers, small businesses, and communities, improving their quality of life.

This year, our focus was on phase II of our flood rehabilitation program, partnering with Akhuwat Foundation for the rehabilitation of the village Dhani Bux, Kotri. Thirty-seven houses were rebuilt and handed over to families who had lost their homes during floods, and the project was completed in November 2023.

Looking ahead, we are committed to increasing efforts to align with the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (UNSDGs), particularly in health, education, and women's empowerment, making a positive impact on the community.

Business Risks, Challenges and Future Projects

The upcoming year poses challenges for the country as it strives for fiscal stabilization within the framework of the IMF program. The economic outlook hinges on political stability post-elections and ongoing reforms. Challenges include a tough economic situation, consistent PKR devaluation and increased energy cost.

In the face of these challenges, our focus is on maintaining smooth operations, increasing volumes, cost control, process optimization, price rationalization, and efficient working capital management. We are actively increasing our export footprints contributing to the Country's foreign reserve.

Aligned with Ingredion's global philosophy, we uphold core values, adapt to change, operate with integrity, and prioritize responsibility. Rafhan remains committed to product safety, quality, and providing value-added services. We aim to maintain leadership through progressive market approaches and contribute to economic stabilization.

Despite margin pressures, we remain optimistic, focusing on growth and innovation with new product development. Our determination to understand customer needs, respond rapidly, and build on competitive strengths drives our business strategy. In light of currency devaluation and rising costs, our emphasis remains on increasing volumes, cost control, and efficient management.

We express gratitude to our shareholders for their unwavering support. Your trust in our company and leadership is invaluable. Rafhan stands on a strong foundation, setting a stable course for the future with optimism for sustained growth and resilience in the face of challenges.

Corporate Governance

Your Company is fully abreast of all standards and requirements of corporate governance. The Directors are pleased to state that your Company is fully compliant with the Code of Corporate Governance (Regulations), 2019. The statement of compliance with Code of Corporate Governance is reproduced on Page No 28.

Disclosures under Code of Corporate Governance Corporate and Financial Reporting Framework:

- (a) The financial statements, prepared by the management of the listed company, present its state of affairs fairly, gives a true and fair view of the result of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity;
- (b) Proper books of accounts of the listed company have been maintained. Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment;
- (c) International Financial Reporting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in preparation of financial statements and any departure therefrom has been adequately disclosed and explained;
- (d) The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored;
- (e) There are no significant doubts upon the listed Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

Key operating and financial data of last six years are as follows:

		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
						Restated	
Net Sales	PKR Million	65,467	58,756	42,610	35,873	35,261	29,564
Cost of Sales	PKR Million	51,475	46,922	32,291	26,091	26,289	21,631
Gross Profit	PKR Million	13,991	11,834	10,318	9,782	8,972	7,933
% of Sales	%	21	20	24	27	25	27
Operating Profit	PKR Million	12,502	10,128	8,987	8,519	7,750	6,811
% of Sales	%	19	17	21	24	22	23
Profit Before Tax	PKR Million	12,000	9,922	8,941	8,473	7,726	6,785
Profit After Tax	PKR Million	6,913	6,179	6,257	6,094	5,444	4,772
Earnings Per Share	PKR	748.43	669.02	677.46	659.80	589.36	516.62
Dividend Amount	PKR Million	3,002	3,233	6,465	4,618	3,925	3,925
Dividend Percentage	%	3,250	3,500	7,000	5,000	4,250	4,250
Capital Expenditure	PKR Million	2,431	882	516	349	314	196

Resources Management

The Agribusiness department continued its commitment to sustainability by launching a campaign to educate farmers on sustainable agriculture. Collaborating with our field team and led by our Sustainability Specialist, the campaign introduces farmers to evolving sustainable practices, crucial in the changing climate of Pakistan. Our aim is for this generation of farmers to leave the soil, water, and climate unharmed for future generations.

Recognizing the challenges during the spring season harvest falling in the monsoon, susceptible to Aflatoxin growth, we address post-harvest losses and fungal contamination. Our R&D team initiated a program in 2016, partnering with USDA and CDRI, Islamabad, to implement Atoxigenic Competitive Exclusion (ACE). We are continuing our efforts to obtain the required approvals. Once completed, this initiative will be a great value addition to Maize and other crops of Pakistan.

Investment

Your company adopts a well-structured capital investment strategy, focusing on business growth, cost savings, sustainability, quality, and technology upgrades, aligned with global developments and benchmarks. Prioritizing customer service and satisfaction, Rafhan has achieved significant milestones in the past year, including enhancements in energy efficiency, solar energy generation, and the introduction of debottlenecking and expansion projects. The Rafhan team is dedicated to further consolidating and advancing manufacturing and non-manufacturing facilities, aiming for best-in-class excellence and profitability.

Investment Value of Employees Retirement Funds:

Rafhan Maize values its employees. The Company maintains three retirement plans: one defined contribution plan (Provident Fund) and two defined benefit plans (Gratuity and Superannuation). The Company has established a trust for each fund and the board of trustees is responsible to manage the affairs of the funds. All the three plans are fully funded and total investment in the funds is:

		2023	2022
		Rupees in	1 Thousand
Provident Fund	As at June 30 th	1,417,594	1,225,743
Gratuity Fund	As at December 31 st	1,251,715	1,102,216
Superannuation Fund	As at December 31 st	986,001	850,189

Board of Directors

The Board is composed of eleven members as per following details:

Total Number of Directors	11
Male	10
Female	1

Composition

Independent Directors	2
Other Non-Executive Directors	7
Executive Directors	2

The Chairman of the Board is a non-executive director. All the current Board members are listed in the Company Information. All the directors have obtained certification (except 3 directors) as encouraged under the provisions of Code of Corporate Governance (Regulations), 2019.

Attendance at Board Meetings

During the year, six meetings of the Board of Directors were held. Attendance of Directors at the meetings were as under:

Name of Director	Director Type	Meetings attended
Pierre Perez y Landazuri (Chairman) (Resigned on March 02, 2023)	Non-Executive Director	1
Michael Fergus O'Riordan (Chairman w.e.f. March 02, 2023)	Non-Executive Director	6
Humair Ijaz	Executive Director	5
James D. Gray	Non-Executive Director	6
Tanya Jaeger de Foras	Non-Executive Director	6
Marcel Hergett (Joined the Board on March 02, 2023)	Non-Executive Director	5
Zulfikar Mannoo	Non-Executive Director	6
Mian M. Adil Mannoo	Non-Executive Director	6
Wisal A. Mannoo	Non-Executive Director	6
Adil Saeed Khan	Executive Director	6
Waqar Ahmad Malik (Resigned on June 26, 2023)	Independent Director	2
Kamran Yousuf Mirza (Joined the Board on July 12, 2023)	Independent Director	3
Tahir Jawaid	Independent Director	6

Remuneration Policy of Non-executive Directors Including Independent Directors

Non-executive directors (other than those who represent Ingredion) and independent directors are paid fee for attending the meetings. The level of remunerations is appropriate and commensurate with the level of responsibility and expertise to govern the company successfully and ensure value addition.

Transactions in Company's Shares

Directors, Executives, their spouses and minor children have made no transaction in the Company's shares during the year.

Parent Company

Ingredion Incorporated, USA is holding majority shares of the Company.

Auditors

The retiring auditors, Messrs KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co., Chartered Accountants, being eligible, offer themselves for re-appointment. The Board of Directors, on recommendations of the Audit Committee, has proposed appointment of Messrs KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co., Chartered Accountants for the year 2024.

Audit Committee

The Board of Directors have established an Audit Committee in compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance (Regulations), 2019 comprising of five Board members. Four regular & two special meetings of the Audit Committee were held during the year and attended as under—

Name of Director	Role in Committee	Director Type	Meetings attended
Waqar Ahmed Malik (resigned from board on June 26, 2023)	Chairman (former)	Independent Director	2
Zulfikar Mannoo	Member	Non-Executive Director	6
Tanya Jaegar De Foras	Member	Non-Executive Director	4
James D. Gray	Member	Non-Executive Director	5
Michael Fergus O'Riordan	Member (former)	Non-Executive Director	1
Marcel Hergett	Member	Non-Executive Director	5
Kamran Y, Mirza	Chairman	Independent Director	2

Human Resource & Remuneration Committee

The Board of Directors has established a Human Resource & Remuneration Committee comprising of following five board members. During the year, two meetings of the Committee were held and attended as under

Name of Director	Role in Committee	Director Type	Meetings attended
Tahir Jawaid	Chairman	Independent Director	2
Humair Ijaz Ahmed	Member	Executive Director	2
Michael Fergus O'Riordan	Member	Non-Executive Director	1
(Appointed on April 28, 2023)	Wichioci	Non-Executive Director	1
Pierre Perez y Landazuri	Member	Non-Executive Director	1
(Resigned from board on March 02, 2023)	Member	Non-Executive Director	1
Tanya Jaeger de Foras	Member	Non-Executive Director	2
Adil Mannoo	Member	Non-Executive Director	2

Operations Committee

The Board of Directors have established an Operations Committee comprising of following five Board members. During the year, four meetings of the Committee were held and attended as under –

Name of Director	Role in Committee	Director Type	Meetings attended
Michael Fergus O'Riordan	Chairman	Non-Executive Director	4
Tanya Jaeger de Foras	Member	Non-Executive Director	4
Tahir Jawaid	Member	Independent Director	4
Wisal A. Mannoo	Member	Non-Executive Director	4
Humair Ijaz	Member	Executive Director	4

Pattern of Shareholding

Pattern of Shareholding as on December 31, 2023, according to requirements of Code of Corporate Governance (Regulations), 2019 and a statement reflecting distribution of shareholding appears at the end of this report.

Dividend

The Company has already paid three interim dividends @750%, 750% & 1,000% respectively. The Directors now propose a final dividend of 1,000% making the total 3,500% for the year.

May Allah give us the courage to face the challenges ahead. A'meen!

On behalf of the Board

Adil Saeed Khan Chief Financial Officer Humair Ijaz Chief Executive & Managing Director

February 28, 2024

Stakeholders' Information

Performance Indicators for Six Years

		2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
D. Ct. III		2025	3022	2021	2020		2010
Profit and Loss Account	Da M:111	65 466 70	50 755 77	12 (00 (2	25 972 22	Restated	20.5(4.16
Net turnover	Rs. Million	65,466.70	58,755.77	42,609.63	35,873.33	35,260.67	29,564.16
Gross profit	Rs. Million Rs. Million	13,991.40 12,502.14	11,833.53 10,127.57	10,318.34 8,986.74	9,782.32 8,519.27	8,972.03 7,749.73	7,933.48 6,811.05
Operating profit Profit before tax	Rs. Million	12,000.34	9,921.58	8,940.73	8,472.90	7,726.47	6,785.22
Profit after tax	Rs. Million	6,912.78	6,179.39	6,257.32	6,094.23	5,443.57	4,771.70
Earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation	RS. WIIIIOII	0,712.70	0,177.57	0,237.32	0,054.25	3,773.37	7,771.70
and amortization (EBITDA)	Rs. Million	13,080.44	10,647.14	9,479.60	9.004.97	8,225.63	7,263.39
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			ŕ	,		.,	,
Balance Sheet							
Share capital	Rs. Million	92.36	92.36	92.36	92.36	92.36	92.36
Reserves	Rs. Million	22,944.62	18,943.46	15,787.52	16,038.62	14,511.81	13,051.92
Shareholders funds	Rs. Million	23,036.98	19,035.83	15,879.89	16,130.98	14,604.18	13,144.28
Property, plant and equipment	Rs. Million	7,492.01	6,117.14	6,300.06	6,264.51	6,504.40	6,706.84
Net current assets / (liabilities)	Rs. Million	15,511.74	12,823.11	10,095.05	10,437.12	8,737.44	6,932.23
Long term / deferred liabilities	Rs. Million	1,841.53	1,092.43	858.36	976.08	871.50	758.83
Total assets	Rs. Million	51,287.50	32,718.59	24,096.80	22,845.19	18,578.54	16,901.62
Profitability Paties							
Profitability Ratios Gross profit ratio	Percentage	21.37	20.14	24.22	27.27	25.44	26.83
Net profit to sales	Percentage	10.56	10.52	14.69	16.99	15.44	16.14
EBITDA margin to sales	Percentage	19.98	18.12	22.25	25.10	23.33	24.57
Operating leverage	Percentage	2.05	0.34	0.29	5.71	0.72	0.90
Return on equity	Percentage	30.01	32.46	39.40	37.78	37.27	36.30
Return on capital employed	Percentage	27.79	30.70	37.38	35.62	35.17	34.32
Liquidity Ratios							
Current ratio	Times	1.59	2.02	2.37	2.82	3.82	3.31
Quick/ Acid test ratio	Times	0.59	0.59	0.96	1.90	2.34	1.92
Cash to current liabilities	Times	0.46	0.34	0.65	1.60	1.72	1.42
Cash flow from operations to sales	Times	0.13	0.01	0.04	0.20	0.14	0.20
Activity / Turnover Ratios							
Inventory turnover ratio	Times	1.95	2.61	3.10	4.97	5.72	5.18
No. of days in inventory	Days	157.01	110.33	88.59	68.87	60.87	71.29
Debtors turnover ratio	Times	22.39	20.44	21.07	23.11	21.04	23.94
No. of days in receivables	Days	16.17	15.21	15.31	16.42	15.06	15.25
Creditors turnover ratio	Times	2.87	5.84	5.96	5.88	9.28	7.93
No. of days in payables	Days	91.98	52.30	55.68	50.86	38.40	46.03
Total assets turnover ratio	Times	1.28	1.80	1.77	1.57	1.90	1.75
Fixed assets turnover ratio	Times	8.74	9.61	6.76	5.73	5.42	4.41
Operating cycle	Days	81.20	73.24	48.21	34.43	37.54	48.34
Investment / Market Ratios	D	740.42	((0.00	(77.46	650.00	500.26	F1 (12
Earnings per share	Rupees Times	748.43	669.02	677.46	659.80 14.85	589.36	516.62
Price earning ratio Dividend yield ratio	Percentage	13.36 3.00	13.60 4.00	13.88 7.00	5.00	12.30 6.00	13.07 6.30
Dividend yield ratio Dividend payout ratio	Percentage	43.42	52.32	103.33	75.78	72.11	82.27
Dividend cover ratio	Times	2.30	1.91	0.97	1.32	1.39	1.22
Cash dividend per share	Rupees	325.00	350.00	700.00	500.00	425.00	425.00
Stock Dividend (Bonus) per share	Percentage	323.00	220.00	, 00.00	200.00	123.00	-
Market value per share at the end of the year	Rupees	9,998.00	9,100.00	9,400.00	9,799.00	7,251.10	6,750.00
Market value per share during the year (High)	Rupees	11,490.00	12,699.00	11,999.00	9,799.00	7,400.00	8,814.00
Market value per share during the year (Low)	Rupees	7,155.00	7,355.00	9,000.00	6,055.00	5,500.00	6,555.95
Break-up value per share - Refer note below							
- Without surplus on revaluation of fixed assets	Rupees	2,494.14	2.060.95	1.719.27	1,746.45	1,581.15	1,423.09
- Including the effect of surplus on revaluation		2.40.	2 2 4 4	1.510.55			
of fixed assets	Rupees	2,494.14	2.060.95	1.719.27	1,746.45	1,581.15	1,423.09
Capital Structure Ratios							
Financial leverage ratio	Times	0.02	0.00	0.01	0.01	-	-
Weighted average cost of debt	Percentage	17.08	12.57	3.52	3.39	11.36	7.70
Debt : Equity ratio	Times	0.02	0.00	0.01	0.01	-	-
Interest cover	Times	24.91	49.17	195.35	183.74	333.22	263.77

Note: The Company has not carried out any revaluation, hence there is no surplus on revaluation of fixed assets.

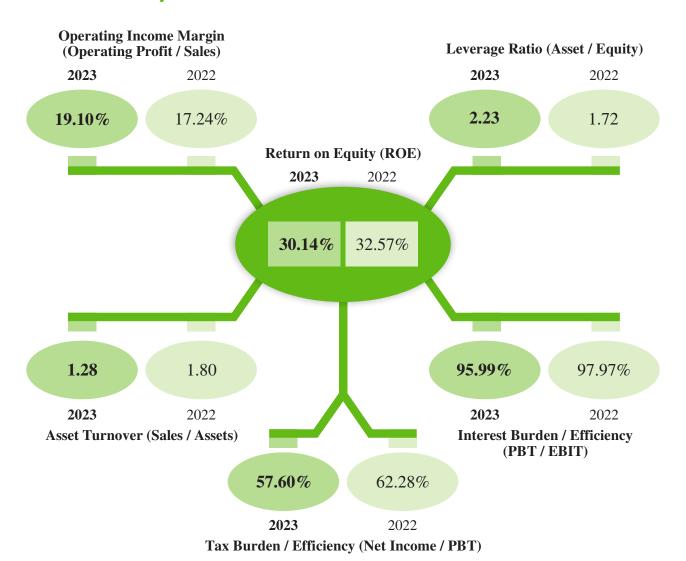
Summary of Cash Flow Statement

	2023	2022	2021 (Rupees in	2020 Thousand)	2019 Restated	2018
Cash flows from operating activities	8,640,752	768,550	1,496,977	7,217,533	5,062,877	6,029,543
Cash used in investing activities	(6,749,273)	(385,421)	(20,430)	123,151	(28,689)	(60,986)
Cash used in financing activities	(3,456,466)	(2,178,663)	(6,624,749)	(3,516,088)	(3,967,502)	(4,855,257)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	(1,564,987)	(1,795,534)	(5,148,202)	3,824,596	1,066,686	1,113,300
Opening cash and cash equivalents	2,210,082	4,005,616	9,153,818	5,329,222	4,262,536	3,149,236
Closing cash and cash equivalents	645,095	2,210,082	4,005,616	9,153,818	5,329,222	4,262,536

Summary of Cash Flow Statement - Direct Method

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
			(Rupees in	Thousand)	Restated	
Cash flows from operating activities						
Cash received from customers	65,419,401	57,898,316	42,132,367	35,935,203	34,819,811	29,449,872
Cash paid to suppliers and employees	(52,360,157)	(53,577,764)	(37,842,535)	(26,310,083)	(27,577,686)	(21,460,606)
Taxes paid	(4,418,492)	(3,552,002)	(2,792,855)	(2,407,587)	(2,179,248)	(1,959,723)
Net cash flows from operating activities	8,640,752	768,550	1,496,977	7,217,533	5,062,877	6,029,543
Cash flows from investing activities						
Property, plant and equipment	(2,430,755)	(881,764)	(516,400)	(348,769)	(313,550)	(195,852)
Payments for investments acquired during the year	(8,198,811)	0	0	0	0	0
Proceeds from sale of investments	2,800,000	0	0	0	0	0
Sale proceeds of property, plant and equipment	71,454	32,267	19,217	7,389	23,957	10,884
Disbursement of long term loans	0	(7,127)	(4,600)	(6,559)	(5,664)	(9,746)
Interest income received	999,203	465,764	474,060	463,270	257,606	125,353
Receipt from long term loans disbursed	9,636	5,439	7,293	7,820	8,962	8,375
Net cash used in investing activities	(6,749,273)	(385,421)	(20,430)	123,151	(28,689)	(60,986)
Cook flows from froming activities						
Cash flows from financing activities Dividend paid	(3,393,020)	(2,032,887)	(6,459,856)	(3,715,351)	(3,941,033)	(4,829,487)
Finance cost paid	(415,833)	(149,655)	(36,629)	(39,710)	(21,505)	(25,770)
Receipt of long term financing	363,008	132,670	(30,029)	244,434	(21,303)	(23,770)
Repayment of long term loan	(3,474)	(122,217)	(122,217)	0		
Repayment of lease liability	(7,147)	, , ,	(6,047)	(5,461)	(4,964)	
Increase / (Decrease) in short term running finances	(7,147)	(0,574)	(0,047)	(5,401)	(4,504)	_
Net cash used in financing activities	(3,456,466)	(2,178,663)	(6,624,749)	(3,516,088)	(3,967,502)	(4,855,257)
The class used in manering act which	(3,130,100)	(2,170,003)	(0,021,712)	(3,510,000)	(3,707,302)	(1,033,237)
Net increase / (Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(1,564,987)	(1,795,534)	(5,148,202)	3,824,596	1,066,686	1,113,300
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	2,210,082	4,005,616	9,153,818	5,329,222	4,262,536	3,149,236
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations	0	0	0	0	0	0
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	645,095	2,210,082	4,005,616	9,153,818	5,329,222	4,262,536

DuPont Analysis



Leverage Ratio (Assets / Equity)

Increased mainly due to increase in assets in higher proportion (57%) than the increase in equity (21%) from the last year.

Interest Burden / Efficiency (PBT / EBIT)

There is variance in the ratio compared to last year due to increase in short-term Financing.

Tax Burden / Efficiency (Net Income / PBT)

There is decrease in the ratio compared to last year as taxation expense increased by 39% mainly due to inclusion of super tax from govt .

Asset Turnover (Sales / Assets)

The ratio decreased due to increase in sales (11%) in lower proportion compared to increase in assets (57%) from the last year.

Operating Income Margin

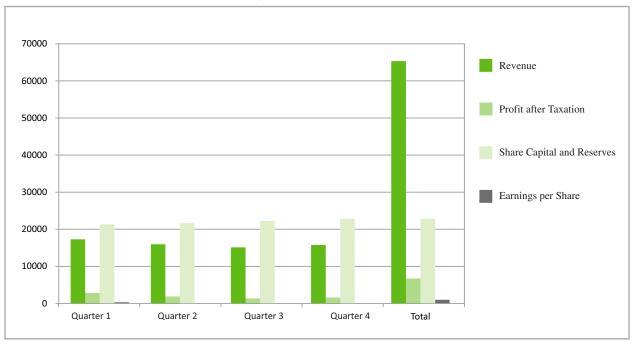
Increased due to increase in sales from the last year by 11%.

Return on Equity (ROE)

Return on Equity decreased due to increase in equity by 21% compared with last year that was in higher proportion as compared to net income (11%)

Quarterly Analysis

Rupees in Million



	First Quarter	Second Quarter	Third Quarter	Fourth Quarter	Total
		•••••	Rs Million	•••••	
Revenue	17,608	16,284	15,478	16,097	65,467
Profit after Taxation	2,593	1,623	1,346	1,350	6,913
Share Capital and Reserves	21,629	21,867	22,520	23,037	23,037
Earnings Per Share	280.73	175.74	145.77	146.19	748.43

Comments on variation in interim results and the manner in which each quarter contributed to the overall annual results.

Sales-Net

Sales revenue increased by 11% compared to last year. This increase in revenue over the periods is attributable to increase in sales price. Moreover, variation in sales revenue quarter to quarter is due to seasonal impact.

Profit after Taxation

Profit after Taxation increased by 12% in 2023 compared with last year. Despite significant hike in input costs, growth in revenue/cost savings projects from the last year was the main factor which contributed to the growth in profit. Your company has been able to maintain its net profit margin around 11% through efficient and economic utilization of resources, despite of extreme economic challenges during the year.

Share Capital and Reserves

Share capital and reserves increased by 21% against last year. Increase in the retenstion ratio from the last year resulted in the incline of reserves. Moreover, company maintains a balance between distribution of profit among shareholders and amount retained for investment in capital projects for achieving growth in shareholders wealth.

Earning per Share

Earning per Share increased by 12% from the last year, due to growth in revenue

Sensitivity Analysis

The company is mainly dealing in US Dollars/Euros, hence sensitivity analysis has been made against them only.

At reporting date, if the PKR had strengthened by 10% against the foreign currencies with all other variables held constant, before tax profit for the year would have been lower by the amount shown below, mainly as a result of net foreign exchange gain on translation of foreign debtors, foreign currency bank account and trade and other payables.

	2023	2022
	(Rupees in	n thousands)
Effect on profit and loss		
US Dollar/EURO	20,321	28,775

The weakening of the PKR against foreign currencies would have had an equal but opposite impact on the post tax profit.

The sensitivity analysis prepared is not necessarily indicative of the effects on profit for the year and assets / liabilities of the Company.

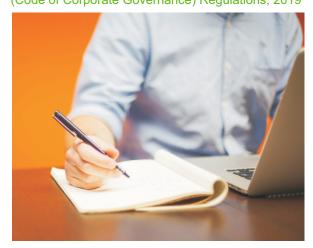
Statement of Value Added and its Distribution

	2023		2022	
	(R	thousands)		
VALUE ADDED Net sales	65,466,700		58,755,773	
Material and services	(49,790,647)		(45,181,841)	
Other income - net	1,571,048		704,606	
Foreign Exchange Gain / (Loss)	(38,126)		-	
	17,208,975		14,278,538	
DISTRIBUTION		%		%
EMPLOYEES AS REMUNERATION Salaries, wages and amenities	3,278,043	19.1	2,890,595	16.9
FINANCIAL CHARGES TO PROVIDERS OF FINANCE Finance Cost	501,803	2.9	205,982	1.2
GOVERNMENT AS TAXES Tax Workers profit participation fund Workers welfare fund	5,087,557 639,758 200,734 5,928,049	29.7 3.7 1.2 34.4	3,742,199 532,843 202,438 4,477,479	21.8 3.1 1.2 26.0
SHAREHOLDERS AS DIVIDEND Cash Dividend	3,001,839	17.4	3,232,749	18.8
SOCIETY WELFARE Donations	10,000	0.1	5,527	-
RETAINED WITHIN THE BUSINESS Depreciation / amortization Retained profit	578,302 3,910,939 4,489,241	3.4 22.8 26.1	519,569 2,946,636 3,466,205	3.0 17.2 20.1
	17,208,975	100	14,278,538	83

Independent Auditor's Review Report

To the members of Rafhan Maize Products Company Limited
Review Report on the Statement of Compliance contained in Listed Companies
(Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019

The Results: The Re



We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (the Regulations) prepared by the Board of Directors of Rafhan Maize Products Company Limited ("the Company") for the year ended 31 December 2023 in accordance with the requirements of regulation 36 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Company for the year ended 31 December 2023.

We highlight the instance of non-compliance with the requirement of the Regulations as reflected in paragraph 2 of the Statement of Compliance that the Company is in the process of getting a waiver from the requirement of Regulation 6(I) of CCG Regulations 2019, regarding minimum number of independent directors.

Lahore March 28, 2024

UDIN: CR202310089BAETVQNKu

KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants

KANG Taley Hads Es

Statement of Compliance with Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 Year Ended December 31, 2023

The company has complied with the requirements of the Regulations in the following manner:

- 1) The total number of directors are 11 as per the following:
 - a. Male: Ten (10) b. Female: One (1)
- 2) The composition of board is as follows:

C	ategory	Names
i.	Independent Directors	Tahir Jawaid
		Kamran Yousuf Mirza
ii.	Other Non-Executive	Michael Fergus O'Riordan
	Directors	James D. Gray
		Marcel Hergett
		Zulfikar Mannoo
		M. Adil Mannoo
		Wisal A. Mannoo
iii.	Executive Directors	Humair Ijaz
		Adil Saeed Khan
iv.	Female Director	Tanya Jaeger de Foras

The Company has filed an appeal for seeking a waiver from the requirement of Regulation 6 of CCG regulations 2019, regarding minimum number of independent directors.

- The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed companies, including this Company;
- 4) The Company has prepared a Code of Conduct and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the Company along with its supporting policies and procedures;
- 5) The Board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Company. The Board has ensured that complete record of particulars of significant policies along with their date of approval or updating is maintained by the Company;
- 6) All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by Board/shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Act and these Regulations;
- 7) The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the Board for this purpose. The Board has complied with the requirements of Act and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meeting of the Board;

- The Board has a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of directors in accordance with the Act and these Regulations;
- 9) The Board has not arranged any Directors' Training program during the year as this is no longer a mandatory requirement;
- 10) The Board has approved/ratified appointment of chief financial officer, company secretary and head of internal audit, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment and complied with relevant requirements of the Regulations;
- 11) Chief financial officer and chief executive officer duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the Board;
- 12) The Board has formed committees comprising members given below:

a) Audit Committee Chairman Kamran Yousuf Mirza James D. Gray Member Marcel Hergett Member Tanya Jaeger de Foras Member Zulfikar Mannoo Member b) HR and Remuneration Committee Tahir Jawaid Chairman Michael Fergus O'Riordan Member Tanya Jaeger de Foras Member Humair Iiaz Member Mian M. Adil Mannoo Member c) Operations Committee Michael Fergus O'Riordan Chairman Tanya Jaeger de Foras Member Tahir Jawaid Member Humair Ijaz Member Wisal A. Mannoo Member

- 13) The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the committees for compliance.
- 14) The frequency of meetings (quarterly/half yearly/yearly) of the committee were as per following:
 - a) Audit Committee: Six meetings during the financial year ended December 31, 2023.
 - HR and Remuneration Committee: Two b) meetings during the financial year ended December 31, 2023.
 - Operations Committee: Four meetings during **c)** the financial year ended December 31, 2023.

Statement of Compliance with Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 Year Ended December 31, 2023

- 15) The Board has set up an effective internal audit function. The head of internal audit is considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and is conversant with the policies and procedures of the Company;
- 16) The statutory auditors of the Company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the Quality Control Review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they and all their partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC)) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and that they and the partners of the firm involved in the audit are not a close relative (spouse, parent, dependent and non-dependent children) of the chief executive officer, chief financial officer, head of internal audit, company secretary or director of the Company;
- 17) The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, these regulations or any other regulatory requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 18) We confirm that all other requirements of the Regulations 3, 7, 8, 27, 32, 33 and 36 have been complied with. However, the Company has filed an appeal with high court for seeking a waiver from the requirement of Regulation 6(1) of CCG regulations 2019, regarding minimum number of independent directors.

Humair Ijaz Chief Executive & Managing Director

Michael Fergus O'Riordan Chairman

February 28, 2024

To the members of Rafhan Maize Products Co. Limited Report on the audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the annexed financial statements of **Rafhan Maize Products Co. Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise of the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2023, and the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at 31 December 2023 and of the profit and other comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters

Following is the Key audit matter:

S. No. Key audit matter(s)

1. Revenue from contracts with customers

Refer to note **26** and the accounting policy note **4.10** to the financial statements.

The Company recognized revenue of Rs. 65,466 million (2022: Rs. 58,755 million) from contracts with customers, during the year ended 31 December 2023.

We identified recognition of revenue as a key audit matter because it is one of the key performance indicators of the Company and gives rise to a risk that revenue is recognized without transferring the control.

How the matter was addressed in our audit

Our audit procedures included the following:

- Obtaining an understanding of the process relating to recording revenue from contracts with customers and testing the design and implementation of relevant key internal controls.
- Assessing the appropriateness of the Company's revenue accounting policies and compliance of those policies with applicable financial reporting standard.
- Comparing a sample of revenue transactions recorded during the year with sales orders, sales invoices, delivery challans and other relevant underlying documents.

To the members of Rafhan Maize Products Co. Limited Report on the audit of the Financial Statements

Following is the Key audit matter(s):

S. No.	Key audit matter(s)	How the matter was addressed in our audit
--------	----------------------------	---

- Comparing on a sample basis, specific revenue transactions recorded from the sale of the Company's products just before the financial year end date to determine whether the revenue had been recognized in the appropriate financial period.
- Scanning for any manual journal entries relating to revenue recorded during the year which were considered material or met other risk-based criteria for inspecting underlying documentation.

Information other than the financial statements and auditor's report thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. Other information comprises the information included in the annual report for the year ended 31 December 2023 but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements, or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of management and board of directors for the financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

To the members of Rafhan Maize Products Co. Limited Report on the audit of the Financial Statements

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

To the members of Rafhan Maize Products Co. Limited Report on the audit of the Financial Statements

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) Proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- b) the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- d) zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980), was deducted by the company and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under section 7 of that Ordinance.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Fahad Bin Waheed.

Lahore March 28, 2024

UDIN: AR2023100895eCw8s7J0

KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants

KANG Tasee Hadi & 1

Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2023

		2023	2022
	Note	(Rupees in thousands)	
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	5	8,717,913	6,848,800
Employees retirement benefits	6	607,536	412,175
Long term loans - secured	7	1,369	7,065
Long term deposits	8	39,958	37,108
		9,366,776	7,305,148
Current assets			
Stores and spares	9	1,444,051	1,466,489
Stock in trade	10	24,898,647	16,477,262
Trade debts	11	2,924,399	2,874,412
Loans and advances	12	127,667	225,719
Short term prepayments	13	383,166	72,708
Other receivables	14	106,972	28,474
Short term investments	15	5,398,811	3,380,436
Cash and bank balances	16	6,637,014	887,943
		41,920,727	25,413,443
Current liabilities			
Current portion of long term financing		44,370	11,934
Current portion of deferred income		19,541	7,497
Contract portion of lease liability		5,114	5,119
Short term financing - secured	17	5,991,919	2,058,297
Contract liabilities		661,686	681,271
Trade and other payables	18	17,249,842	7,349,619
Unpaid dividend		1,658,375	2,110,251
Unclaimed dividend		25,802	22,517
Mark-up accrued on short term running finances		131,871	55,986
Provision for taxation - net	19	620,467	287,842
		26,408,987	12,590,333
Working capital		15,511,740	12,823,110
Total capital employed		24,878,516	20,128,258
Non-current liabilities			
Long term financing	20	341,217	69,348
Deferred income	21	94,754	43,225
Lease liability		10,873	-
Deferred taxation	22	1,394,689	979,859
Net capital employed		23,036,983	19,035,826
Represented by:			
Share capital and reserves			
Share capital	23	92,364	92,364
Reserves	24	22,944,619	18,943,462
10001.00	27	23,036,983	19,035,826
Contingencies and commitments	25		,000,020

The annexed notes 1 to 48 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Adil Saeed Khan Chief Financial Officer Humair Ijaz Chief Executive & Managing Director Zulfikar Mannoo Director

Statement of Profit or Loss For the year ended 31 December 2023

		2023	2022
	Note	(Rupees in t	thousands)
			_
Revenue	26	65,466,700	58,755,773
Cost of sales	27	(51,475,296)	(46,922,243)
Gross profit		13,991,404	11,833,530
Distribution expenses	28	(812,441)	(681,861)
Administrative expenses	29	(1,367,289)	(995,828)
Impairment on financial assets		(1,966)	2,400
Other income	30	1,571,048	704,606
Other expenses	31	(878,618)	(735,281)
		(1,489,266)	(1,705,964)
Operating profit		12,502,138	10,127,566
Finance cost	32	(501,803)	(205,982)
Profit before taxation		12,000,335	9,921,584
Taxation	33	(5,087,557)	(3,742,199)
Profit after taxation		6,912,778	6,179,385
Earnings per share - basic and diluted (Rupees)	34	748.43	669.02

The annexed notes 1 to 48 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Adil Saeed Khan Chief Financial Officer

Humair Ijaz Chief Executive & Managing Director Zulfikar Mannoo Director

Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the year ended 31 December 2023

	2023	2022
	(Rupees in	ı thousands)
Profit for the year	6,912,778	6,179,385
Other comprehensive income for the year		
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:		
Actuarial gain on retirement benefits	168,608	312,392
Deferred tax on actuarial gain	(78,390)	(103,089)
	90,218	209,303
Total comprehensive income for the year	7,002,996	6,388,688

The annexed notes 1 to 48 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Adil Saeed Khan Chief Financial Officer Humair Ijaz Chief Executive & Managing Director Zulfikar Mannoo Director

Statement of Cash Flows For the year ended 31 December 2023

	Note	2023 (Rupees in t	2022 thousands)
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash generated from operations	35	13,104,365	4,401,279
Taxes paid		(4,418,492)	(3,552,002)
Employees retirement benefits paid		(45,121)	(80,727)
Net cash generated from operating activities		8,640,752	768,550
Cash flows from investing activities			
Capital expenditure incurred		(2,430,755)	(881,764)
Payments for investments acquired during the year Proceeds from sale of investments		(8,198,811) 2,800,000	-
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		71,454	32,267
Long term loans disbursed		-	(7,127)
Interest received		999,203	465,764
Receipt from long term loans		9,636	5,439
Net cash used in investing activities		(6,749,273)	(385,421)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Receipt of long term financing		363,008	132,670
Repayment of long term financing		(3,474)	(122,217)
Dividend paid		(3,393,020)	(2,032,887)
Repayment of lease liability		(7,147)	(6,574)
Finance cost paid		(415,833)	(149,655)
Net cash used in financing activities		(3,456,466)	(2,178,663)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(1,564,987)	(1,795,534)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		2,210,082	4,005,616
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	36	645,095	2,210,082

The annexed notes 1 to 48 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Adil Saeed Khan Chief Financial Officer

Humair Ijaz Chief Executive & Managing Director Zulfikar Mannoo Director

Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended 31 December 2023

		Capital R	leserves	Reve	nue Reserves	
	Share capital	Share premium	Other	General	Un-appropriated profit	Total
-			(Rupee	s in thousand	(s)	
Balance as at 1 January 2022	92,364	36,946	941	207	15,749,429	15,879,887
<u>Total comprehensive income</u>						
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	6,179,385	6,179,385
Other comprehensive loss	-	-	-	-	209,303	209,303
	-	-	-	-	6,388,688	6,388,688
<u>Transactions with owners of the Company</u> <u>recognized directly in equity</u>						
Final dividend 2021 (Rs. 150 per share)	-	-	-	-	(1,385,464)	(1,385,464)
1st interim dividend 2022 (Rs. 100 per share)	-	-	-	-	(923,643)	(923,643)
2nd interim dividend 2022 (Rs. 50 per share)	-	-	-	-	(461,821)	(461,821)
3rd interim dividend 2022 (Rs. 50 per share)	-	-	-	-	(461,821)	(461,821)
	-	-	-	-	(3,232,749)	(3,232,749)
Balance as at 31 December 2022	92,364	36,946	941	207	18,905,368	19,035,826
Total comprehensive income						
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	6,912,778	6,912,778
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	-	90,218	90,218
	-	-	-	-	7,002,996	7,002,996
<u>Transactions with owners of the Company</u> <u>recognized directly in equity</u>						
Final dividend 2022 (Rs. 75.00 per share)	-	-	-	-	(692,732)	(692,732)
1st interim dividend 2023 (Rs. 75.00 per share)	-	-	-	-	(692,732)	(692,732)
2nd interim dividend 2023 (Rs. 75.00 per share)	-	-	-	-	(692,732)	(692,732)
3rd interim dividend 2023 (Rs. 100.00 per share)	-	-	-	-	(923,643)	(923,643)
	-	-	-	-	(3,001,839)	(3,001,839)
Balance as at 31 December 2023	92,364	36,946	941	207	22,906,525	23,036,983

The annexed notes 1 to 48 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Adil Saeed Khan Chief Financial Officer Humair Ijaz Chief Executive & Managing Director Zulfikar Mannoo Director

For the year ended 31 December 2023

1 Corporate and general information

1.1 Rafhan Maize Products Company Limited ("the Company") was incorporated in Pakistan and was subsequently listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited . Ingredion Incorporated Chicago, U.S.A., holds majority shares of the Company. The registered office of the Company is situated at Rakh Canal, East Road, Faisalabad. The Company uses maize as the basic raw material to manufacture and sell a number of industrial products, principal ones being industrial starches, liquid glucose, dextrose, dextrin and gluten meals.

The geographical locations and addresses of the Company's business units, including production facilities are as under:

- Head office, Registered office and Plant 1: Rakh Canal, East Road, Faisalabad
- Regional office: Finlay House, I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi
- Plant 2: Cornwala Plant, 5-KM Jaranwala-Khurrianwala Road, Jaranwala
- Plant 3: Mehran Plant, K.B. Feeder Road, Kotri, Jamshoro

2 Basis of preparation

2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act 2017;
- Islamic Financial Accounting Standards (IFAS) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan as notified under the Companies Act, 2017;
- Provisions of and directives issued under Companies Act, 2017.

In case requirements of provisions and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017, differ from requirements of IFRSs and IFASs, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 shall prevail.

2.2 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Pakistani Rupees which is also the Company's functional currency.

2.3 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except for:

- certain foreign currency translation adjustments; and
- recognition of employee retirement benefits at present value;

3 New standards amendments to approved accounting standards and interpretations which became effective during the year ended 31 December 2023

3.1 During the year certain amendments to standards or new interpretations became effective, however, the amendments or interpretations did not have any material effect on the financial statements of the Company.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

- 3.2 The following International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS Standards) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017 or the amendments and interpretations thereto will be effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 01 January 2024:
 - Classification of liabilities as current or non-current (Amendments to IAS 1 in January 2020) apply retrospectively for the annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024 (as deferred vide amendments to IAS 1 in October 2022) with earlier application permitted. These amendments in the standards have been added to further clarify when a liability is classified as current. Convertible debt may need to be reclassified as 'current'. The standard also amends the aspect of classification of liability as non-current by requiring the assessment of the entity's right at the end of the reporting period to defer the settlement of liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period. An entity's expectation and discretion at the reporting date to refinance or to reschedule payments on a long-term basis are no longer relevant for the classification of a liability as current or non-current. An entity shall apply those amendments retrospectively in accordance with IAS 8.
 - Non-current Liabilities with Covenants (amendment to IAS 1 in October 2022) aims to improve the information an entity provides when its right to defer settlement of a liability for at least twelve months is subject to compliance with conditions. The amendment is also intended to address concerns about classifying such a liability as current or non-current. Only covenants with which a company must comply on or before the reporting date affect the classification of a liability as current or non-current. Covenants with which the company must comply after the reporting date (i.e. future covenants) do not affect a liability's classification at that date. However, when non-current liabilities are subject to future covenants, companies will now need to disclose information to help users understand the risk that those liabilities could become repayable within 12 months after the reporting date. The amendments apply retrospectively for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024, with earlier application permitted. These amendments also specify the transition requirements for companies that may have early-adopted the previously issued but not yet effective 2020 amendments to IAS 1 (as referred above).
 - Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback (amendment to IFRS 16 in September 2022) adds subsequent measurement requirements for sale and leaseback transactions that satisfy the requirements to be accounted for as a sale. The amendment confirms that on initial recognition, the seller-lessee includes variable lease payments when it measures a lease liability arising from a sale-and-leaseback transaction. After initial recognition, the seller-lessee applies the general requirements for subsequent accounting of the lease liability such that it recognizes no gain or loss relating to the right of use it retains. A seller-lessee may adopt different approaches that satisfy the new requirements on subsequent measurement. The amendments are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024 with earlier application permitted. Under IAS 8, a seller-lessee will need to apply the amendments retrospectively to sale-and-leaseback transactions entered into or after the date of initial application of IFRS 16 and will need to identify and reexamine sale-and-leaseback transactions entered into since implementation of IFRS 16 in 2019, and potentially restate those that included variable lease payments. If an entity (a seller-lessee) applies the amendments arising from Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback for an earlier period, the entity shall disclose that fact.
 - Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture (Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28) amend accounting treatment on loss of control of business or assets. The amendments also introduce new accounting for less frequent transaction that involves neither cost nor full step-up of certain retained interests in assets that are not businesses. The effective date for these changes has been deferred indefinitely until the completion of a broader review.
 - Supplier Finance Arrangements (amendments to IAS 7 and IFRS 7) introduce two new disclosure objectives for a company to provide information about its supplier finance arrangements that would enable users (investors) to assess the effects of these arrangements on the company's liabilities and cash flows, and the company's exposure to liquidity risk. Under the amendments, companies also need to disclose the type and effect of non-cash changes in the carrying amounts of the financial liabilities that are part of a supplier finance arrangement. The amendments also add supplier finance arrangements as an example to the existing disclosure requirements in IFRS 7 on factors a company might consider when providing specific quantitative liquidity risk disclosures about its financial liabilities. The amendments are effective for periods beginning on or after 1 January 2024, with early application permitted. However, some relief from providing certain information in the year of initial application is available.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

- Lack of Exchangeability (amendments to IAS 21) clarify:
 - when a currency is exchangeable into another currency; and
 - how a company estimates a spot rate when a currency lacks exchangeability.

Further, companies will need to provide new disclosures to help users assess the impact of using an estimated exchange rate on the financial statements. These disclosures might include:

- the nature and financial impacts of the currency not being exchangeable;
- the spot exchange rate used;
- the estimation process; and
- risks to the company because the currency is not exchangeable.

The amendments apply for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2025. Earlier application is permitted.

The above amendments does not have any material effect on the financial statements of the Company

4 Material accounting policies:

The material accounting policies adopted for the preparation of the financial statements are set out below. The accounting policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented.

4.1 Property, plant and equipment

Owned

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any.

Cost of certain property, plant and equipment comprises of historical cost, exchange differences recognized, for the acquisition of property, plant and equipment up to the commencement of commercial production and the cost of borrowings during construction period in respect of loans taken, if any, for specific projects.

Depreciation charge is based on the straight-line method whereby the cost of an asset is written off to profit or loss over its estimated useful life after taking into account the residual value, if material. Depreciation is charged on addition if the asset is available for use within first fifteen days of a month, otherwise it is made from subsequent month. No depreciation is charged on an asset in the month of disposal. The rate of depreciation is specified in Note 5.1 to these financial statements.

The residual value, depreciation method and the useful lives of each part of property, plant and equipment that is significant in relation to the total cost of the asset are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting date.

Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to profit or loss as and when incurred. Improvements are capitalized when it is probable that respective future economic benefits will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. Assets replaced, if any, are derecognized.

The gain or loss on disposal or retirement of an asset is represented by the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized as an income or expense.

Leased

The Company recognizes a right-of-use asset at the lease commencement date. The right-of-use asset is initially measured at cost which comprise the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and subsequently at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability. The right-of-use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term. The estimated useful lives of right-of-use asset are determined on the same basis as those of operating property, plant and equipment. Right-of-use assets are disclosed in the property, plant and equipment.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

Capital work-in-progress

Capital work in progress and stores held for capital expenditure are stated at cost less any identified impairment loss and represents expenditure incurred on property, plant and equipment during the construction and installation. Cost also includes applicable borrowing costs.

Transfers are made to relevant property, plant and equipment category as and when assets are available for use.

4.2 Intangibles

Intangibles are recognized when it is probable that the expected future economic benefits will flow to the entity and the cost of the asset can be measured reliably. Intangibles having finite useful life are stated at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Cost of the intangible asset includes purchase cost and directly attributable expenses incidental to bring the asset for its intended use.

Amortization is based on the cost of an asset less its residual value, if any. Amortization is recognized in profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of intangible assets. Amortization methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted, if appropriate.

Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only when it increases the future economic benefits embodied in the specific asset to which it relates. All other expenditures are recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

4.3 Employees retirement benefits

The Company's retirement benefit plans comprise of provident fund, pension and gratuity schemes for eligible retired employees.

Defined benefit plans

The Company operates a funded gratuity scheme for all its employees and an approved pension fund for officers and above-grade employees, having a service period of minimum 10 years. The pension and gratuity schemes are salary schemes providing pension and lump sums, respectively. The pension and gratuity plans are final salary plans. The Company recognizes expense in accordance with IAS 19 'Employee Benefits'.

The contributions have been made to pension and gratuity funds in accordance with the actuary's recommendations based on the actuarial valuation of these funds as at 31 December 2023.

Past-service costs are recognized immediately in profit or loss, unless the changes to the plan are conditional on the employees remaining in service for a specified period of time (the vesting period). In this case, the past-service costs are amortized on a straight-line basis over the vesting period.

The Company's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated separately for each plan by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in the current and prior periods, discounting that amount and deducting the fair value of any plan assets. The calculation of defined benefit obligations is performed annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. When the calculation results in a potential asset for the Company, the recognized asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan. To calculate the present value of economic benefits, consideration is given to any applicable minimum funding requirements.

Remeasurements of the net defined benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses, the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest), are recognized immediately in other comprehensive income.

The Company determines the net interest expense (income) on the net defined benefit liability (asset) for the period by applying the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the annual period to the then-net defined benefit liability (asset), taking into account any changes in the net defined benefit liability (asset) during the period as a result of contributions and benefit payments. Net interest expense and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognized in profit or loss.

When the benefits of a plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefit that relates to past service or the gain or loss on curtailment is recognized immediately in profit or loss. The Company recognises gains and losses on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

Defined contribution plans

The Company operates a defined contribution approved provident fund for all its eligible employees, in which the Company and the employees make equal monthly contributions at the rate of 14% of basic salary including dearness allowance of employees.

Obligations for contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed as the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognized as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in future payments is available.

4.4 Stores and spares

These are valued at lower of cost, which is calculated according to moving average method, and net realizable value. Stores in transit are valued at invoice value including other charges, if any, incurred thereon. These include mechanical stores which are utilised in the manufacturing process and expensed as a period cost.

4.5 Stocks in trade

These are stated at the lower of cost and estimated net realizable value.e

Cost comprises all costs of purchase, cost of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition, and valuation has been determined as follows:

Raw materials Weighted average cost

Work-in-process and Cost of direct materials, labor and appropriate

finished goods manufacturing overheads.

Stock in transit is valued at a cost, comprising invoice value plus other charges invoiced there on.

Net realizable value signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale (selling expenses).

4.6 Financial instruments

4.6.1 Classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities

Under IFRS 9, on initial recognition, the Company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- Those to be measured subsequently at fair value either through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI"), or through profit or loss ("FVTPL"); and
- Those to be measured at amortized cost.

The classification depends upon entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

The following assessments have been made on the basis of the facts and circumstances that existed at the date of initial application:

- The determination of business model within which a financial asset is held; and
- The designation of certain financial assets with respect to subsequent measurement either through profit or loss or other comprehensive income.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

- For the purposes of the assessment, 'principal' is defined as the fair value of the financial asset on initial recognition. 'Interest' is defined as consideration for the time value of money and for the credit risk associated with the principal amount outstanding during a particular period of time and for other basic lending risks and costs (e.g. liquidity risk and administrative costs), as well as a profit margin.

A financial asset is measured at amortized cost if it meets both of the following condition:

- it is held within business model whose objective is to hold assets to collect contractual cash flows; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on principal amount outstanding.

A debt investment is measured at FVOCI if it meets both of the following conditions:

- it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets; and
- its contractual terms give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

In assessing whether the contractual cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest, the Company considers the contractual terms of the instrument. This includes assessing whether the financial asset contains a contractual term that could change the timing or amount of contractual cash flows such that it would not meet this condition. In making this assessment, the Company considers:

- contingent events that would change the amount or timing of cash flows;
- terms that may adjust the contractual coupon rate, including variable-rate features;
- prepayment and extension features; and
- terms that limit the Company's claim to cash flows from specified assets (e.g. non-recourse features).

On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the Company may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investment's fair value in OCI. This election is made on an investment-by-investment basis.

All financial assets not classified as measured at amortized cost or FVOCI as described above are measured at FVTPL. On initial recognition, the Company may irrevocably designate a financial asset that otherwise meets the requirements to be measured at amortized cost or FVOCI as at FVTPL if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces an accounting mismatch that would otherwise arise.

A financial asset is initially measured at fair value plus, for an item not at FVTPL, transaction costs that are directly attributable to its acquisition.

The following accounting policies apply to the subsequent measurement of financial assets:

Financial assets at FVTPL These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses, including an interest / markup or dividend income, are

recognized in statement of profit or loss.

Financial assets at amortized cost

These assets are subsequently measured at amortized cost using effective interest method. The amortized cost is reduced by impairment losses, if any. Interest / markup income, foreign exchange gains, losses and impairment are recognized in statement of profit or loss.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

Debt investment at FVOCI

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest / markup income calculated using the effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in statement of profit or loss. Other net gains and losses are recognized in statement of comprehensive income. On derecognition, gains and losses accumulated in OCI are reclassified to statement of profit or loss.

Equity investments at FVOCI

These assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Dividends are recognized in income statement unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognized in OCI and are never reclassified to statement of profit or loss.

4.6.2 Financial liabilities - Classification, subsequent measurement and gains and losses

Financial liabilities are classified as measured at amortized cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held-for-trading, it is a derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and net gains and losses, including any interest expense, are recognized in profit or loss. Other financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Any gain or loss on derecognition is recognized in profit or loss.

4.6.3 Derecognition

4.6.3.1 Financial assets

The Company derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred or in which the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all of the risks and rewards of ownership and it does not retain control of the financial asset.

The Company enters into transactions whereby it transfers assets recognized in its statement of financial position, but retains either all or substantially all of the risks and rewards of the transferred assets. In these cases, the transferred assets are not derecognised.

4.6.3.2 Financial liabilities

The Company derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged or cancelled, or expire. The Company also derecognises a financial liability when its terms are modified and the cash flows of the modified liability are substantially different, in which case a new financial liability based on the modified terms is recognized at fair value.

On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount extinguished and the consideration paid (including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed) is recognized in profit or loss.

4.6.3.3 Impairment

The Company recognizes loss allowances for ECLs on:

- financial assets measured at amortized cost;
- debt investments measured at FVOCI; and

An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of the assets exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss. Impairment losses recognized in prior periods are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

Additional information about how the Company measures allowance for impairment is detailed in note 38.2.2 of the financial statements.

4.6.3.4 Offsetting

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Company currently has a legally enforceable right to set off the amounts and it intends either to settle them on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

4.7 Impairment of non financial assets

The carrying amounts of non-financial assets other than inventories and deferred tax asset, are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is the higher of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets that cannot be tested individually are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets (the "cash-generating unit, or CGU").

The Company's corporate assets do not generate separate cash inflows. If there is an indication that a corporate asset may be impaired, then the recoverable amount is determined for the CGU to which the corporate asset belongs. An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of an asset or its CGU exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss.

Impairment loss recognized in prior periods is assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount.

An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

4.8 Provisions

A provision is recognized in the statement of financial position when the Company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation. The amount recognized as a provision reflects the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period.

4.9 Contingent liabilities

Contingent liability is disclosed when:

- there is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company; or
- there is present obligation that arises from past events but it is not probable that an outflow of
 resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation or the amount of
 the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

4.10 Revenue recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue represents the fair value of the consideration received or to be received from the sale of goods, net of sales tax, sales return and related discounts. Revenue is measured based on the consideration specified in a contract with customer. The Company recognises revenue when it transfers control of the goods. The customers obtain control when the goods are either dispatched or delivered to them and have been accepted at their premises. Invoices are generated at that point in time. Trade discounts are provided to certain customers for specified products. Some contracts permit the customer to return an item. Returned goods are exchanged only for new goods – i.e. no cash refunds are offered.

In case of export sale, control is transferred when goods are shipped to the customers.

Interest income

Return on bank deposits and debt instrument is accrued on a time proportion basis by reference to the principal outstanding and the applicable rate of return.

4.11 Leases

The Company is a lessee.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company's incremental borrowing rate. Generally, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.

The Company determines its incremental borrowing rate by obtaining interest rates from various external financing sources and makes certain adjustments to reflect the terms of the lease and type of the asset leased.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the following:

- fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments;
- variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, initially measured using the index or rate as at the commencement date;
- amounts expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee; and
- the exercise price under a purchase option that the Company is reasonably certain to exercise, lease payments in an optional renewal period if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option, and penalties for early termination of a lease unless the Company is reasonably certain not to terminate early.

The lease liability is measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. It is remeasured when there is a change in future lease payments arising from a change in an index or rate, if there is a change in the Company's estimate of the amount expected to be payable under a residual value guarantee, if the Company changes its assessment of whether it will exercise a purchase, extension or termination option or if there is a revised in-substance fixed lease payment.

When the lease liability is remeasured in this way, a corresponding adjustment is made to the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset, or is recorded in profit or loss if the carrying amount of the right-of-use asset has been reduced to zero.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

4.12 Borrowings and their cost

Borrowings are recognized initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the period in which these are incurred except to the extent of borrowing cost that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset. Such borrowing costs, if any, are capitalized as part of the cost of that asset.

4.13 Foreign currency translation

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Pak Rupees, at the foreign exchange rates prevailing at the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into Pak Rupees at the foreign exchange rates at the reporting date. Exchange differences are taken to the profit or loss.

4.14 Taxation

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognized in the profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in other comprehensive income or below equity, in which case it is recognized in other comprehensive income or below equity respectively.

Current

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income at the enacted or substantively enacted rates of taxation after taking into account available tax credits and rebates, if any. The charge for current tax includes adjustments to charge for prior years, if any.

Deferred

Deferred tax is recognized using balance sheet method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. The amount of deferred tax provided is based on the expected manner of realization or settlement of the carrying amount of assets and liabilities, using the enacted or substantively enacted rates of taxation.

The Company recognizes a deferred tax asset to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits for the foreseeable future will be available against which the asset can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

4.15 Earnings per share

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit after tax attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

4.16 Dividend and other appropriations

Dividend is recognized as a liability in the period in which it is declared and approved. Appropriations of profit are reflected in the statement of changes in equity in the period in which such appropriations are approved.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

			2023	2022
		Note	(Rupees in	thousands)
5	Property, plant and equipment			
	Operating property, plant and equipment	5.1	7,492,010	6,117,143
	Capital work in progress	5.2	1,225,903	731,657
			8,717,913	6,848,800

5.1 Operating property, plant and equipment

	Leased	Owned assets						
	Leasehold building	Freehold land	Factory building on freehold land	Plant and machinery	Furniture and fittings	Vehicles	Office equipment	Total
				(Rupees in	thousands)			
Cost								
Balance as at 01 January 2022	25,506	386,717	2,705,722	8,898,009	74,549	172,579	98,699	12,361,781
Additions	-	-	4,742	205,049	16,750	118,000	8,274	352,815
Disposals			-	(143,702)	(2,243)	(31,002)	(16,424)	(193,371)
Balance at 31 December 2022	25,506	386,717	2,710,464	8,959,356	89,056	259,577	90,549	12,521,225
Balance as at 01 January 2023	25,506	386,717	2,710,464	8,959,356	89,056	259,577	90,549	12,521,225
Additions	17.017		242.662	1 250 (((22.207	207 410	22 500	1.062.645
Additions Disposals	17,016 (25,506)	-	243,662	1,358,666 (22,720)	23,286 (1,105)	297,418 (31,420)	23,599 (227)	1,963,647 (80,978)
Balance at 31 December 2023	17,016	386,717	2,954,126	10,295,302	111,237	525,575	113,921	14,403,894
Rate of depreciation - %age	36%	-	4%	5%-10%	20%	20%	25%	11,100,051
1	3070		470	370-1070	2070	2070	2370	
Accumulated depreciation								
Balance at 01 January 2022	15,280	-	1,718,000	4,074,998	65,240	123,649	64,552	6,061,719
Depreciation	5,844	-	56,579	421,430	4,575	19,145	11,996	519,569
Disposals			-	(141,841)	(2,243)	(16,698)	(16,424)	(177,206)
Balance at 31 December 2022	21,124	-	1,774,579	4,354,587	67,572	126,096	60,124	6,404,082
Balance at 01 January 2023	21,124	-	1,774,579	4,354,587	67,572	126,096	60,124	6,404,082
Depreciation	5,930	-	57,953	433,103	6,719	59,161	15,436	578,302
Disposals	(25,506)		-	(20,061)	(1,105)	(23,744)	(84)	(70,500)
Balance at 31 December 2023	1,548	-	1,832,532	4,767,629	73,186	161,513	75,476	6,911,884
Carrying amounts								
At 31 December 2022	4,382	386,717	935,885	4,604,769	21,484	133,481	30,425	6,117,143
At 31 December 2023	15,468	386,717	1,121,594	5,527,673	38,051	364,062	38,445	7,492,010

5.1.1 The cost of fully depreciated assets which are still in use is Rs.1,536,815 thousands (2022: Rs. 1,531,513 thousands).

		2023	2022	
5.1.2	Depreciation is allocated as under:	(Rupees in thousands)		
	Cost of sales	527,490	493,791	
	Distribution cost	24,460	13,821	
	Administrative expenses	26,352	11,957	
		578,302	519,569	

5.1.3 Particulars of immovable property (i.e. land and building) in the name of the Company are as follows:

Particulars	Location	Total area (square feet)	
Rakh Canal Plant	Rakh Canal East Road, Faisalabad	804,172	
Cornwala Plant	5-KM Jaranwala-Khurrianwala Road, Jaranwala	5,368,492	
Mehran Plant	K.B.Feeder Road, Kotri, Jamshoro	2,220,210	
Makkuana Godown	Near makkuana bypass, Faisalabad	1,172,798	
Summandri Godown	Summandri Road, Faisalabad	505,904	

Freehold building and plant and machinery are located on above mentioned freehold land.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

5.2	Capital work in progress	V	2023	2022 thousands)
3.2	Capital work in progress	Note	(Kupees III	tiiousaiius)
	Land	5.2.1	6,814	6,814
	Civil works and buildings		21,451	10,995
	Plant and machinery	5.2.2	664,745	264,762
	Advances		521,622	391,702
	Machinery in transit		11,271	57,384
			1,225,903	731,657

- **5.2.1** This represents full payment of Rs. 1,814 thousands (2022: Rs. 1,814 thousands) and legal cost incurred Rs. 5,000 thousands (2022: Rs. 5,000 thousands) for the Company's factory land in Faisalabad which was acquired from the government in 1953 but registration of title is still pending in the name of Company.
- Plant and machinery includes markup amounting to Rs. 9,079 thousands (2022: 1,054 thousands) calculated at the rate of 16.9% to 23.08% (2022: 10.01% to 17.11%) per annum.

Details of property and equipment disposed off during the year having book value of Rs. 500,000 or more and where the aggregate book value of fixed assets sold exceeds five million rupees have been disclosed as follows:

	Asset description	Cost	Carrying amount	Sale price	Gain / (loss) on disposal	Mode of disposal	Relationship with the purchaser
	Plant & Machinery	6,240,000	2,659,211	1,507,438	(1,151,773)	As per policy	Vendor
	Vehicle	2,883,000	576,600	576,600	-	As per policy	Plant Manager
	Vehicle	3,276,500	2,675,808	4,267,700	1,591,892	As per policy	Head of Internal Audit
	Vehicle	4,576,000	4,423,467	4,498,503	75,036	As per policy	Manager Process Development
						2023	2022
6	Employees retireme	ent benefits			Note	(Rupees in	thousands)
	Cont. it				()	197 220	107.204
	Gratuity				6.1	187,220	107,384
	Pension				6.1	420,316	304,791
						607,536	412,175

6.1 Movements in the net assets recognized in the statement of financial position are as follows:

	Grat	Gratuity		sion
	2023	2022	2023	2022
		(Rupees in th	ousands)	
Net assets at the				
beginning of the year	107,384	50,028	304,791	49,755
(Expenses) / income recognized	(45,121)	(57,790)	26,753	(22,937)
Contribution paid during the year	45,121	57,790	-	22,937
Actuarial gain recognized	79,836	57,356	88,772	255,036
Net assets at the end of the year	187,220	107,384	420,316	304,791
Net assets at the end of the year	187,220	107,384	420,310	304,791

6.2 The amounts recognized in the profit or loss are as follows:

	Grat	tuity	Pension	
	2023 2022		2023	2022
	(Rupees in thousands)			
Current service cost	(64,308)	(62,530)	(16,275)	(28,689)
Interest cost	(131,982)	(111,988)	(72,270)	(86,096)
Interest income on plan assets	151,169	116,728	115,298	91,848
	(45,121)	(57,790)	(26,753)	(22,937)

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2023

6.4

6.5

6.6

6.3 The amounts recognised in other comprehensive income are as follows:

	Gratuity		Pension	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
		(Rupees in	thousands)	
Damagguraments of plan chlication from				
Remeasurements of plan obligation from: - Change in demographic assumption		17.063		62,157
- Change in financial assumptions	00.560	17,962	- 69 727	*
<u> </u>	98,569	33,040	68,737	172,970
- Experience adjustment on obligation	(92,154)	(12,475)	(38,458)	4,927
Damagayananta of alan agasta.	6,415	38,527	30,279	240,054
Remeasurements of plan assets:	224 500	125 557	152 501	107.020
- Actual net return on plan assets	224,590	135,557	173,791	106,830
- Interest income on plan assets	(151,169)	(116,728)	(115,298)	(91,848)
- Experience adjustment	-	-	-	-
	73,421	18,829	58,493	14,982
	79,836	57,356	88,772	255,036
The amounts recognized in the statement of final	naial nasitian ara	as follows:		
The amounts recognized in the statement of final	nciai position are a	18 10110WS.		
	Grati	uity	Pens	sion
	2023	2022	2023	2022
		(Rupees in	thousands)	
Present value of the obligation	(1,064,495)	(994,832)	(565,685)	(545,399)
Fair value of plan assets	1,251,715	1,102,216	986,001	850,190
Net assets	187,220	107,384	420,316	304,791
Net assets	107,220	107,364	420,310	304,791
	Grat		Pens	sion
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Movement in present value of defined	2023		thousands)	
benefit obligation		(Rupees II	r tiiousanus)	
Present value of defined benefit obligation				
as at the beginning of the year	(994,832)	(903,941)	(545,399)	(706,451)
Current service cost	(64,308)	(62,530)	(16,275)	(28,689)
Interest cost	(131,982)	(111,988)	(72,270)	(86,096)
Actual benefits paid during the year	120,212	45,100	37,980	35,783
Actuarial gain on obligation	6,415	38,527	30,279	240,054
Present value of defined benefit		•		
obligation as at the end of the year	(1,064,495)	(994,832)	(565,685)	(545,399)
Movement in fair value of plan assets				
Fair value of plan asset as at the				
beginning of the year	1,102,216	953,969	850,190	756,205
Interest income on plan assets	151,169	116,728	115,298	91,848
Actual benefits paid during the year	(120,212)	(45,100)	(37,980)	22,938
Actual contribution by the employer- normal	45,121	57,790	_	(35,783)
Net return on plan assets over interest income	73,421	18,829	58,493	14,982
Fair value of plan asset as at the				
end of the year	1,251,715	1,102,216	986,001	850,190

For the year ended 31 December 2023

		Gratuity -		Pension	
		2023	2022	2023	2022
6.7	Actual return on plan assets		(Rupees i	n thousands)	
	Expected return on plan assets	151,168	116,728	115,298	91,848
	Net surplus on plan assets				
	over interest income	73,421	18,829	58,493	14,982
		224,590	135,557	173,791	106,830
6.8	The composition of plan assets is as follow				
	Mutual funds	1,066	10	1,066	10
	Treasury Bills (T-Bills)	1,138,974	1,060,370	893,550	820,011
	Cash at bank	111,675	41,836	91,385	30,169
		1,251,715	1,102,216	986,001	850,190
6.9	Analysis of Present value of defined				
	benefit obligation				
	Type of Members:				
	Management	647,134	604,784	-	_
	Non-management	417,361	390,048	-	-
	Active	-	-	291,520	281,066
	Pensioners	1 074 407	- 004 022	274,165	264,333
		1,064,495	994,832	565,685	545,399
	Vested / non-vested:	<<4.0 = 0	001.107	4 < 0, 0, 0, 0	410.420
	Vested benefits Non-vested benefits	664,072 400,423	921,136 73,696	160,090 405,595	418,420 126,979
	Non-vested benefits	1,064,495	994,832	565,685	545,399
		_, 0 0 1, 0 0		202,002	
	Type of Benefits:				
	Accumulated benefit obligation	420,860	393,318	425,726	410,459
	Amounts attributed to future	(42 (25	(01.514	120.050	124.040
	salary increases	643,635 1,064,495	601,514 994,832	139,959 565,685	134,940 545,399
		1,001,175	771,032	202,002	313,377
6.10	Disaggregation of fair value of plan assets				
	Investment in mutual funds:	1.066	10	1.066	10
	Quoted	1,066	10	1,066	10
	Cash and cash equivalents (after				
	adjusting current liabilities):				
	Unquoted	111,675	41,836	91,385	30,169
	Debt instruments:	1 120 074	1.000.270	902.550	000 011
	Unquoted Total fair value of plan assets	1,138,974 1,251,715	1,060,370 1,102,216	893,550 986,001	820,011 850,190
	i otal fall value of piall assets	1,431,/13	1,102,210	700,001	030,170

- **6.11** Plan assets does not include any investment in the Company's ordinary shares as at 31 December 2023 (2022: Nil).
- **6.12** Expected contributions to gratuity fund and pension fund for the year ending 31 December 2024 are Rs. 67,168 thousands and Rs.16,610 thousands respectively.
- 6.13 The expected return on plan assets is based on the market expectations and depends upon the asset portfolio of the fund, at the beginning of the year.
- 6.14 The future contribution rates of these funds include allowances for deficit and surplus. Projected unit credit method is used for valuation of these funds based on the following significant assumptions:

For the year ended 31 December 2023

	Gratui	Gratuity Fund		Pension Fund	
	2023 2022		2023	2022	
			housands)		
Annual discount rate	15.00%	13.75%	15.00%	13.75%	
Expected return on plan assets	13.70%	14.12%	14.25%	14.25%	
Contribution rates (% of basic salaries)	7.80%	11.94%	-	4.74%	
Expected rate of growth per annum in future salaries:					
- First year following valuation	12.00%	15.00%	12.00%	15.00%	
- Second year following valuation	12.00%	12.00%	12.00%	12.00%	
- Third year following valuation	12.00%	12.00%	12.00%	12.00%	
- Long term (fourth year following					
valuation and onwards)	12.00%	12.00%	12.00%	12.00%	
Mortality rates	IALM (2012-	IALM (2012-	SLIC	SLIC	
-	14) Ultimate	14) Ultimate	(2001-05)-1	(2001-05)-1	

No pension increase rate was assumed in respect of the existing as well as the prospective pensioners. The same assumption was used during the last valuation.

- 6.15 The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation is 7.7 years and 10.1 years (2022: 8.00 years and 10.5 years) for gratuity and pension funds respectively.
- 6.16 These defined benefit plans exposes the Company to actuarial risks, such as longevity risk, currency risk, interest rate risk and market (investment) risk.
- **6.17** The main features of the employee retirement benefit schemes are as follows:
 - Under the gratuity scheme, the normal retirement age in case of managers and officers is 63 years and 60 years in case of staff and workers. A member shall be entitled to gratuity on resignation, termination, retirement, early retirement, retrenchment, death and dismissal based on the Company's Service rules.
 - Under pension scheme the member shall be entitled to pension, subject to conditions laid down in the rules, on reaching the normal retirement age, disability, early retirement or death in which case the surviving spouse shall be entitled.

Both the schemes are subject to the regulations laid down under the Income Tax Rules, 2002.

6.18 The implicit objective is that the contribution to the gratuity and pension schemes should remain reasonably stable as a percentage of salaries, under the actuarial cost method employed.

6.19 Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to changes in the weighted principal assumptions is as follows:

		Impact on defined benefit obligation			
		Gra	tuity	Pension	
	Change in	Increase in	Decrease in	Increase in	Decrease in
	assumptions	assumption	assumption	assumption	assumption
			(Rupees in	thousands)	
Discount rate	0.5%	35,819	(38,107)	24,294	(26,304)
Salary growth rate	0.5%	(41,422)	39,195	(9,726)	9,238
Pension increase rate	0.5%	-	-	(19,949)	18,919

The above sensitivity analysis is based on a change in an assumption while holding all other assumptions constant. In practice, this is unlikely to occur, and changes in some of the assumptions may be correlated. When calculating the sensitivity of the defined benefit obligation to significant actuarial assumptions the same method (present value of the defined benefit obligation calculated with the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period) has been applied as when calculating the defined benefit obligation recognized within the statement of financial position.

For the year ended 31 December 2022

7

Long term loans - secured	Note	2023 (Rupees in	2022 thousands)
Staff loans outstanding:	_		
Executives	7.1	841	7,358
Other employees	7.4	2,397	5,516
		3,238	12,874
Current maturity		(1,869)	(5,809)
		1,369	7,065
7.1 Loans to executives			
Opening balance		7,358	8,120
Disbursement during the year		-	2,400
Recoveries during the year		(6,517)	(3,162)
Closing balance		841	7,358

- 7.2 Loan to executive represent car loan provided to executives in accordance with the Company's policy and are repayable in 48 equal installments. These loans are either secured against the employees' provident fund or the vehicle purchased against the loan which is under joint ownership of the employee and the Company.
- 7.3 No loans were granted to the directors and chief executive officer of the Company.
- 7.4 Loans to other employees represent house building loans provided to employees in accordance with the Company's policy and are repayable over a period of five years. These loans are secured against the employees provident fund. Loans to employees carry interest at the rate of approximately 8% (2022: 8 % per annum).

8 Long term deposits

Long term deposits which are interest free, consists of funds deposited with the utility companies and various departments.

various departments.			
		2023	2022
Stores and spares	Note	(Rupees in	thousands)
Mechanical spares		1,065,859	853,657
Consumable stores			
Fuels		226,130	540,425
Supplies		225,723	148,915
		*	
		1,51/,/12	1,542,997
	0.1	(100.000)	(107.733)
Provision for slow moving and obsolete items	9.1	(109,999)	(107,733)
		1,407,713	1,435,264
Stores in transit		36,338	31,225
		1,444,051	1,466,489
	Mechanical spares Consumable stores Fuels Supplies Provision for slow moving and obsolete items	Stores and spares Mechanical spares Consumable stores Fuels Supplies Provision for slow moving and obsolete items 9.1	Stores and spares Note 2023 (Rupees in Mechanical spares 1,065,859 Consumable stores 226,130 Supplies 225,723 Provision for slow moving and obsolete items 9.1 (109,999) 1,407,713 Stores in transit 36,338

For the year ended 31 December 2023

10

9.1	Provision for slow moving and obsolete items	(Rupees in	2022 thousands)
	Opening balance	107,733	98,701
	Provision for the year	2,266	9,032
	Closing balance	109,999	107,733

Provision for slow moving and obsolete stock, and any reversal of provision, is included in cost of sales.			
		2023	2022
Stock in trade	Note	(Rupees in	thousands)
Raw materials			
- Corn	10.1	20,682,136	11,586,795
- Chemicals		372,771	154,190
- Packing materials		232,042	177,030
Work in process		132,642	151,455
Finished goods	10.2	3,604,915	4,576,755
		25,024,506	16,646,225
Less: Provision for slow moving and obsolete stocks:			
- Raw materials		(60,400)	(8,182)
- Finished goods		(65,459)	(160,781)
		(125,859)	(168,963)
		24,898,647	16,477,262

- 10.1 This includes corn in transit amounting to Rs. 343,260 thousands (2022: 106,070 thousands)
- This includes imported finished goods amounting to Rs. 181,542 thousands (2022:168,633 thousands). 10.2 out of which goods in transit amounts to Rs. 7,590 thousands (2022: Rs. 71,125 thousands).

11 Trade debts Local:	Note	2023 (Rupees in	2022 thousands)
Secured	11.2	1,505,662	1,100,426
Unsecured , considered good			
Related parties	11.1	213,168	414,527
Others		393,710	639,662
		606,878	1,054,189
Considered doubtful			
Related parties		1,714	185
Others		56,159	55,826
		57,873	56,011
		2,170,413	2,210,626
Allowance for credit losses	11.3	(57,873)	(56,011)
		2,112,540	2,154,615
<u>Foreign:</u>			
Secured	11.2	384,278	129,585
Unsecured , considered good			
Related parties	11.1	428,118	590,646
		812,396	720,231
Considered doubtful		(537)	(434)
		811,859	719,797
		2,924,399	2,874,412

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2023

11.1 Aging analysis of the amounts due from related parties is as follows:

Aging (analysis of the amou						
					2023		Manimum
		Neither past due nor impaired	Past due (1- 90 days)	Past due (91- 365 days)	Total		Maximum aggregate balance outstanding during the year
Local				(Rup	ees in thousands)		- the year
	Pakistan Foods Limited	194,356	14,426	6,100	214,882		558,641
Foreign	amount room Emilion	15 1,000	11,120	0,100	211,002		200,011
Ü	H.I. H.GK	202 525			202 525		455.255
_	Holding LLC Kenya South Africa (Pty) Limited	283,737 23,277	5,275	-	283,737 28,552		455,275 95,477
-	Germany GMBH	12,024	13,906	_	25,930		150,620
_	lion Indonesia	36,435	12,145	_	48,580		120,328
National S	Starch & Chemical Thailand	25,372	5,341	-	30,713		64,181
Ingredion	Malaysia	10,606	-	-	10,606		55,520
		391,451	36,667	-	428,118		
					2022		
		Neither past due nor impaired	Past due (1- 90 days)	Past due (91- 365 days)	Total		Maximum aggregate balance outstanding during the year
Local				(Rup	ees in thousands)		
Unilever I	Pakistan Foods Limited	373,195	41,309	23	414,527		414,712
Foreign							=
_	Holding LLC Kenya	221,209	76,582	584	298,375		318,154
_	South Africa (Pty) Limited	52,100	41,007	298	93,405		93,405
Ingredion	Germany GMBH	64,592	14,034	-	78,626		114,786
Pt. Ingred	lion Indonesia	68,208	-	-	68,208		68,208
	Starch & Chemical Thailand	17,384	20,915	-	38,299		38,299
Ingredion	Malaysia	10,636	3,096	-	13,732		19,932
		434,129	155,634	882	590,645		=
11.2	These trade debtors a	_	st security dep	osits, advance	es, letter of cred	its and bank gu	uarantees
	received from custon	ners.					
						2023	2022
11.3	Allowance for cred	it losses				(Rupees in	thousands)
	Opening balance					56,444	59,418
	Charge / (reversal) t	for the year				1,966	(2,400)
	Written off during th	he year				-	(574)
	Closing balance					58,410	56,444
						2023	2022
Loans	and advances			1	Note	(Rupees in	thousands)
T		1 1 1.					
	and advances - consid	_				02 200	204 425
	ers of goods and servi	ces			12.1	92,208	204,425
Employ		1		ı	12.1	33,590	15,485
Curren	t maturity of long teri	m loans				1,869	5,809
						127,667	225,719
12.1	The loans and advanthe directors and chief					ises. No advan	ces were given to
						2023	2022
Short term prepayments (Rupees in the							
						E2 1/2	46 440
Insuran						53,162	46,449
Otner p	prepayments					330,004	26,259
						383,166	72,708

12

13

For the year ended 31 December 2023		2023	2022
14 Other receivables	Note	(Rupees in	thousands)
Other receivables - farmers balances:			
Considered good		29,654	10,135
Considered doubtful		1,465	1,465
		31,119	11,600
Less: Allowance for credit losses		(1,465)	(1,465)
		29,654	10,135
Due from affiliates	14.1	14,431	1,306
Others		62,887	17,033
		106,972	28,474

14.1 The balance is receivable from Ingredion Inc. U.S.A and Ingredion Germany Gmbh amounting to Rs. 13,845 thousand and Rs. 586 thousand respectively as a reimbursement of miscellaneous expense incurred by the Company. The balances falls within 91-365 days age bracket and the maximum aggregate balance outstanding during the year amounted Rs. 78,817 thousands and Rs. 586 thousands respectively.

			2023	2022
15	Short term investments	Note	(Rupees in t	housands)
	Treasury bills - at amortised cost	15.1	-	3,380,436
	Mutual funds -FVTPL	15.2	5,398,811	-
			5,398,811	3,380,436

15.1 These carry profit at the rates ranging from 16.8% to 23.39% (2022: 8.05% to 14.9%) per annum

15.2 This include investment of 107,976,226 units in Meezan Daily Investment Plan (MDIP-I) of Al Meezan Investment Company Limited purchased at Rs. 50 each. At reporting date, the book value of the mutual funds equals its fair value.

			2023	2022
16	Cash and bank balances	Note	(Rupees in	thousands)
	Cash at banks			
	- current accounts		256,554	60,017
	- saving accounts	16.1 & 16.2	4,561,201	811,432
	- term deposit receipts	16.3	1,800,000	-
			6,617,755	871,449
	Cash in hand			
	- local currency		18,056	15,938
	- foreign currency		1,203	556
			19,259	16,494
			6,637,014	887,943
				-

16.1 These carry profit at rates ranging from 6.03% to 21.54% (2022: 4.35% to 14.9%) per annum.

16.2 This includes cash in transit amounting to Rs. 68,703 thousands (2022: NiL).

16.3 These carry profit at the rates ranging from 17.25% to 19.25% (2022: 6.5% to 11.3%) per annum.

17	Short term financing - secured	Note	2023 (Rupees in tl	2022 housands)
	Running finances Short term export refinance Short term finance		1,802,113 70,000 4,119,806	988,297 70,000 1,000,000
		17.1	5,991,919	2,058,297

For the year ended 31 December 2023

17.1 This represents utilized amount outstanding at year end of short term finance facilities under mark-up arrangements available from commercial banks. These facilities are secured against registered charge over the current assets of the Company and carry mark-up at 3MK plus 0.5% (2022: 3 MK to 3 MK plus 0.5%) per annum, payable quarterly.

				2023	2022
18	Trade	and other payables	Note	(Rupees in	thousands)
	Credito	rs		11,460,949	2,522,869
	Security	y deposits from dealers and contractors	18.1	1,229,791	1,104,291
	Other d	leposits		9,392	4,686
	Accrue	d liabilities		2,970,854	2,132,562
	Worker	rs' welfare fund	18.2	197,818	196,998
	Worker	rs' profit participation fund	18.3	640,157	533,565
	Employ	vees provident fund	18.4	20,554	17,691
	Withho	olding tax payable		193,634	104,637
	Sales ta	ax payable		526,693	732,320
				17,249,842	7,349,619
	18.1	Security deposits			
		Dealers	18.1.1	1,092,422	1,092,422
		Transporters	18.1.2	3,765	3,765
		Others	18.1.3	133,604	8,104
				1,229,791	1,104,291

- **18.1.1** These are interest free security deposits obtained from dealers and distributors of the Company and are adjustable or repayable on cancellation or withdrawal of the dealership/distributorship or on cessation of business with the Company. As per the terms of the agreement, the Company can utilize these funds for the purpose of the Company's operations.
- **18.1.2** These are interest free security deposits obtained from transport contractors. These deposits are adjustable with the outstanding balance of the contractor. As per the terms of the agreement, the Company can utilize these funds for the Company's operations.
- **18.1.3** These are interest free security deposits obtained from various contractors and can be utilized in accordance with the terms of agreements. These deposits are adjustable on termination of contract.

18.2	Workers' welfare fund	2023 (Rupees	2022 s in thousands)
	Opening balance	196,998	180,344
	Provision for the year Prior year adjustment	203,257 (2,523)	201,314 1,287
	Payment to the fund	(199,914)	(185,947)
	Closing balance	197,818	196,998
18.3	Workers' profit participation fund		
	Opening balance	533,565	481,020
	Provision for the year	639,758	532,843
	Payment to the fund	(533,166)	(480,298)
	Closing balance	640,157	533,565

For the year ended 31 December 2023

18.4 Provident fund related disclosures:

The Company operates funded contributory provident fund scheme for all its permanent and eligible employees. The following information is based on the un-audited financial statements of the provident fund:

	(Unaudited) 2023	(Unaudited) 2022
	(Rupees in t	housands)
Size of the fund - total assets	1,506,053	1,291,277
Cost of investments made	1,184,250	999,425
Percentage of investments - (% of total assets)	78.63%	77.40%
Fair value of investments	1,210,782	1,023,313

18.4.1 The break-up of investments is as follows:

	2023		2022	2
	(Rupees in thousands) %		(Rupees in the	nousands) %
Treasury Bills	1,107,761	91.49%	993,123	97.05%
Collective investment schemes	1,066	0.09%	8	0.00%
Bank placements	101,955	8.42%	30,182	2.95%
	1,210,782	100.00%	1,023,313	100.00%

The investments out of the provident fund have been made in accordance with the provisions of Section 218 of the Companies Act, 2017 and the rules formulated for this purpose.

19 Provision for taxation - net

This includes provision against super tax on taxable profit for the year 2023 in accordance with section 4C of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

20	Long term financing	Note	2023 (Rupees in	2022 thousands)
	Secured long term loans under: -Demand finance SBP renewable energy scheme	20.1	385,587 385,587	81,282 81,282
	Less: Current portion shown under current liabilities		(44,370) 341,217	(11,934) 69,348

20.1 This represents long term financing obtained from a commercial bank under Demand Finance SBP Renewal Energy Scheme having limit upto 650 Million to finance 6MW solar system at different project sites for a period of ten years. This loan carries effective interest rate of 1MK+0.5% and is payable in equal quarterly instalments. The loan is secured by exclusive charge over solar system to be installed at project site(i.e. Mehran Plant and Jaranwala Plant) with additional ranking charge over current assets of the Company with 25% margin. This includes loan amounting to Rs. 204,678 thousands awaiting approval from the SBP.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2023

	2023	2022
21 Deferred income	(Rupees in	thousands)
Deferred income Note	50,722	5,392
Deferred income recognized during the year 21.1	74,437	50,722
Amortized during the year 20.2	(10,864)	(5,392)
	114,295	50,722
Current portion of deferred income	(19,541)	(7,497)
Current portion of deterred mediae	` ' '	
	94,754	43,225

This represents government grant recognized on long term loan as stated in note 20.1. The 21.1 grant is being amortized on a systematic basis over the term of the loan.

		2023	2022
22	Deferred taxation	(Rupees in	thousands)
	Taxable temporary differences		
	Accelerated tax depreciation	1,342,018	981,139
	Employees retirement benefits	214,923	132,024
	<u>Deductible temporary differences</u>		
	Provisions	(104,620)	(104,158)
	Others	(57,632)	(29,146)
		1,394,689	979,859

22.1 The details of the tax effect of taxable and deductible temporary differences are as follows:

	2023				
	Opening balance	Charged to profit or loss	Charged to other comprehensive income	Closing balance	
Taxable temporary differences	(Rupees in thousands)				
Accelerated tax depreciation Employees retirement benefits	981,139 132,024	360,879 4,509	- 78,390	1,342,018 214,923	
Deductible temporary differences					
Provisions	(104,158)	(462)	-	(104,620)	
Others	(29,146)	(28,486)		(57,632)	
	979,859	336,440	78,390	1,394,689	

-	2022				
	Opening balance	Charged to profit or loss	Charged to other comprehensive income	Closing balance	
Taxable temporary differences		(Rupees	s in thousands)		
Accelerated tax depreciation	874,549	106,590	-	981,139	
Employees retirement benefits	28,935	-	103,089	132,024	
Deductible temporary differences					
Provisions	(50,208)	(53,950)	-	(104,158)	
Others	_	(29,146)		(29,146)	
	853,276	23,494	103,089	979,859	

For the year ended 31 December 2023

		2023	2022	2023	2022
23	Authorized, issued, subscribed and paid up capital	(Number	of shares)	(Rupees in	thousands)
	Authorized share capital - ordinary shares of Rs.10 each	20,000,000	20,000,000	200,000	200,000
	23.1 Issued, subscribed and paid up capital				
	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each: - Fully paid up for cash - Issued for consideration	1,858,991	1,858,991	18,590	18,590
	other than cash	36,294	36,294	363	363
	- Issued as bonus shares	7,341,143	7,341,143	73,411	73,411
		9,236,428	9,236,428	92,364	92,364

- Ingredion Inc. (formerly Corn Products International Inc.) Chicago, U.S.A. (the holding company), holds 6,561,117 (2022: 6,561,117) ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each as at 31 December 2023.
- 23.3 All ordinary shares rank equally with regard to the Company's residual assets. Holders of these shares are entitled to dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at general meetings of the Company.
- 23.4 There is no shareholder agreement in place for voting rights, board selection, rights of first refusal and block voting.

24	Reserves	Note	2023 (Rupees in	2022 thousands)
	<u>Capital</u>			
	Share premium	24.1	36,946	36,946
	Other	24.2	941	941
	<u>Revenue</u>		37,887	37,887
	General reserve		207	207
	Unappropriated profit		22,906,525	18,905,368
			22,906,732	18,905,575
			22,944,619	18,943,462

- 24.1 These reserves can be utilized by the Company only for the purpose specified in section 81(2) and 81(3) of the Companies Act, 2017.
- **24.2** This reserve was created under section 15BB of the Income Tax Act, 1922 to avail the tax exemption in prior years.

25 Contingencies and commitments

25.1 Contingencies

- **25.1.1** Land registration fee as per note 5.2.1.
- **25.1.2** Tax contingencies as disclosed in note 33.
- **25.1.3** Counter guarantees given by the Company to Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited & Sui Southern Gas Pipelines Limited as at reporting date amount to Rs. 564,500 thousands (2022: Rs. 564,300 thousands).

For the year ended 31 December 2023 2023 2022 (Rupees in thousands) 25.2 **Commitments** Commitments in respect of capital expenditure 860,463 1,262,277 1,309,200 Commitment in respect of purchase of corn 6,111,798 26 Revenue Domestic 69,314,112 62,866,037 Export 7,129,313 5,286,470 76,443,425 68,152,507 (10,379,480)Less: Sales tax (9,114,551)Trade discount (597,245)(282,183)(9,396,734) (10,976,725)Revenue from contracts with customers 65,466,700 58,755,773

26.1 Revenue has been recognized at a point in time for both local and export sales made during the year.

2023 2022

27	Cost of sales Raw material consumed:	Note	(Rupees in thousands)

	20 505 206	20 000 100
Corn	30,585,206	30,099,108
Chemicals	1,071,695	890,302
Packing material	1,150,768	1,006,041
	32,807,669	31,995,451
Factory expenses:		
Salaries, wages and amenities 27.1	2,619,061	2,303,384
Spares consumed	553,317	454,296
Logistics and handling	1,481,746	1,427,244
Fuel and power	10,661,832	11,555,534
Rent, rates and taxes	14,346	17,000
Consumables	54,301	29,986
Repairs and maintenance	87,632	64,552
Depreciation	527,490	493,791
Insurance	48,787	26,463
Factory general expenses	294,810	746,478
	16,343,322	17,118,728
	49,150,991	49,114,179
Add: Opening work in process	151,455	136,062
	49,302,446	49,250,241
Less: Closing work in process	(132,642)	(151,455)
Cost of production	49,169,804	49,098,786
Add: Opening finished goods stock - own manufactured	4,408,035	966,030
	53,577,839	50,064,816
Less: Closing finished goods stock - own manufactured	(3,423,286)	(4,408,035)
Cost of goods - own manufactured products	50,154,553	45,656,781
Cost of goods - purchased products	330,321	279,461
Freight and distribution cost	990,422	986,001
Cost of goods sold	51,475,296	46,922,243
•		- ,- ,

Salaries, wages and amenities include Rs. 11,530 (thousand) (2022: Rs. 48,702 thousand) in respect of contribution to pension and gratuity funds and Rs. 51,677 (thousands) (2022: Rs. 41,595 (thousands) in respect of contribution to provident fund.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

		2023	2022
	Note	(Rupees in	thousands)
28 I	Distribution expenses		
5	Salaries and amenities 28.1	199,578	169,066
7	Traveling and automobile expenses	38,278	22,207
(Commission expense	480,181	445,651
I	nsurance	4,366	3,782
F	Rent, rates and taxes	9,196	6,369
F	Repair and maintenance	437	645
I	Electricity charges	1,271	1,191
F	Printing and stationery	467	248
7	Γelephone and postage	7,105	4,144
A	Advertising and sales promotion	1,707	442
I	Depreciation	24,460	13,821
N	Market research and development	242	297
N	Miscellaneous expenses	45,153	13,998
		812,441	681,861

28.1 Salaries, wages and amenities include Rs. 2,150 (thousands) (2022: Rs. 9,765 thousands) in respect of contribution to pension and gratuity fund and Rs. 9,039 (thousands) (2022: Rs. 6,164 thousands) in respect of contribution to provident fund.

		2023	2022
	Note	(Rupees in thousands)	
29 Administrative expenses			
Salaries and amenities	29.1	459,404	418,145
Traveling and automobile expenses		56,632	45,928
Insurance		3,168	1,712
Rent, rates and taxes		12,229	4,153
IT, networking and data communication		739,476	446,897
Repair and maintenance		283	2,230
Electricity charges		2,669	2,583
Printing and stationery		2,300	3,219
Telephone and postage		4,190	2,803
Legal and professional charges		20,415	18,786
Depreciation		26,352	11,957
Auditors' remuneration	29.2	5,658	4,738
Miscellaneous expenses		24,513	27,150
Donation and charity	29.3	10,000	5,527
		1,367,289	995,828

29.1 Salaries, wages and amenities include Rs. 4,686 (thousands) (2022: Rs. 22,260 thousands) in respect of contribution to pension and gratuity fund and Rs. 19,304 (thousands) (2022: Rs. 15,661 thousands) in respect of contribution to provident fund.

29.2	Auditors' remuneration	2023 (Rupees in	2022 thousands)
	Audit fee	4,568	3,807
	Review of half yearly accounts	799	666
	Miscellaneous certifications	72	60
	Out of pocket expenses reimbursed	219	205
		5,658	4,738

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2023

	29.3	The details of donations exceeding Rs. 1,000,000 or 10% as follows:	of the total donation to	a single party is
		as follows.	2023 (Rupees in	2022
		Aldress A. T. Lauria M. Const.	· -	tiiousaiius)
		Akhuwat Islamic Microfinance	10,000	4,275
		Transparent Hands Trust	10,000	4,275
				T,273
	29.3.1	None of the directors has any interest in the donee.		
30	Other i	income e from financial assets		
	Mark u	p on loans and deposits	1,014,339	463,858
		n exchange gain	-	57,059
	_	nd income	175,072	-
	Income	e from non-financial assets		
	Profit o	on sale of scrap	297,924	147,460
	Profit o	on sale of property, plant and equipment	60,976	16,103
		zation of deferred income	10,864	5,392
	Miscell	aneous income	11,873	14,734
			1,571,048	704,606
			2023	2022
31	Other o	expenses	(Rupees in	thousands)
		rs' welfare fund	200 724	202 429
		rs' profit participation fund	200,734 639,758	202,438 532,843
		a exchange loss	38,126	332,643
	Torcign	r exchange 1055	878,618	735,281
				
32	Financ	e cost		
	Mark u			
		term running finances	420,274	160,777
	- Long	term financing	26,188	3,787
	Doub at	houses and commission	446,462 54,342	164,564
		harges and commission ding of lease liability	999	40,798 620
	Onwine	ang of rease natinty	501,803	205,982
			2023	2022
			(Rupees in	
33	Taxatio	on	` -	,
	Current	t taxation		
	- for	the year	4,126,487	3,311,358
	- prio	or year	624,630	407,348
			4,751,117	3,718,706
	Deferre	ed taxation		
		the year	159,413	(85,360)
	- prio	or year	177,027	108,853
			336,440	23,493
			5,087,557	3,742,199

For the year ended 31 December 2023 2022 2023 -Percentage-33.1 Reconciliation of effective tax rate Applicable tax rate 39.00 33.00 0.02 -Effect of permanent differences 0.03 5.20 -Effect of prior year charge 6.69 -Effect of presumptive tax regime (3.08)(0.50)-Effect of other (0.24)Average tax expense charged to profit or loss 42.40 37.72

The Income Tax Department has charged tax of Rs. 81,078 thousands for the assessment year 2001-2002 (financial year ended 30 September 2000) under section 12(9A) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 1979 (Repealed) on the allegation that the dividend distribution by the Company was less than 40% of its after tax profits. Against this levy, the Company filed an appeal with the Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals), which was rejected. The Company preferred an appeal with the Income Tax Appellate Tribunal (ITAT) against the order of CIT (Appeals). The ITAT decided the case in favor of the Company and confirmed that levy of tax under section 12(9A) was against the provisions of the law and directed the assessing officer for decision in accordance with the provisions of amended clause 59 of Part IV, Second Schedule to the repealed Income Tax Ordinance, 1979. The Income Tax Department has moved to Lahore High Court against the orders of ITAT. However, the Lahore High Court has transferred back the case to ITAT for reconsideration.

The management believes that this case will be decided in the favor of the Company. The legal advisors of the Company have concurred with the management's view. The Company has paid Rs. 58,613 thousands in prior years and has also made provision of the full amount in the financial statements.

The Income Tax Return of the Company for tax year 2011 was selected for audit under section 177 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. As a result of audit proceedings, the Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue passed the amended order under section 122(1) of the Ordinance and raised demand amounting to Rs. 31,855 thousands.

The Company has filed an appeal against the order passed before the Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals) who partially allowed the appeal to the Company. The tax department and the Company filed appeals before ATIR, whereby the appeal has been decided in favor of the Company. The Company has paid Rs. 27,282 thousands, however no provision has been charged to the financial statements as the management is confident that the case will be decided in the favor of the Company.

- The taxation officer under section 161/205 of the Income tax Ordinance, 2001 (the Ordinance) created tax demand of Rs. 51,935 thousands on the grounds that tax was deducted at lower rates, on payment of dividends to non-residents for the tax years 2004 to 2006. The Company filed appeal to Commissioner Income Tax (Appeals) and upon rejection filed an appeal before Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue (ATIR) who decided the case in favour of the Company. The Tax Department has filed the reference application before Lahore High Court (LHC) which was rejected by LHC. Against the order of LHC, the Tax Department filed appeal before the Supreme Court of Pakistan, which is pending for hearing. No provision has been recorded in the financial statements as the management is confident that the case will be decided in the favor of the Company.
- Ordinance 2001 objected that the tax was deducted at lower rates on payment of dividends to non-residents for the tax year 2009 to 2015. The Company filed writ petition against the said notice before the Court which directed the DCIR to consider the provisions of the Ordinance, the relevant double taxation treaty and the judgments of ATIR in respect of tax years 2004 to 2006 and ordered to charge tax on dividend income at the lower rates. The DCIR after considering the Company's reply in light of the court order issued another notice to the Company showing intention to charge tax at higher rate, against which the Company filed a second petition before the Court. The Court directed DCIR to determine the application and relevance of its order passed in this regard. The proceedings are still pending and no notice from DCIR has been received so far. No provision has been recorded in the financial statements as the management is confident that the case will be decided in the favor of the Company.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2023

Earnings per share - basic and diluted

33.6 While finalizing income tax assessment for the tax year 2014, the ACIR made certain add backs with the aggregated tax impact of Rs. 52,272 thousands of which Rs. 45,500 thousands have been paid. The Company has made full provision in the financial statements. However, against the amended order, the Company filed an appeal before CIR (Appeals), which was decided against the Company. Being aggrieved with the treatment meted out by the CIR (Appeals), the Company has preferred an appeal before the ATIR, which is pending adjudication till date.

2023

2022

	34.1	Earnings per share - basic			
		Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders	(Rupees in thousands)	6,912,778	6,179,385
		Weighted average number of ordinary shares	(Numbers)	9,236,428	9,236,428
		Earnings per share - basic	(Rupees)	748.43	669.02
	34.2	Earnings per share - diluted			
		There is no dilution effect on basic earnings per sha	re, as the Company has no suc	ch commitments.	
				2023	2022
			Note	(Rupees in	thousands)
35	Cash g	enerated from operation			
	Profit b	pefore tax		12,000,335	9,921,584
	1 dinate	mont for			
	-	nent for: iation of property, plant and equipment	ı	578,302	519,569
	_	on for employees retirement benefits		18,368	80,727
		ment reversal on financial assets		1,966	(2,400)
	_	on for slow moving and obsolete items		(40,838)	159,021
		n disposal of property, plant and equipment		(60,976)	(16,103)
		t income		(1,014,339)	(463,858)
		zation of deferred income		(10,864)	(5,392)
	Finance			501,803	205,982
				(26,578)	477,546
	_	enerated from operation before ing capital changes		11,973,757	10,399,130
	Effect	on cash flow due to working capital changes			
	(Increa	se) / decrease in current assets:			
	Stores a	and spares		20,172	(368,753)
	Stock in	n trade		(8,378,281)	(7,312,143)
	Trade d	lebts		(51,953)	(850,065)
		and advances		94,112	(156,511)
	_	erm deposits		(2,850)	(2,000)
		erm prepayments		(310,458)	66,827
	Other r	eceivables		(63,362)	8,962
		//1		(8,692,620)	(8,613,683)
		se / (decrease) in current liabilities:	ı	0.042.012	2.609.202
		and other payables et liabilities		9,842,813 (19,585)	2,608,293 7,539
	Contrac	et naomties		9,823,228	
	Cash a	enerated from operations		13,104,365	2,615,832 4,401,279
		•		13,104,303	7,701,2/9
36		nd cash equivalents			
		erm investments	15	_	3,380,436
		nd bank balances	16	6,637,014	887,943
	Short to	erm finance	17	(5,991,919)	(2,058,297)
				645,095	2,210,082

For the year ended 31 December 2023

37 The credit facilities available to the Company at year ended 31 December 2023 are as follows:

	202	2023		22			
	Available limit					Utilized credit	
		Rupees in million					
Long term financing	650	492	650	132			
Murabaha	9,373	8,474	7,500	5,700			
Running finance	8,727	5,887	10,800	2,058			
	18,750	14,853	18,950	7,890			
Letter of credits / guarantees	1,425	576	900	564			

38 Financial instruments - Fair values and risk management

38.1 Fair value measurement of financial instruments

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Underlying the definition of fair value is the presumption that the company is a going concern and there is no intention or requirement to curtail materially the scale of its operations or to undertake a transaction on adverse terms.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

IFRS 13 'Fair Value Measurement' requires the company to classify fair value measurements and fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements of fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1)
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset either directly (i.e. derived from prices) (Level 2)
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (i.e. unadjusted) inputs (Level 3)

Transfer between levels of the fair value hierarchy are recognized at the end of the reporting period during which the changes have occurred

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy. It does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

	C	arrying amou	nt		Fair	value	
	Amortised cost	Other financial liabilities	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
			Rupees in	thousands			
<u>31 December 2023</u>							
Financial assets - not measured at fair value							
Long term loans - secured	3,238	-	3,238	-	-	-	-
Trade debts	2,924,399	-	2,924,399	-	-	-	-
Long term deposits	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other receivables	106,972	-	106,972	-	-	-	-
Short term investments	-	-	-	-	5,398,811	-	5,398,811
Cash and bank balances	6,637,014	-	6,637,014	-	-	-	-
	9,671,623	-	9,671,623	-	5,398,811	-	5,398,811
Financial liabilities - not measured at fair value	1						
Long term financing	_	385,587	385,587	-	-	-	-
Trade and other payables	-	15,691,540	15,691,540	-	-	-	-
Mark-up accrued on short term running finances	-	131,871	131,871	-	-	-	-
Short term finance	-	5,991,919	5,991,919	-	-	-	-
Unpaid dividend	-	1,658,375	1,658,375	-	-	-	-
Unclaimed dividend		25,802	25,802	-	-	-	-
	-	23,885,094	23,885,094	-	-	-	-

For the year ended 31 December 2023

•	Ca	rrying amoun	t	Fair value			
	Amortised cost	Other financial liabilities	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
31 December 2022			Rupees in	thousands-			
Financial assets - not measured at fair value							
Long term loans - secured	12,874	-	12,874	-	_	-	_
Trade debts	2,874,412	-	2,874,412	-	-	-	-
Long term deposits	37,108	-	37,108	-	-	-	-
Other receivables	28,474	-	28,474	-	-	-	-
Short term investments	3,380,436	-	3,380,436	-	-	-	-
Cash and bank balances	887,943	-	887,943	-	-	-	-
	7,221,247	-	7,221,247		-	-	
Financial liabilities - not measured at fair value							
Long term financing	_	81,282	81,282	_	_	_	_
Trade and other payables	-	5,782,099	5,782,099	_	-	-	-
Mark-up accrued on short term running finances	-	55,986	55,986	-	-	-	-
Short term finance	-	2,058,297	2,058,297	-	-	-	-
Unpaid dividend Unclaimed dividend	-	2,110,251 22,517	2,110,251 22,517	-	-	-	-
Officialified dividend	<u> </u>				-	-	
	-	10,110,432	10,110,432		-	-	

38.2 Risk management of financial instruments

The Company finances its operations through equity, borrowings and management of working capital with a view to obtain a reasonable mix between the various sources of finance to minimize the finance related risks to the entity.

The company has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- Market risk

The Company's overall risk management policy focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the Company's financial performance.

38.2.1 Risk management framework

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for establishment and over sight of the Company's risk management framework. The executive management team is responsible for developing and monitoring the Company's risk management policies. The team regularly meets and any changes and compliance issues are reported to the Board of Directors through the audit committee.

The audit committee oversees compliance by management with the Company's risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Company.

38.2.2 Credit risk

Credit risk represents the financial loss that would be recognized at the reporting date if the counterparties fail completely to perform as contracted / fail to discharge an obligation / commitment that it has entered into with the Company. Concentration of credit risk arises when a number of counterparties are engaged in similar business activities, or have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economic, political or other conditions. Concentration of credit risk indicates the relative sensitivity of a company's performance to developments affecting a particular industry. The Company manages its credit risk by the following methods:

- Monitoring of debts on continuous basis.
- Application of credit limits to its customers.
- Obtaining adequate deposits / collaterals where needed.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

38.2.2.1 Exposure to credit risk

The carrying values of financial assets represent the maximum credit exposure before any credit enhancement. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is as follows:

	2023	2022	
	(Rupees in thousands)		
I am town laws	2 220	12.074	
Long term loans	3,238	12,874	
Trade debts	2,924,399	2,874,412	
Long term deposits	-	37,108	
Other receivables	106,972	28,474	
Short term investments	5,398,811	3,380,436	
Bank balances	6,617,755	871,449	
	15,051,175	7,204,753	
		1 500 001	
Secured	7,290,120	4,623,321	
Unsecured	7,761,055	2,581,432	
	15,051,175	7,204,753	

The Company identifies cancellation of credit risk by reference to type of counter party. Maximum exposure to credit risk by type of counterparty is as follows:

	2023	2022
	(Rupees in	thousands)
Trade debts	2,924,399	2,874,412
Loans to employees	3,238	12,874
Deposits and other receivables	106,972	65,582
Mutual Funds	5,398,811	-
Government debt securities	-	3,380,436
Banking companies and financial institutions	6,617,755	871,449
	15,051,175	7,204,753

38.2.2.2 Trade debts

The Company's trade debts comprises of receivables from industrial customers and individuals. Individual customers are secured by security deposits and advances. The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. However, management also considers the factors that may influence the credit risk of its customer base, including the default risk associated with the customer. Majority of the Company's industrial customers have been transacting with the Company for over five years, and none of these customers' balances have been written off or are credit-impaired at the reporting date. In monitoring customer credit risk, customers are grouped according to their credit characteristics, including whether they are an individual or a legal entity, their trading history with the Company and existence of previous financial difficulties.

The Company uses an allowance matrix to measure ECLs of trade debtors. Loss rates are calculated using a 'roll rate' method based on the probability of a receivable progressing through successive stages of delinquency. The future recoveries from trade debtors are accounted for in calculating the loss rate.

Weighted

Gross

	average loss rate	carrying amount	Loss allowance
31 December 2023	(Ru	pees in thousand	ds)
Current	0.00%	2,417,165	-
1-90 days	0.00%	492,062	-
91-180 days	10.52%	14,405	1,515
181-270 days	1.64%	2,320	38
365- above days	100.00%	56,858	56,858
		2 002 010	E0 /11

For the year ended 31 December 2023

	Weighted average loss rate	Gross carrying amount	Loss allowance	
31 December 2022	(Rupees in thousands)			
Current	0.00%	2,394,617	_	
1-90 days	0.00%	366,547	-	
91-180 days	0.05%	28,070	14	
181-270 days	0.04%	85,226	33	
365- above days	100.00%	56,397	56,397	
		2,930,857	56,444	

38.2.2.3 Loans to employees

Loans to employees are secured against provident fund and salaries of employees. The Company has assessed, based on historical experience and available securities, that the expected credit loss associated with loans to employees is trivial and therefore no impairment charge has been accounted for.

38.2.2.4 Deposits and other receivables

Deposits and other receivables mainly comprise of advances to employees against salaries and deposits with various government and corporate entities. The Company has assessed, based on historical experience and available securities, that the expected credit loss associated with these financial assets is trivial and therefore no impairment charge has been accounted for.

38.2.2.5 Government debt securites

These are government debt securities having short term maturities. The repayment of face value is guaranteed by the Government of Pakistan. The Company has assessed that the expected credit loss associated with these financial assets is trivial and therefore no impairment charge has been accounted for.

38.2.2.6 Cash and bank balances

The cash and cash equivalents are held with banks and financial institutions counterparties, which are rated A to AAA, based on credit ratings from rating agencies.

Impairment on cash and cash equivalents has been measured on a 12 month expected loss basis and reflects short term maturities of the exposure. The Company considers its cash and cash equivalents have low credit risk based on the external ratings of the counterparties.

12 month probabilities of default are based on historical data supplied by VIS rating agency for each credit rating. Loss given default (LGD) parameters generally reflect assumed recovery rates based on recovery rates assumed in Basel Guidelines for unsecured exposures.

38.2.2.6.1 Counterparties with external credit ratings

The credit quality of financial assets held with banking companies that are neither past due nor impaired can be assessed by reference to external credit ratings or to historical information about counterparty default rate:

Banks	Rating		D //	2023	2022
	Short term	Long term	 Rating agency 	(Rupees in thousands)	
Meezan Bank Limited	A-1+	AAA	VIS	659,078	330,259
Standard Chartered Bank					
(Pakistan) Limited	A 1+	AAA	PACRA	-	110,465
Citi Bank Limited	P 1	Aa3	Moody's	289,724	123,090
MCB Bank Limited	A 1+	AAA	PACRA	49,120	224,919
Habib Bank Limited	A-1+	AAA	VIS	3,814,088	74,480
National Bank of Pakistan	A 1+	AAA	PACRA	1,805,745	8,236
Al-Meezan Investment					
Management Limited		AM1	PACRA	5,398,811	-
				12,016,566	871,449

For the year ended 31 December 2023

38.2.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure as far as possible to always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due. The Company is not materially exposed to liquidity risk as substantially all obligations / commitments of the Company are short term in nature and are restricted to the extent of available liquidity. In addition, the Company has obtained overdraft facilities from various commercial banks to meet any deficit, if required to meet the short term liquidity commitments.

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities:

	2023			
	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	Up to one year or less	More than one year
		(Rupees in thou	ısand)	
Non- derivative financial liabilities				
Long term financing	385,587	491,538	47,728	443,810
Trade and other payables	15,691,540	15,691,540	15,691,540	
Mark-up accrued on short term finances	131,871	131,871	131,871	-
Unpaid dividend	1,658,375	1,658,375	1,658,375	-
Unclaimed dividend	25,802	25,802	25,802	-
Lease liability	15,987	20,625	7,768	12,857
Short term finance	5,991,919	5,991,919	5,991,919	-
	23,901,081	24,011,670	23,555,003	456,667
				•
	2022			
	Contractual Up to one More than			More than
	Carrying amount	cash flows	year or less	one year
N 1	(Rupees in thousand)			
Non- derivative financial liabilities				
Long term financing	81,282	167,492	13,504	153,988
Trade and other payables	6,297,974	6,297,974	6,297,974	-
Mark-up accrued on short term finances	55,986	55,986	55,986	-
Unpaid dividend	2,110,251	2,110,251	2,110,251	-
Unclaimed dividend	22,517	22,517	22,517	-
Lease liability	5,119	5,255	5,255	-
Short term finance	2,058,297	2,058,297	2,058,297	-

38.2.3.1 Concentration risk

Concentration of credit risk exists when the changes in economic or industry factors similarly affect groups of counterparties whose aggregate credit exposure is significant in relation to the Company's total credit exposure. The Company's portfolio of financial assets is broadly diversified and all other transactions are entered into with credit-worthy counterparties there-by mitigating any significant concentrations of credit risk.

10,631,426

10,717,772

10,563,784

153,988

For the year ended 31 December 2023

	(Rupees in	thousands)
Paper and Board	266,764	466,828
Confectionary	47,690	30,918
Textile	102,439	208,689
Poultry	56,974	55,505
Food	773,087	1,061,517
Pharmaceuticals	-	113
Chemical and Allied Industries	236,494	15,672
Dealers	1,499,362	1,091,615
Bank	6,617,755	871,449
Government	5,398,811	3,380,436
Employees	1,369	12,874
Others	148,799	67,046
Allowance for expected credit loss	(58,411)	(57,909)
	15,091,133	7,204,753

2023

2022

Market risk is the risk that changes in market price such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will effect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The Company is not exposed to major market risks as at 31 December 2023.

38.2.3.2 Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company is exposed to currency risk on import of project related capital and stores and spares items and export of goods mainly denominated in US dollars and on foreign currency cash and bank balances. The Company's exposure to foreign currency risk for US Dollar is as follows:

	2023	2022
In USD		
Foreign debtors	2,941,140	3,100,214
Foreign currency bank balance	1,086	-
Trade and other payables	(3,330,302)	(2,202,751)
In EURO		
Trade and other payables	(157,555)	-
Net exposure	(545,631)	897,463

The following significant exchange rates have been applied:

	Average rate	for the year	Reportin	g date rate
	2023	2022	2023	2022
USD to PKR	254	207.20	282	226
EURO to PKR	277	214.92	312	241

Sensitivity analysis

At reporting date, if the PKR had strengthened by 10% against the foreign currencies with all other variables held constant, before tax profit for the year would have been increase by the amount shown below, mainly as a result of net foreign exchange gain on translation of foreign debtors, foreign currency bank account and trade and other payables.

	2023	2022
Effect on profit or loss	(Rupees in	thousands)
US Dollar	(10,944)	20,321
EURO	(4,443)	_

The weakening of the PKR against foreign currencies would have had an equal but opposite impact on the post tax profit.

The sensitivity analysis prepared is not necessarily indicative of the effects on profit for the year and assets / liabilities of the Company.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

38.2.3.3 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair values of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. At the reporting date the interest rate profile of the Company's significant interest bearing financial instruments was as follows:

	Effective	e rate	Carryin	g amount
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Financial assets	(Percent	tage)	(Rupees in	thousands)
Fixed rate instruments:				
Long term loans	8.0%	8.0%	3,238	12,874
Treasury bills	-	8.05% - 16.9%	-	3,380,436
Term deposit receipts	17.25% - 19.25%	-	1,800,000	-
Variable rate instruments:				
Bank balances - saving	6.03% - 21.54%	7.1% to 14.5%	811,432	811,432
Financial liabilities				
Fixed rate instruments:				
Long term financing	16.9% - 23.27%	16.9%	385,587	81,282
Lease liability	23.78%	8.17%	15,987	5,119
Variable rate instruments:				
Short term financing - secured	16.33% - 22.86%	10.25% to 16.46%	5,991,919	2,058,297

Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The Company does not account for any fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. Therefore a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit or loss.

Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

A change of 100 basis points in interest rates at the reporting date would have (decreased) / increased profit for the year by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency rates, remain constant.

	Profit or lo	oss 100 bps
	Increase	Decrease
	(Rupees in	thousands)
As at 31 December 2023	5,941	(5,941)
As at 31 December 2022	3,031	(3,031)

The sensitivity analysis prepared is not necessarily indicative of the effects on profit for the year and assets / liabilities of the Company.

38.2.3.4 Other price risk

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk). The company is not exposed to any price risk as there are no financial instruments at the reporting date that are sensitive to price fluctuations.

38.2.4 Capital management

The Board's policy is to maintain an efficient capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain the future development of its business. The Board of Directors monitors the return on capital employed, which the Company defines as operating income divided by capital employed. The Board of Directors also monitors the level of dividends to ordinary shareholders.

For the year ended 31 December 2023

The Company's objectives when managing capital are:

- to safeguard the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, and
- to provide an adequate return to shareholders.

The Company manages the capital structure in the context of economic conditions and risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may, for example, adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders and issue new shares.

For working capital requirement and capital expenditure, the Company relies substantially on cash generated from operations.

Executive Directors

Executives

2022

164,059

162,418

68,303

52,215

446,995

68

2023

215,335

225,519

118,809

55,164

614,827

88

39 Remuneration of Chief Executive, Directors and Executives

	Managing	Director	Executive	Directors
	2023	2022	2023	2022
			(Rupees in	thousands) -
Managerial remuneration	18,666	36,998	14,428	12,443
Rent, medical and				
other allowances	17,359	15,978	12,450	10,763
Bonus and leave encashment	10,556	23,526	9,079	3,221
Retirement benefits	4,832	5,679	3,734	3,915
	51,413	82,181	39,691	30,342

Chief Executive and

39.1 Meeting fees aggregating to Rs. 5,140 thousands (2022: Rs 4,640 thousands) were paid to 4 (2022: 4) non-executive directors for attending board meetings. In addition, Chief Executive & Managing Director (CE&MD), full time working director and some executives are provided with company maintained car. Number of non-executive directors of the Company as at 31 December 2023 are 9 (2022: 9).

For the year ended 31 December 2023

40 Transactions with related parties

The related parties comprise parent company, related group companies, local associated company, directors of the Company, key management personnel and staff retirement funds. Details of transactions with related parties, other than those disclosed else where in these financial statements are as follows:

				2023	23	2022	22
Name of parties	Nature of relationship	Basis of relationship/ association	Nature and description of related party transaction	Total value of transaction	Closing balance [asset/ (liability)]	Total value of transaction	Closing balance [asset/ (liability)]
				(Rupees in thousands)	nousands)	(Rupees in thousands)	iousands)
Ingredion Inc. U.S.A.	Holding Company	Majority shareholder	Services received	630,412	(672,602)	431,525	(228,621)
Ingredion Inc. U.S.A.	-op-	-op-	Dividend	2,132,363	(1,646,430)	2,296,391	(2,095,457)
Ingredion Inc. U.S.A.	-op-	-op-	Imports	61,885	(96,775)	115,790	(66,947)
Ingredion Inc. U.S.A.	-op-	-op-	Services provided	131,816	13,845	76,841	1,309
Unilever Pakistan Foods Limited	Associate	Common directorship	Sales	2,837,811	214,882	2,869,047	414,712
Pakistan Oxygen Limited	Associate	Common directorship	Purchases	168	•	401	419
Ingredion Holding LLC Kenya	-op-	Parent's subsidiary	Export sales	970,087	279,337	618,695	295,975
Ingredion Holding LLC Kenya	-op-	-op-	Services provided	4,377	4,400	2,971	2,400
Ingredion Singapore Pte. Ltd.	-op-	-op-	Export sales	1	(22,634)	4,737	(18,252)
Ingredion Germany GMBH	-op-	-op-	Export sales	403,898	25,929	497,845	78,626
Ingredion Germany GMBH	-op-	-op-	Imports	56,480	(52,592)	36,787	(12,883)
Ingredion Germany GMBH	-op-	-op-	Services received	•	(2,010)	1	(1,621)
Ingredion Germany GMBH	-op-	-op-	Services provided	286	989	ı	1
Ingredion Holdings (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	-op-	-op-	Imports	224,422	(32,334)	96,070	(64)
Ingredion Holdings (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	-op-	-op-	Export sales	95,042	30,713	114,209	38,299
Ingredion Malaysia SDN BHD	-op-	-op-	Export sales	134,052	10,606	43,529	13,732
PT Ingredion, Indonesia	-op-	-op-	Export sales	255,049	48,580	271,376	68,208
Ingredion South Africa (Pvt) Ltd.	-op-	-op-	Export sales	174,248	28,552	265,763	93,065
Ingredion South Africa (Pvt) Ltd.	-op-	-op-	Services provided	•		298	340
Pakistan Mobile Communication (Pvt) Ltd.	-op-	Common directorship	Services received	1,398		2,375	1
Foundation Solar Energy Ltd.	-op-	-op-	Purchases	137,316		132,003	132,003
Kohinoor Textile Mills Ltd.	-op-	-op-	Sales	125,539	(2)	102,835	(3,467)
Gul Ahmad Textile Mills Limited	-op-	-op-	Sales	37,205	3,138	•	
Fongrow Pvt Ltd.	-op-	-op-	Sales	1,800		1	1
Employee Benefits	-op-	Employee's retirement fund	Contribution to funds	686,386	(20,554)	144,146	(17,691)

Notes to the Financial StatementsFor the year ended 31 December 2023

40.1 Following are the related parties based on the shareholding with which the Company entered into transactions during the year.

Name of parties	Country of the Company	Percentage of shareholding
Ingredion Inc. U.S.A.	United States of America	Shareholding of 71.04% shares
Unilever Pakistan Foods Limited	Islamic Republic of Pakistan	Nil
Pakistan Oxygen Limited	Islamic Republic of Pakistan	-op-
Ingredion Holding LLC Kenya	Republic of Kenya	-op-
Ingredion Singapore PTE Ltd.	Republic of Singapore	-op-
Ingredion Germany GMBH	Federal Republic of Germany	-op-
Ingredion Holdings (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	Kingdom of Thailand	-op-
Ingredion Malaysia SDN BHD	Malaysia	-op-
PT Ingredion, Indonesia	Republic of Indonesia	-op-
Ingredion South Africa (Pvt) Ltd.	Republic of South Africa	-op-
Pakistan Mobile Communication (Pvt) Ltd.	Islamic Republic of Pakistan	-op-
Foundation Solar energy Ltd.	Islamic Republic of Pakistan	-op-
Kohinoor Textile Mills Ltd.	Islamic Republic of Pakistan	-op-
Gul Ahmad Textile Mills Limited	Islamic Republic of Pakistan	-op-
Fongrow Pvt Ltd.	Islamic Republic of Pakistan	-op-

For the year ended 31 December 2023

2023 2022 -----(Metric tons)-----

41 Plant capacity and production

Average grind capacity per day	1,905	1,899
Capacity	659,130	664,708
Actual days worked	270	335
Actual production	503,471	635,893

The actual production is 76.38% (2022: 95.67%) of the plant capacity. The decrease in actual production is due to less operational days as compared to prior year.

42 Number of employees

The Company has employed following number of persons including permanent and contractual staff:

	No of en	nployees
	2023	2022
Number of employees as at 31 December 2023	1,097	1,075
Average number of employees during the year	1,086	1,072
	· 	

43 Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that effect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions and judgments are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the result of which form the basis of making the judgment about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revision to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision effects only that period, or in the period of revision and future periods if revision affects both current and future periods. The area where various assumptions and estimates are significant to Company's financial statements or where significant judgments were exercised in application of accounting policies is present value of defined benefit obligations.

Notes to the Financial StatementsFor the year ended 31 December 2023

44 Reconciliation of the movement of liabilities to cash flows arising from financing activities.

				2023			
			Liabilities				
			•	Dividend	lend	Equity	
	Long term financing	Lease liability	Mark-up accrued on short term running	Payable	Unclaimed	Un- appropriated profit	Total
		1	nnances - Rupees in thousands -	sp			;
Balance as at 01 January 2023	81,282	5,119	55,986	2,110,252	22,517	18,905,368	21,180,524
Changes from financing cash flows							
Receipt of long term financing	363,008	1	1	ı	1		363,008
Repayment of long term financing	(3,474)	1	1	ı	1	•	(3,474)
Dividend paid	1	ı	1	(3,392,077)	(943)	•	(3,393,020)
Repayment of lease liability	1	(7,147)			1		(7,147)
Finance cost paid	(17,102)	1	(398,731)	1	-	-	(415,833)
Total changes from financing cash flows	342,432	(7,147)	(398,731)	(3,392,077)	(943)		(3,456,466)
Other changes							
Unwinding of interest	36,310	6666	474,616	ı	1		511,925
Tax withheld	1		1	(57,411)	1		(57,411)
Lease recognized		17,016		ı	1	•	17,016
Deferred income	(74,437)	ı	1		1	•	(74,437)
Dividends declared	ı	1	1	3,001,839	1	(3,001,839)	ı
Transfer to unclaimed dividend				(4,228)	4,228	1	1
Total liability related other changes	(38,127)	18,015	474,616	2,940,200	4,228	(3,001,839)	397,093
Total equity related other changes	•	•	•	•	-	7,002,996	7,002,996
Closing as at 31 December 2023	385,587	15,987	131,871	1,658,375	25,802	22,906,525	25,124,147

Notes to the Financial StatementsFor the year ended 31 December 2023

				2022			
			Liabilities				
				Dividend	lend	Equity	
	Long term financing	Lease liability	Mark-up accrued on short term running finances	Payable	Unclaimed	Un- appropriated profit	Total
Balance as at 01 January 2022	119,811	11,073	2,022	914,189	18,718	15,749,429	16,815,242
Changes from financing cash flows							
Receipt of long term financing	132,670	1		,	1	•	132,670
Repayment of long term financing	(122,217)		•	1	•	1	(122,217)
Dividends paid	ı	1	1	(2,032,887)	1	ı	(2,032,887)
Repayment of lease liability	ı	(6,574)	ı	ı	l	ı	(6,574)
Finance cost paid	(2,047)	1	(147,611)	ı	1	ı	(149,658)
Total changes from financing cash flows	8,406	(6,574)	(147,611)	(2,032,887)	1	•	(2,178,666)
Other changes							
Lease liability recognized	1	1		1	1	1	ı
Interest expense	3,787	620	201,575	ı	ı	ı	205,982
Deferred income recognized	(50,722)	1	1	ı	1	ı	(50,722)
Dividends declared	•	1	1	3,232,749		(3,232,749)	ı
Transfer to unclaimed dividend	•	1	1	(3,799)	3,799	1	ı
Total liability related other changes	(46,935)	620	201,575	3,228,950	3,799	(3,232,749)	155,260
Total equity related other changes	ı	1	1	ı	1	6,388,688	6,388,688
Closing as at 31 December 2022	81,282	5,119	55,986	2,110,252	22,517	18,905,368	21,180,524

For the year ended 31 December 2023

45 Dividends

The Board of Directors have proposed a final dividend for the year ended 31 December 2023 of Rs. 100 per share, amounting to Rs. 923,643 thousands at their meeting held on February 28, 2024 for approval of members at the Annual General Meeting.

46 Operating segments

The financial statements have been prepared on the basis of a single reportable segment. 90.21% (2022: 92.24%) out of total sales of the Company relates to customers in Pakistan. All non current assets of the Company as at 31 December 2023 are located in Pakistan.

47 Date of authorization of issue

These financial statements were authorized for issue on February 28, 2024 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

48 General

48.1 Figures in these financial statements have been rounded off to the nearest thousands of rupees

Adil Saeed Khan Chief Financial Officer Humair Ijaz Chief Executive & Managing Director Zulfikar Mannoo Director

Pattern of Shareholding As at 31 December 2023

No. of Shareholders		Shareholding		Total Shares Held
671	1	-	100	26,741
143	101	-	500	33,738
41	501	-	1000	31,096
33	1001	-	5000	84,488
5	5001	-	10000	46,710
6	10001	-	15000	79,000
1	15001	-	20000	18,239
1	20001	-	25000	23,534
1	25001	-	30000	26,052
1	45001	-	50000	50,000
4	50001	-	55000	204,674
1	55001	-	60000	58,252
1	60001	-	65000	62,467
2	65001	-	70000	133,748
3	70001	-	75000	214,589
1	75001	-	80000	78,155
1	90001	-	95000	90,957
1	100001	-	105000	103,535
2	110001	-	115000	226,265
1	125001	-	130000	125,085
1	130001	-	135000	130,633
1	140001	-	145000	142,433
3	165001	-	170000	498,342
1	185001	-	190000	186,578
1	6560001	-	6565000	6,561,117
927				9,236,428

Sr. No.	Shareholders Category	No. of Shareholders	Shares Held	Percentage
1	Directors, Chief Executive Officer, and their spouse and minor children	14	604,824	6.49
2	Associated Companies, Undertakings and Related Parties	1	6,561,117	71.04
3	NIT and ICP	-	0	0.00
4	Banks, Development Financial Institutions, Non Banking Financial Institutions	2	91,017	0.99
5	Insurance Companies	4	132,476	1.43
6	Modarabas and Mutual Funds	1	220	0.00
7	General Public :			
	a. Local	875	1,822,720	19.79
	b .Foreign	-	0	0.00
8	Others	30	24,054	0.26
	Total:	927	9,236,428	100.00
	Shareholders holding 10% or more	1	6,561,117	71.04

The above two Statements include 549 shareholders holding 774,702 shares through Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited.

Investors' Education

In pursuance of SRO 924(1)/2015 dated September 9th, 2015 issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP), the following informational message has been reproduced to educate investors:







بورڈ آ فڈائر کیٹرزنے بورڈ کے 5 ممبران پرشتمل آپریشنز کمیٹی قائم کی ہے۔سال کے دوران آپریشنز کمیٹی کے 14جلاس منعقد ہوئے اوران میں حاضری درج ذیل رہی:

اجلاسول میں شرکت	ڈائر یکٹرٹائپ	کمیٹی میں کر دار	ڈائر <u>ک</u> یٹر کانام
4	نان ـ ايگزيکڻوڈ ائريکٹر	چيئر مين	مائیکل فرگوس اوری آرڈن
4	نان_ا مَيْز يَكِتُودُ ارْ يَكِتْر	ممبر	تانية جيگر ڈی فوراس
4	آ زاد ڈائر یکٹر	ممبر	طاہر جاوید
4	نان _ا مَكِز بَكِتُودُ ارْ يَكِتْر	ممبر	وصال اے۔منوں
4	ا يَّز يَكُودُ ارُ يَكُثْر	ممبر	حميرا عباز

شيئر مولدنك كاطريقه كار

شیئر ہولڈنگ کاطریقہ کار، بمطابق 31 دئمبر 2023 جو(کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورنینس)ریگولیشنز، 2019 کی شرائط کےمطابق اورشیئر ہولڈنگ کی تقسیم کے بارے میں اٹٹیٹمنٹ اس رپورٹ کے آخر میں ظاہر کیا گیا ہے۔

منافع منقسمه

سمپنی اب تک 3 بارعبوری منافع مقسمہ بشر 7507 فیصد، 750 فیصد اور 1,000 فیصد بالتر تیب ادا کر چکی ہے اوراب 1,000 فیصد کے حساب سے حتمی منافع منقسمہ تجویز کررہی ہے جس سے گل منافع منقسمہ اس سال 3,500 فیصد ہوجائے گا۔

الله تعالى جميل بيش آن والى آز مائشول سے سرخروہونے كى قوت عطافر مائے، آمين!

28 فروری 2024

منجانب بورڈ

حميراعجاز

چیفا گیزیکٹوومنیجنگ ڈائریکٹر

عادل سعيدخان

چف فنانشل آفیسر



انگریڈیان انکار پوریٹر،امریکا کمپنی کے اکثریتی شیئرز کی حامل ہے۔

آ ڈیٹرز

سبدو ق ہونے والے آڈیٹرزمیسرز کے پی ایم بی تاثیر ہادی اینڈ کمپنی، چارٹرڈا کا وَٹینٹس نے اہل ہونے کی بناء پرخودکود وبارہ تقرری کے لئے پیش کیا ہے۔ بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرزنے آڈٹ کیٹ کی سفارشات پرسال 2024 کے لئے میسرز کے پی ایم بی تاثیر ہادی اینڈ کمپنی، چارٹرڈا کا وَٹینٹس کی تقرری کیلئے تجویز پیش کی ہے۔

ىر آ ۋە ئىسىمىيىش

بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرزنے (کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورنینس)ریگولیشنز، 2019 پڑ عملدرآ مدی تحت بورڈ کے 5 ممبران پڑ شتمل ایک آڈٹ کمیٹی قائم کی ہے۔ سال کے دوران آڈٹ کمیٹی کی 4 ریگولراور 2 خصوصی میٹنگز منعقد کی گئی تھیں اوران میں شرکت درج ذمل کے مطابق تھی:

اجلاسول میں شرکت	ڈائر بکٹرٹائپ	سمیٹی میں کر دار	ڈائر ^ب یٹر کانام
2	آ زاد ڈائر یکٹر	چيئر مين (سابق)	وقاراحمرملک(26 جون 2023 کومنتعفی ہوئے)
6	نان _ا مگز مکٹوڈ ائر مکٹر	ممبر	ذ والفقارمنوں
4	نان _ا مگز مکٹوڈ ائر مکٹر	ممبر	تانىيە جىگرۇى فوراس
5	نان _ا مگز مکٹوڈ ائر مکٹر	ممبر	جیمز ڈی _گر _
1	نان _ا يگزيکڻوڈ ائريکٹر	ممبر(سابق)	مائکیل فرگوس اوری آرڈن
5	نان _ا مگز مکٹوڈ ائر مکٹر	ممبر	مارسل ہر گیٹ
2	آ زاد ڈائر یکٹر	چيئر مين	كامران يوسف مرزا

ہیومن ریسورس اینڈری میوزیشن کمیٹی

بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز نے بورڈ کے 5 درج ذیل ممبران پرشتمل ہیومن ریسورس اینڈری میوزیشن کمیٹی قائم کی ۔سال کے دوران کمیٹی کے 2اجلاس منعقد ہوئے اورشرکت درج ذیل رہی:

ا جلاسول میں شرکت	ڈائر <u>یکٹرٹائپ</u>	کمیٹی میں کر دار	ڈائر یکٹر کانام
2	آ زاد ڈائر <u>ک</u> یٹر	چيئز ملين	طاہر جاوید
2	ا گیزیکٹوڈائریکٹر	ممبر	حميرا عبازاحمر
1	نان۔ا یگزیکٹوڈائریکٹر	ممبر	مائیکل فرگوس اوری آرڈن (28 اپریل 2023 کو مقرر ہوئے)
1	نان۔ا یکزیٹوڈائریکٹر	ممبر	پیئر پیریزوائی لینڈازوری (2مارچ2023 کوستعفی ہوئے)
2	نان۔ا یکز یکٹوڈ ائر یکٹر	ممبر	تانيه جيگر ڈي فوراس
2	نان۔ا یگزیکٹوڈائریکٹر	ممبر	ايم _ عادل منول

بوردً آ ف ڈائر یکٹرز

بورد گیاره دائر یکٹرز پرمشمل ہے جودرج ذیل ہیں:

11	ڈائر یکٹرز کی مجموعی تعداد
10	<i>y</i>
1	خاتون

تشكيل

2	آ زادڈ ائر یکٹر ز
7	دیگرنان ۱ یگزیکٹوڈائز یکٹرز
2	ا يگزيڭۋۋائز يكثرز

بورڈ کے چیئر مین ایک نان ایگزیکٹوڈ ائر کیٹر ہیں۔تمام موجود ہ بورڈ ممبران کمپنی انفارمیشن میں اسائٹ ہیں۔تمام ڈائر کیٹرز (ماسوائے تین ڈائر کیٹرز) سرٹیفکیشن حاصل کر پچکے ہیں جیسا کہ کوڈ آف کار پوریٹ گورنینس(ریگولیشنز)2019 کی شقول کے تحت لازم ہے۔

بورڈ کے اجلاسوں میں شرکت

سال کے دوران بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کے 6اجلاس منعقلہ کئے گئے۔ان اجلاسوں میں ڈائر یکٹرز کی شرکت درج ذیل رہی:

اجلاسول میں نثر کت	ڈائر یکٹرٹائپ	ڈائز یکٹرز کانام
1	نان۔ا یکز یکٹوڈائر یکٹر	پیئر پیر بزوائی لینڈازوری (چیئر مین)(2مارچ2023 کوستعفی ہوئے)
6	نان۔ا یگز یکٹوڈ ائر یکٹر	مائيكِل فر گوس اورى آرڈن (2مارچ2023 كوچيئر مين كاعبده سنجالا)
5	ا نگزیکٹوڈائریکٹر	حميرا عباز
6	نان۔ا یگز یکٹوڈ ائر یکٹر	جیمز ڈی۔گرے
6	نان۔ا یگز یکٹوڈ ائر یکٹر	تانىية جيگر د ى فوراس
5	نان۔ا یگز یکٹوڈ ائر یکٹر	مارسل ہر گیٹ(2مارچ2023 کو بورڈ میں شامل ہوئے)
6	نان۔ا یگز یکٹوڈ ائر یکٹر	ذ والفقارمنول
6	نان۔ا یگز یکٹوڈ ائر یکٹر	ميان ايم _عادل منون
6	نان۔ا یگز یکٹوڈ ائر یکٹر	وصال ا ہے۔منوں
6	ا نگز یکٹوڈ ائر بکٹر	عادل سعيدخان
2	آ زاد ڈائر یکٹر	وقارا حمدملک (26 جون 2023 کو منتعنی ہوئے)
3	آ زاد ڈائر یکٹر	کا مران ایوسف مرزا (12 جولائی 2023 کو بورڈ میں شامل ہوئے)
6	آ زاد ڈائر یکٹر	طا هر جباوید

نان _ا يَكِزِيكُودْ اِبْرَيكُمْرِ زِبْشُمُولِ اِنْدَيبِيْدُ نِثْ دُّائِرَ يَكُمُّرِزَ كِمعَاوضِ كَي ياليسي

نان۔ا یکز کیٹوڈ ائر کیٹرز (ماسوائے ان کے جوانگریڈین کی نمائندگی کرتے ہیں)اورانڈ بیپڈنٹ ڈائر کیٹرز کواجلاسوں میں شرکت کے لیے معاوضہ اداکیا جاتا ہے۔معاوضے کا جم موزوں اور ذمہ داری ومہارت کے پیانے سے مطابقت رکھتا ہے تاکہ کمپنی کوکامیا بی کے ساتھ چلائے جانے کے ساتھ اس کی قدرو قیت میں بھی اضافے کو بیٹنی بنایا جائے۔

سميني كشيئرز ميںمنتقلياں

ڈائر کیٹرز،ا گیزیکٹوز،ان کے شریک حیات اور نابالغ بچول نے سال کے دوران کمپنی کے ٹیئر زمیں کوئی ٹرانز بیشنز نہیں کیں۔

گزشتہ 6 سالوں کے کلیدی آپریٹنگ اور مالیاتی ڈیٹا کی تفصیل درج ذیل ہے:

2018	2019 Restated	2020	2021	2022	2023		
29,564	35,261	35,873	42,610	58,756	65,467	روپے ملین میں	مجموعی فروخت
21,631	26,289	26,091	32,291	46,922	51,475	روپے ملین میں	فروخت كى لا گت
7,933	8,972	9,782	10,318	11,834	13,991	روپے ملین میں	مجموعي منافع
27	25	27	24	20	21	%	فروخت كافيصدي
6,811	7,750	8,519	8,987	10,128	12,502	روپے ملین میں	آ پریٹنگ منافع جات
23	22	24	21	17	19	%	فروخت كافيصدي
6,785	7,726	8,473	8,941	9,922	12,000	روپے ملین میں	منافع قبل ازئيكس
4,772	5,444	6,094	6,257	6,179	6,913	روپے ملین میں	منافع بعداز ثيكس
516.62	589.36	659.80	677.46	669.02	748.43	روپي	آ مدنی فی شیئر
3,925	3,925	4,618	6,465	3,233	3,002	روپے ملین میں	منافع منقسمه کی رقم
4,250	4,250	5,000	7,000	3,500	3,250	×	منافع منقسمه فيصدى
196	314	349	516	882	2,431	روپے ملین میں	كيپڻل اخراجات

ر بيبورس مينجمنٹ

ا گیری بزنس ڈپارٹمنٹ مشحکم زراعت پر کاشت کاروں میں شعوراور قابلیت پیدا کرنے کی ایک مہم کے ذریعے مستقل بنیادوں پر کوشاں ہے۔ ہماری فیلڈٹیم کے ساتھ اشتراکِ کاراور ہمارے سٹین ایمبلی اسپیشلسٹ کی سربراہی میں اس مہم کے ذریعے کاشت کاروں کو شخکم طریقہ کاراور پاکستان کے بدلتے ہوئے موسموں کے نتیجے میں مشکلات سے نمٹنے کیلئے جد پیاطر زعمل سے روشناس کرایا گیا۔ کاشت کاروں کی اسپیشلسٹ کی سربراہی میں اس مہم کے ذریعے کاشت کاروں کو شخکم طریقہ کاراور پاکستان کے بدلتے ہوئے موسموں کے نتیجے میں مشکلات سے نمٹنے کیلئے جد پیاطر زعمل سے روشناس کرایا گیا۔ کاشت کاروں کی اسپیشلسٹ کی سربراہی ہے۔

مون سون میں آنے والی موسم بہار کی فعملوں، افلاٹو کسین کی نشو ونما کے لئے حساسیت کے دوران در پیش چیلنجوں کو تتاہیم کرتے ہوئے ہم نے فصلوں کے بعد کے نقصانات اور جراثیمی آلودگی سے نمٹنے کے اقدامات کیے ہیں، ہماری آرائیڈڈی کی ٹیم نے بوالیس ڈی اے اوری ڈی آر آئی، اسلام آباد کے ساتھ اشتراک کارسے 2016 میں ایٹوکسی جینیک کمپیٹیٹو ایکسکلو ٹرن (ACE) لاگوکرنے کے ایک پروگرام کا استان کی دیگر فسلوں کے لئے ایک شاندار قدر وقیت کا آغاز کیا تھا۔ ہم مطلو بہا جازت ناموں کے قصول کے لئے ایک ٹوششیں جاری رکھے ہوئے ہیں۔ ایک باریہ پروگرام کمل ہوگیا تو ہمارا ایرا قدرام میظ اور پاکستان کی دیگر فسلوں کے لئے ایک شاندار قدر وقیت کا حال نامہ ہوگیا تھا۔

سرماىيكارى

آپی کمپنی نے کیپٹل سرمابیکاری کیلئے ایک انتہائی منظم حکمت عملی اپنار کھی ہے جس میں کاروباری فروغ، پیداواری لاگت میں بچت، پائیداری واستحکام، معیاراور ٹیکنالو ہی کو آپ گرنے کے ساتھ گلوبل ڈلیپمنٹس اور بینچی مارکس پر بھی توجہ دی گئی ہے۔صارف کی سروں اوراطمینان کوتر جیچے دیے ہوئے رفحان نے گزشتہ سال گی اہم سنگ میں بشمول توانائی میں بچت،سولرانر جی جزیثن اور کارکرد گی میں بہتری اور پر جیکٹس کی توسیع حاصل کی ۔ رفحان کی ٹیم جدید مینونینچی تگ اور نان مینونینچی تگ سہولتوں کو مزید بہتر بنانے اوراکٹھا کرنے کے لئے پُرعزم ہے جس کا مقصدا متیازی حیثیت اور بہترین منافع جات کا حصول

ملازمین کے ریٹائرمنٹ فنٹر کی سر مایپکاری کی قدرو قیمت

رفحان میظ اپنے ملاز مین کی قدر کرتا ہے۔ کمپنی تین ریٹا کرمنٹ بلان ،ایک ڈیفا سَٹر کنٹری بیوٹن (پراویڈنٹ فنڈ)اور دوڈیفا سَٹر بینفٹ پلانز (گریجویٹی اور سپراینیوایش) برقر ارر کھے ہوئے ہے۔ کمپنی نے ہر ایک فنڈ کیلئےٹرسٹ قائم کیا ہے اور بورڈ آفٹرسٹیز فنڈ ز کے امورسنجالنے کے ذمہ دار ہیں۔ تینول پلانز بکمل طور پرفنڈ ڈ ہیں اور فنڈ ز میں مجموعی سرماییکاری درج ذیل ہے:

2022	2023		
روں میں	روپے ہزا		
1,225,743	1,417,594	بمطابق 30 جون	پراویڈنٹ فنڈ
1,102,216	1,251,715	بمطابق 31 دسمبر	گریجو یٹی فنڈ
850,189	986,001	بمطابق 31 دسمبر	سپرانیوایش فنڈ

حفاظت ، صحت اور ماحولیات

''سب سے پہلے تحفظ' ہماری بنیادی قدر ہے اورتمام اسٹیک ہولڈرز کا تحفظ ہماری اولین ترجیج ہے۔ہم کسی کوبھی رتی برابر بھی نقصان نہ پنچنے کامائٹٹ سیٹ رکھتے ہیں، کسی بھی حاوثے یا باریک بنی سے جانچ پڑتال کی جاتی ہے اور سیفٹی کیٹریننگ دی جاتی ہے۔ ہاتا عدہ GEMBA واکس اور سیفٹی اقد امات ایک محفظ ماحول کو برقر اردر کھنے ہیں بھر پورمعاونت کرتے ہیں۔موثر اور پائیدار طریقہ کار کی ہماری موثر تو اور سیفٹی کی جنٹ کے بازے موٹر اور پائیدار طریقہ کار کی ہماری ہور کے لئے ہماری جاری کوششیں، پانی کی بچت، فضلے میں کی مجمز کاری کی مہم اور فضلے کی علیحد گی صحت منداور شفاف ماحول میں کام کریں۔ہم منتقل طور پراپنے پانی کے استعال اور کاربن کے اخراج کا جائزہ لیتے رہے ہیں اور فضلے کی کی، تو ان ان کی بچت اور سربز ماحول اور علاقوں کے فرخ کے میں میں اقدامات شروع کرر کھے ہیں۔

كار بوريك ساجي ذمه داري

رفحان میظ ساجی ذمہ داری کے خمن میں پوری طرح اپنے عزم پر کاربندر ہتے ہوئے صحت ،تعلیم ،مساوی صنفی حقوق ،ماحولیات اور کمیونگ کے فروغ میں بھر پورشراکت کررہا ہے ،ہمارامشن عام آدمی ، کا شتکاروں ، چھوٹے کاروباروں اور طبقات کے لئے مواقع پیدا کر کے ان کے معیار زندگی کو بہتر بنانا ہے۔

اس سال ہماری توجب سالب متاثرین کی بحالی کے ہمارے پروگرام کے فیز 11 پر رہی جس میں ہم نے کوٹری کے ایک دیہات دھنی بخش کی بحالی کیلئے اخوت فاؤنڈیشن کے ساتھ اشتراک کیا۔اس حوالے سے 37 مکانات تعمیر کر کے ان خاندانوں کے حوالے کیے گئے جنہوں نے سیالب کے دوران اپنے مکانات کھودیے تھے اوراس پروجیکٹ کوہم نے نومبر 2023 میں مکمل کیا تھا۔

آ گے بڑھتے ہوئے ہم اقوام متحدہ کے سٹین ایمل ڈیولپنٹ گولز (UNSDGs) بالخصوص صحت تعلیم اورخوا تین کو بااختیار بنانے کے پروگرام میں ان کی کوششوں کے ساتھ مجرپورشرا کت فراہم کررہے ہیں جس کے معاشرے پر شبت اثرات مرتب ہورہے ہیں۔

کاروباری خطرات، چیلنجز اور مستقبل کے امکانات

آنے والے سالوں میں ملک کیلئے گئی بحران در پیش آسکتے ہیں جیسا کہ آئی ایم ایف پروگرام کے فریم ورک کے اندررہ کر مالی انتخام کیلئے جدو جہد کرنا شامل ہے۔معاشی منظرنامہ عام انتخابات کے بعد سیاسی انتخام اور جاری اصلاحات سے جڑا ہے۔ چیلنجر بشمول ایک شخت معاشی صورتحال ،روپے کی قدر میں مستقل کمی اورتوانائی کے بڑھتے ہوئے اخراجات مستقل خطرات ہیں۔

ان چیلنجز کا سامنا کرتے ہوئے ہماری توجہ ہمل اور رواں آپریشنز ، بڑھتے ہوئے جم ، اخراجات پرکنٹرول ، افعال میں استحکام ، نرخوں کی معقولیت اورمستعدا فرادی قوت کے انتظام پر ہے۔ہم موثر طور پراپئی برآ مدات میں اضافے پر توجہ دیتے ہوئے ملک کے غیرملکی ذخائر میں بھر پورشرا کت کررہے ہیں۔

اجزاء کے ساتھ ہم آ ہنگی عالمی فلاسفی ہے اورہم بنیادی اقدار کو برقر ارر کھتے ہوئے تبدیلی کورائج کرنے ، مر بوط انداز میں کام کرنے اور ذمداری کوتر جج دیتے ہیں۔ رفحان مصنوعات کی سیفٹی ، کوالٹی اور ویلیوا ٹیرڈ سروسز کی فراہمی کے عزم پر کاربندرہے گا۔ ہمارامقصدتر تی یافتہ مارکیٹ کے رجحانات اورمعاثی استحکام میں شراکت کے ذریعے اپنی سرکردہ پوزیشن کو برقر اررکھناہے۔

مار جن کے دباؤ کے باوجود ہم پُرعز م ہیں اور ٹی پروڈ کٹس کے فروغ کے ساتھ ترتی وجدت طرازی پر توجہ دے رہے ہیں۔ ہمارا نقطہ نظر صارف کی ضروریات کو بھتا، فوری رئیل دینااورا پی کاروباری حکمت عملی کو متحکم انداز میں چلاتے ہوئے مسابقتی ربحان کو فروغ دیتا ہے۔ کرنسی کی قدر میں کمی اور ہڑھتے ہوئے اخراجات کے تناظر میں ہماراز ورقجم میں اضافے ، لاگت پر کنٹرول اور مستعداور فعال مینجنٹ پر ہے۔

ہم اپنے شیئر ہولڈرز کے غیرمتزلزل تعاون کیلئے دل سے شکرگزار ہیں،آپ کا ہماری کمپنی اور قیادت پراعتا د قابل قدر ہے۔رفحان ایک مضبوط بنیاد پرکھڑا ہےاور سنتقل کیلئے پائیدارگروتھ اورتمام چیلنجز کا سامنا کرنے کے لئے ہرطرح سے تیار ہے۔

كار پورىپ گورنينس

آپ کی ممپنی تمام اسٹینڈرڈزاورکارپوریٹ گورنینس کی تمام شرائط پوری کرنے سے مکمل آگاہ ہے۔ڈائر یکٹرز بمسرت آگاہ کرتے ہیں کہ آپ کی ممپنی (کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورنینس)ریگولیشنز، 2019 پر مکمل کاربند ہے۔کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورنینس پڑملدر آمدکا بیان صفحہ نمبر 28 پرورج کیا گیا ہے۔

کوڈ آ ف کارپوریٹ گورنینس کے تحت واضح امکانات اوراعتراضات

كار بوريث اور فنانشل ر پورٹنگ فريم ورك:

- الف) لعظ کمپنی کی انتظامیر کی جانب ہے تیار کئے گئے مالیاتی حسابات، تمام کاروباری امور،ان کے آپریشنز کے نتائج بیش فلوز اورا یکویٹی میں تبدیلیوں کوشفاف انداز میں پیش کرتے ہیں۔
- ب) لے مٹر سمپنی کے کھاتوں کی با قاعدہ بکس تیار کی گئی ہیں۔موزوں ترین اکاؤنٹنگ پالیسیوں کو مالیاتی حسابات اورا کاؤنٹنگ کے تخیینہ جات کی تیاری میں مستقل لا گوکیا جاتا ہے جومناسب اورمختاط فیصلوں پرمشتمل ہوتے ہیں۔
- ج) انٹرنیشنل فنانشل رپورٹنگ اسٹینڈ رڈ ز پرجیسا کہ پاکستان میں رائج ہیں، مالیاتی حسابات کی تیاری میں عمل کیا جاتا ہےاوراس سے کسی بھی رُوگردانی کی با قاعدہ اور مناسب انداز میں تشریح اور وضاحت کردی جاتی ہے۔
 - د) اندرونی کنٹرول کامشحکم نظام ڈیزائن کیا گیاہے اوراس پرمؤ نژعملدر آمدے ساتھ اس کی گرانی کی جاتی ہے؛ اور
 - ر) اس امر میں کسی قتم کے شکوک وشبهات نہیں کہ لیٹر کمپنی میں مستقل طور پرتر قی کرنے کی صلاحیت موجود ہے۔

ڈائر یکٹرز کی رپورٹ

ہم بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کی جانب سے بمسر ت 31 دیمبر 2023 کوفتم ہونے والے مالیاتی سال کیلئے سالا ندرپورٹ اورآ ڈٹ شدہ مالیاتی حسابات پیش کررہے ہیں۔ کاروباری صورتحال میں چیلنجز اورا کی غیر بھنی معاثی ماحول کے باوجود کمپنی نے شبت نتائج حاصل کے،ریو نیوتمام کاروباری شعبوں کی شراکت کے ساتھ 11 فیصد تک بڑھ گیا، کمپنی نے لاگت میں افراطِ زرکوموژ طور پرکٹرول کیا جس کے منتجے میں گزشتہ سال سے خالص آمدنی 12 فیصد تک بڑھ گئی۔مزید کلیدی اشار بےدرج ذیل میں بیان کیے گئے ہیں:

31 ديمبر	سالمختتمه			
2022	2023	مالياتی شائج		
۔وں میں	روپے ہزار		منافع جات اورمختص شده رقم منافع بعداز ئیکس	
6,179,385	6,912,778		منافع بعدازئيكس	
209,303	90,218		ملاز مین کی ریٹائرمنٹ کےفوائد کے حقیقی منافع جات/ (خسارے)	
15,749,429	18,905,368		غيرمختص شده منافع جو كهآ گے منتقل كيا گيا	
22,138,117	25,908,364			
			مختص شده رقومات	
1,385,464	692,732	(2021:بشرح1500 فيصد)	حتمى منا فع منقسمه 2022 بشر 7507 فيصد	
923,643	692,732	(2022:بشرح1000 فيصد)	پېلاعبوري منافع منقسمه 2023 بشر 7507 فيصد	
461,821	692,732	(2022:بشرح500 فيصد)	دوسراعبوری منافع منقسمه 2023 بشر 7507 فیصد	
461,821	923,643	(2022:بشرح500 فيصد)	تيسراعبورى منافع منقسمه 2023 بشرح1000 فيصد	
3,232,749	3,001,839			
18,905,368	22,906,525		غيرمخض شده منافع جات	
669.02	748.43		غیر مخص شده منافع جات آمدنی فی شیئر (روپے)	

كاروباري جائزه

سال 2023 میں پاکستان کوعکمین معاثی بحرانوں مثلاً بلندتر مہدگائی، پاک روپے کی قدر میں کمی، بلندتر پالیسی رمیٹس، سیاسی بے بیٹنی اور عالمی سطح پرمعاثی گراوٹ کا سامنا کرنا پڑا۔ان رکاوٹوں کے باوجود کمپنی نے نتائج میں بہتری ظاہر کی اور 6,913 ملین روپے کا منافع بعداز کیس حاصل کیا۔ یہ کارکرد گی بہتر سکز مکس، جدید ومنفر دسولوشنز، مناسب آپریشنل کارکرد گی اور پیداواری لاگت میں بچت کے اقدامات کی بدولت حاصل ہوئی۔

صنعتی کاروباری کارکردگی صنعتی اجزاء کیلیے طلب میں کی آنے کے سبب بے بیٹین کے باعث متاثر ہوئی۔ٹیکسٹائل سیٹر سے طلب توانائی کے بلندتر اخراجات اور بین الاقوامی طلب میں کمی آنے کی وجہ سے متاثر رہی۔پیپراورکوروگیشن کی طلب منتحکم رہی جس کی وجہ پیکیجنگ کی بڑھتی ہوئی کھیت ہے مدوملنا تھا۔

مہنگائی کی دجہ سےصارفین کی قوت خریدکو بھی چیلنجز کا سامنار ہااور ہمار بے فوڈ کے اجزاء کی طلب میں کی آئی۔ دوسری طرف کنٹیکشنری، فوڈ پروسینگ، آئس کریم، کیچ آپ،سوپس،اسٹل ڈرئس، فار ماسیوٹیکز اور بیکنگ نے لچک کامظاہرہ کیا۔ جانوروں کی خوراک کی اشیاء کی طلب بھی پولٹری، لائیواسٹاک اورا یکواکلچر کے شعبوں سے برقرار رہی جس کی وجہ پولٹری کی طلب میں اسٹحکام اوفیش فارمنگ کا فروغ ہے۔

رفحان میظ کی توجہ بنیادی کاروباروں کو شخکم کرنے ،نئ اشیائے خورد نی بالخصوص آسیشلٹی اجزاء کیلئے مارکیٹنگ صلاحیتوں میں اضافے اور برآ مدات بڑھانے پر ہے۔ کمپنی ماٹی پل مارکیٹوں میں برآ مدات کےساتھ اپنی علاقائی پوزیشن مضبوط بنارہی ہے تاکہ تو می خزانے کیلئے غیر ملکی زرمبادلہ کمانے میں اپنی بھر پورشرا کت کرسکے۔

ب_و بریشنز

مارکیٹ لیڈرشپ کی اپنی روایت کو برقر اررکھتے ہوئے رفحان اپنے معزز صارفین کیلئے جدیداور با کفایت مصنوعات کی فراہمی پرتوجہ مرکوز کیے ہوئے ہے۔ ہمارے پاکستان آپریشنز کی ٹیم کی ترجیح توانائی کو بچانے ، ماحولیات کے تحفظ اورکام کرنے کے محفوظ ماحول کو بیٹنی بناتے ہوئے تیاری کے ممل کو منظم بنانے پر ہے، کنٹریکٹرٹر اور ملاز بٹن کے درمیان روابط پر ذوروسے ہوئے ہمارا ہدف ملکی اور بیرونی دونوں صارفین کی توقعات پر پورا اُتر نااور اپنے شیئر ہولڈرز کے لئے سرمایے کاری پر مشخصم منافع جات کا حصول ہے، کلیدی کا میابیاں بشمول مستعدمینوفین کچرنگ کی سہولت کا استعال ، کا میاب رویوں پر مخصر سیفٹی اقد امات ، مستقل بہتری کے پر دھیکٹس کی بچمیل ، توانائی بچانے کے پر دھیکٹس کا آغاز ، بلند ترین فرسٹ پاس کمپلائنس اور بہتر قدر وقیت کی حال نگر پر دؤکٹس کا فروغ ہے۔

چيئر مين كاجائزه

میں بمسرت رفحان میظ پروڈ کٹس کمپنی لمیٹڈ کی کارکردگی کا جائزہ اور اپنے اغراض ومقاصداور اہداف کے حصول کے لئے بورڈ کی جانب سے ادا کیے جانے والے کٹھن کر دار کے بارے میں جائزہ پیش کرر ہاہوں۔

سال 2024 کیلئے پاکستان کی ترقی میں آئی ایم ایف کی جانب سے حالیہ کی کی پیشنگو ئی اقتصادی چیلنجوں کی نشاندہ ہی کرتی ہے جس میں ہدنی اصلاحات کی ضرورت پر زور دیا گیا ہے۔انتہائی کھن سیاسی اور معاشی چیلنجز ، مہنگائی کے ساتھ پاک روپے کی قدر میں کمی صارفین کی خریداری کی طلب کو متاثر کرتی ہے تا ہم عالمی اقتصادی منظرنامہ بہترنظر آتا ہے۔اسٹیٹ بینک آف پاکستان نے پالیسی ریٹ کو 22 فیصد تک بڑھا کر مہنگائی پر قابو پایا۔ چیلنجوں کے باوجود ہم پاکستان کی معیشت کے اُ مجرنے کی قوت کے بارے میں پُر امید ہیں اور بحالی کی تو قع رکھتے ہیں۔

اس بحرانی مدت کے دور میں بورڈ نے نہایت اہم کر دارا داکیا اور 11 فیصد کی متاثر کن ریونیوگروتھ کی فراہمی اور کمپنی کی سرکر دہ پوزیشن کو برقر اررکھا۔ کمپنی نے 65.4 ارب رویے کا شاندار ریونیو حاصل کیا۔اس فعال ومتحرک ایروچ سے مہنگائی کے اثر ات کم کرنے میں معاونت ملی اور 12 فیصد کی بوٹم لائن گروتھ حاصل ہوئی۔

ہم موجودہ چیلنجز سے گزرتے ہوئے اپنی کاروباری صلاحیت کے بارے میں پُر اعتاد ہیں۔ایک مشحکم اورمنظمانتظا می ٹیم اورایک تجربہ کار بورڈ کے ساتھ ہم پائیدار گروتھ،موزوںاسٹریٹیجک توسیع ،شیئر ہولڈرکیلئے بہتر ویلیواور کمپنی کی مجموعی کارکردگی میںاضافے کیلئے بہترین اقدامات بروئے کارلاتے رہیں گے۔

میں بورڈ کے تمام ممبران کوان کی جاری رہنمائی وسر پرستی کیلئے اُن کاشکر بیادا کرتا ہوں۔ان کی وسیع تر معلومات، مہارت اور قابلیت سے استفادہ کرتے ہوئے بورڈ مستقل طور پر کمپنی کے کاروباراور حکمت عملی کا جائزہ لیتا ہے اور کلیدی شعبوں اور معلومات مثلًا اسٹ بیسے سے منصوبہ بندی، وسائل کے موزوں استعال، مالیاتی کارکردگی، ٹیلنٹ مینجمنٹ اور آپریشنل صلاحیتوں کے بارے میں ان سے مشاورت کی جاتی ہے۔ میں ایک اور شتحکم سال کے حصول کے ممن میں بورڈ کی شراکت پر انہیں خراج تحسین پیش کرتا ہوں۔

28 فروری 2024

سهم انگیل فرگوس اوری آرڈن هائگیل فرگوس اوری آرڈن چیئرین

REQUEST FORM FOR DIVIDEND MANDATE (MANDATORY)

I wish the cash dividend declared by the Company, if any, be directly credited in my bank account, instead of issue of dividend warrant(s). My Bank Account details are as under:

	Shareholder's Details																
Name of Shareholder																	
Folio/CDC Part. Id. No.																	
Title of Bank Account (Name)																	
Bank Account Number (IBAN*)	P	K															
Bank's Name																	
Branch Name and Address																	
Cell / Landline number																	
CNIC/NICOP/NTN/Passport No.																	

(Please affix company stamp in case of corporate entity)

* Please provide complete IBAN (24 digits), after checking with your concerned bank branch.

In case of **Physical shareholders**, the form may be sent to Shares Registrar at the following address:

M/s FAMCO Share Registration Services (Pvt.) Ltd. Shares Registrar: Rafhan Maize Products Co. Ltd. 8-F, Near Hotel Faran, Nursery, Block-6, PECHS, Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi. Tel.No.021-34380101-05 & 34384621-23 (Ext.104)

E-mail: info.shares@famcosrs.com

The CDC Shareholders will send the above particulars to their respective stock brokers.

Signature of Shareholder

Request Form for Hard Copy of Annual Audited Financial Statements

Date:	_
I/We	request that a hard copy of the Annual
Financial Statements along wi	th notice of general meetings be sent to me through post.
My/our particulars in this respe-	ct are as follows:
Folio/CDC A/c No.	
Postal Address:	
e-mail Address:	
Contact No.:	
CNIC No.	
Signature	

The form may be sent directly to Shares Registrar or Company Secretary at the following addresses:

Company Contact:

Mr. Mustafa Kamal Zuberi Chief Legal Officer & Company Secretary Rafhan Maize Products Co. Limited, Rakh Canal East Road, Faisalabad. Tel.No.041-8540121 – Ext.226 & 348 E-mail: corporate@rafhanmaize.com

Shares Registrar:

Mr. Nadeem Amjad M/s FAMCO Share Registration Services (Pvt.) Ltd. 8-F, Near Hotel Faran, Nursery, Block-6, PECHS, Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi. Tel. No. 021-34380101-05 & 34384621-23 (Ext.104) E-mail:info.shares@famcosrs.com

Proxy Form

135th General Meeting (Annual Ordinary)

The Company Secretary, Rafhan Maize Products Co. Limited, Rakh Canal East Road, Faisalabad.

I/WeS/W	/D of
R/o	
being shareholder(s) of Rafhan Maize Products Co. Limit	ted hereby appoint Mr./Mrs
S/W	/D of
R/o	or failing him
Mr./MrsS/W/	D of
R/ovote for me/us and on my/our behalf at the 135th General held on Monday, April 22, 2024 at 3:00 p.m. at the Faisalabad and/or at any adjournment thereof.	al Meeting (Annual Ordinary) of the Company to be
Signed thisday of	2024
	Affix Revenue Stamp of Rs.50/-
Signature of Proxy	Signature of Shareholder
	Folio/CDC A/c Part. ID. No
No. of Shares held	Shareholder CNIC No
Witness I:	Witness II:
Signature	Signature
Name:	Name:
CNIC#	CNIC#
Address:	Address:
NOTES:	

- a) This Form of Proxy, duly completed and signed across a revenue stamp, must be deposited at the Company's Registered Office not less than 48 hours before the time of holding the meeting.
- b) Shareholders or their Proxies should bring their original valid CNIC or original valid Passport for their Identification. CDC shareholders should also bring their Participant's ID Number and their Account Number.
- c) In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature shall be submitted (unless it has been provided earlier) along with proxy form to the Company.



The Company Secretary, Rafhan Maize Products Co. Limited, Rakh Canal East Road, Faisalabad.

براكسي فارم

135 وال اجلاسِ عام (سالانه عمومی)

دى تىمپنى سىكىر يىڑى، رفحان ميظ پراڙ ڪڻس ڪمپني کميڻڙ، ركھ كينال ايسٹ روڙ ، فيصل آبا د ـ

يں/ ہم	يبوى/ بيٹا/ بيٹي	ساكن		بحثیت شیئر ہولڈر(ز)
إبت رفحان ميظ رباد نكش تمينى لمديط	ئے بذریعہ ہذا جناب امحرّمہ	·	_ بیوی/ بیٹا/ بیٹی	
ىا كن				یان کی عدم دستیا بی پر
جناب <i>امحتر</i> مه	يوى/ بيٹا/ بيٹی		ساكن	
			کو بحثیت برائسی مقرر کبا ب	ہے جومیری/ ہاری جگہ پر نمپنی کے
)منعقدہ کمپینی کے ہیڈ آفس،ر کھ کینال ایسٹ رہ			
کر کے ووٹ ڈال سکے گا/گی۔				
بتاریخ آج بابت	2024			
			-/50ر کار یو نیواسٹیمب	
یرائسی کے دستخط سے مستخط		شیئر ہولڈر کے دستخط	رستخط	
·			سى ا كا ئۇنٹ پارٹ آئى ڈىنمبر	
موجودشيئرز کی تعداد		شيئر ہولڈر کاسی این	اینآ ئیسی نمبر	
گواه نمبرا:		گواه نمبر۲:		
يسخط		<u>.</u>		
نامنام		ام		
كمپيوٹرا ئز ڈقومی شناختی كار ڈنمبر_		ا ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ) شناختی کارڈنمبر	
~ *				

- - کار پوربیٹ ادار سے کی صورت میں بورڈ آف ڈائز بکٹرز کی قرار داد/ پاورآ ف اٹارنی معنمونہ دستی کے گئے)۔

استمپ چسپال کریں

کمپنی سیرٹری، رفحان میظ پراڈ کٹس کمپنی کمیٹڈ، رکھ کینال ایسٹ روڈ، فیصل آباد۔



